**PSEUDOEPIDALEA BRONGERSMAI** (Brongersma's Toad).


**Fig. 1.** Dry metamorph of *Pseudoepidalea brongersmai*, partially eaten on the head and right foreleg (arrow).

**Fig. 2.** Arctosa sp. (Family: Lycosidae).
Most of the reports are from tropical areas where large species of spiders occur (Barej et al. 2009. Herpetol. Notes 2:137–139; Maffei et al. 2010, op. cit.), while similar observations in desert areas are lacking, although large species of spiders occur there.


A dry stream north of Marrakech (Skour-rehamna, 32.493030°N, 7.908570°W) was searched for amphibians on 2 May 2010. Numerous recently metamorphosed _P. brongersmali_ were detected under rocks and plastic debris, and 17 were collected and photographed against a grid paper (18.4 ± 3.6 mm SVL). In addition, one dry metamorph with signs of having been partially eaten by a spider (Fig. 1) was found in a spider (Lycosidae, _Arctosa_ sp.; Fig. 2) burrow. Although we did not see the spider eating the toad, the association of the dead toad to other dry insect remnants typical of spider feeding, together with the wounds on the body, suggests predation. To our knowledge this is the first report of predation of _P. brongersmali_ by a spider, providing new information on the predators and on the juvenile stage of this species.

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