

## Typical design parameters for commonly used activated-sludge processes<sup>a</sup>

Process Name	Type of Reactor	SRT, days	F:M kg BOD/kg MLVSS-d	Volumetric Loading		MLSS, mg/L	Hydraulic detention time, hrs	RAS % of Influent <sup>e</sup>
				lb BOD/1000 ft <sup>3</sup> -d	kg BOD/m <sup>3</sup> -d			
High-rate aeration	Plug flow	0.5 - 2	1.5 - 2.0	75 - 150	1.2 - 2.4	200 - 1000	1.5 - 3	100 - 150
Contact stabilization	Plug flow	5 - 10	0.2 - 0.6	60 - 75	1.0 - 1.3	1000 - 3000 <sup>b</sup>	0.5 - 1 <sup>b</sup>	50 - 150
						6000 - 10000 <sup>c</sup>	2 - 4 <sup>c</sup>	
High-purity oxygen	Plug flow	1 - 4	0.5 - 1.0	80 - 200	1.3 - 3.2	2000 - 5000	1 - 3	25 - 50
Conventional plug flow	Plug flow	3 - 15	0.2 - 0.4	20 - 40	0.3 - 0.7	1000 - 3000	4 - 8	25 - 75 <sup>f</sup>
Step feed	Plug flow	3 - 15	0.2 - 0.4	40 - 60	0.7 - 1.0	1500 - 4000	3 - 5	25 - 75
Complete mix	CMAS	3 - 15	0.2 - 0.6	20 - 100	0.3 - 1.6	1500 - 4000	3 - 5	25 - 100 <sup>f</sup>
Extended aeration	Plug flow	20 - 40	0.04 - 0.10	5 - 15	0.1 - 0.3	2000 - 5000	20 - 30	50 - 150
Oxidation ditch	Plug flow	15 - 30	0.04 - 0.10	5 - 15	0.1 - 0.3	3000 - 5000	15 - 30	75 - 150
Batch decant	Batch	12 - 25	0.04 - 0.10	5 - 15	0.1 - 0.3	2000 - 5000 <sup>d</sup>	20 - 40	NA
Sequencing batch reactor	Batch	10 - 30	0.04 - 0.10	5 - 15	0.1 - 0.3	2000 - 5000 <sup>d</sup>	15 - 40	NA
Countercurrent aeration system (CCAS)	Plug flow	10 - 30	0.04 - 0.10	5 - 10	0.1 - 0.3	2000 - 4000	15 - 40	25 - 75 <sup>f</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Adapted from WEF (1998); Crites and Tchobanoglous (1998)

<sup>b</sup>MLSS and detention time in contact basin

<sup>c</sup>MLSS and detention time in stabilization basin

<sup>d</sup>Also used at intermediate SRTs

<sup>e</sup>Based on average flow

<sup>f</sup>For nitrification, rates may be increased by 25 to 50%

NA = not applicable