/	AFFECT & EFFECT	lf you are	
	<b>AFFECT</b> is a <b>verb</b> , meaning to have an impact on / to make a difference to.	struggling with this, \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	<b>EFFECT</b> can be a verb, but is most commonly used as a <b>noun</b> , meaning a change which is a result of an action.	word with another verb - if it works, it probably should	
	1. We need to study the of drug use amongst teens.  2. The children were clearly by their parents' divorce	be affect.	7
	2. The children were clearly by their parents' divorc	e.	<b>/</b>
	3. Your credit score will your chances of getting a m	ortgage with us.	/
	4. You must understand that your words have an on	your younger brother.	

me in ways I hadn't anticipated.

# BARE & BEAR BARE as a verb means to uncover and expose to view. as an adjective means to be naked, or exposed / simple / without addition. BEAR as a verb means to carry / to support / to endure. as a noun means a large mammal with fur which walks on the soles of his feet. 1. I am really not sure I can \_\_\_\_\_\_ losing to Dan once again. and covered in a thin layer of snow.

**5.** The poignant movie clearly had an \_\_\_\_\_ on the students.

**6.** That documentary last night

7 WOR	1. I am really not sure I	can losing to Dan one	ee again.	
Some	2. I love winter when the		ed in a thin layer of snow.	
	3. Our teacher dared to _	her soul to the class;	we were all shocked.	
mks wi	<b>4.</b> The	trundled through the camp; I was so sca	red: I couldn't	it!
the blo	5. Last week when we we	_ trundled through the camp; I was so sca ent camping we took only the	essentials with us.	
2.	6. Last night Ben	his chest to show us his sca	r from heart surgery.	

# WHETHER & WEATHER

**WHETHER** is a **conjunction** which expresses doubt or choice between alternatives.

**WEATHER** 

as a **noun** meaning the state of the atmosphere as it relates to rain, heat, cold, wind etc. as a **verb** which means to change appearance due to exposure to the elements  $\prime$  come safely through (a storm).

— Safety through (a storm).				
<b>1.</b> I am not sure	_ I will be able to make the game because of the			
🖁 <b>2.</b> Luckily, Jenny managed to	the worst of the controversy.			
💃 <b>3.</b> Mr. Trellis could not decide	he should stay or just leave without her.			
💈 <b>4.</b> The old man's skin was	and rough from years of working outside.			
5. The extreme	_ did not make her decision any easier.			
<b>6.</b> Your ability to see her will depe				
3. Mr. Trellis could not decide  4. The old man's skin was  5. The extreme  6. Your ability to see her will depe				

# ACCEPT & EXCEPT

**ACCEPT** is a **verb**, meaning to receive something with consent / to come to recognize something as valid.

**EXCEPT** can be used as a **preposition**, meaning *not including or other than.* can be used as a **conjunction** a statement which forms an exception.

the fact that I just don't wa	nt to study Engineering.	         
Tom's invitation to dinner	if he apologized.	! !
<b>3.</b> I love all types of chocolate, ones with nuts in them. <b>4.</b> The boys would never him as one of their own until he made an effort.		
him as one of their own u	intil he made an effort.	
ere condolences on the passing o	f your uncle.	1
the proposal,	Jerome.	
	Tom's invitation to dinner ones with nuts in the him as one of their own the condolences on the passing of	ere condolences on the passing of your uncle.

#### DISCRETE & DISCREET

**DISCRETE** is an **adjective** meaning to be individually separate and distinct.

**DISCREET** is an **adjective** meaning to be cautious and careful about one's actions in order to avoid causing offence, or to gain an advantage.

Ι.		
thinks +-	1. You will need to be about the	he situation when you interview him.
) JANO	$\S$ <b>2.</b> The wool is made from fibe	rs which are woven together.
4h 4h	3. Although he was characterisiteally rude, in the	at moment he was remarkably
anto wi	<b>4.</b> The proposal contains at least five	phases and events.
the by	<b>4.</b> The proposal contains at least five	when it comes challenging situations.
Z.	6. The meetings took place in	groups across the city.

#### PROSCRIBE & PRESCRIBE

PROSCRIBE is a verb which means to forbid, especially by law.

PRESCRIBE is a verb which means to recommend, or advise the use of (medicine or treatment) for someone.



1. Gambling was strictly	by the department of tourism.
$\frac{8}{8}$ <b>2.</b> The psychiatrist wanted to	rest, but she knew he wouldn't be happy about it.
3. Yesterday the doctor	an extremely expensive remedy for my condition.
<b>3.</b> Yesterday the doctor	the practice of hazing amongst the seniors.
<b>5.</b> Marriage is often	as a remedy for unhappiness, and a cure for loneliness.
$\stackrel{\stackrel{\cdot}{\stackrel{\cdot}}}{=}$ <b>6.</b> The government's mandate will _	and even criminalize hate speech.

#### COMPLEMENT & COMPLIMENT

**COMPLENET** can be a **noun**, meaning a thing that completes or brings to perfection. can be a **verb**, meaning to add to something in a way that improves it.

**COMPLIMENT** can be a **noun**, meaning a polite expression of praise. can be a **verb**, meaning to politely congratulate or praise.

1. I like to	my students wh	en they produce good w	ork.
§ 2. They both decided	to wear blue to the dance	e, in order to	each other.
🚆 <b>3.</b> I had a full	of spades in my hand of cards.		
<b>3.</b> I had a full <b>4.</b> Flattering <b>5.</b> Ken's father stopp	can be used to	o persuade people to do	what you want.
<b>5.</b> Ken's father stopp	ed by his room to	him on his	performance in the ballet.
<u>-</u>	as a perfect	to my talent with	n words.

#### ALLOWED & ALOUD

**ALLOWED** is a **verb (past tense)** meaning admitted as legal or acceptable / to be given permission for something.

**ALOUD** is an **adverb** meaning *spoken audibly, not silently or in a whisper.* 

4

:t word.	1. My father wept	as he read th	le letter from my mot	her.
2	<b>2.</b> As children we were never	to	speak	at the dinner table.
h the	<ul><li>3. Smoking was definitely not a</li><li>4. I absolutely detest having to</li><li>5. As Gina was grounded, she</li></ul>	0	n the premises.	
anks wi	4. I absolutely detest having to	sing	in front of large	crowds.
the blo	5. As Gina was grounded, she	was not	to attend the	dance that night.
	6. Speaking			g the examination.

### ASSURE, INSURE & ENSURE

**ASSURE** is a **verb** meaning to tell someone something positively or confidently to dispel any doubts they may have.

**INSURE** is a **verb** meaning to arrange for compensation in the even of damage, death or loss.

**ENSURE** is a **verb** meaning to make certain that something will occur or be the case.



n again.
orced.

## EMINENT & IMMINENT

**EMINENT** is an **adjective**, meaning famous and respected within a certain profession or sphere / used to emphasize the presence of a positive quality.

**IMMINENT** is an **adjective**, meaning about to happen.

t word.		ed in the wave, blissfully u	naware of the	danger.
correc	2. The school is busy p	reparing for the	professor's	arrival.
with the	<b>3.</b> d	omain laws were a contro	versial topic in the electio	ns.
anks wi	L. The CEO refused to a	accept the fact that bankr	uptcy was	·
the blo	<b>5.</b> Matilda's father's	arrival	was foremost on her mind	
Z.	<b>3.</b> The	writer spent countless	hours anticipating her up	coming book launch.

#### PRINCIPLE & PRINCIPAL

**PRINCIPLE** is a **noun** meaning a fundamental truth or idea for a belief system or chain of reasoning.

**PRINCIPAL** can be used as an **adjective** meaning *most important*.

can be used as a **noun** meaning the person with the most authority in an organization.

			changing schools was the lack of art at her previous school.
()			into his office to discuss her religious
th the	3.	In, it is a good	idea; I just don't think that the client will go for it.
nks wit	4.	Justin Bieber will tour all of the	cities in Asia this year.
the blo	5.	In, it is a good Justin Bieber will tour all of the _ She built her life on the	that all people were inherently good.
			ember of the insurance policy.

#### ELICIT & ILLICIT

**ELICIT** is a **verb** meaning to evoke or draw out (a response, answer) from someone in response to one's own actions or questions.

is an adjective which means forbidden by law, rules or customs.

•	LLIOII	
1 Word	1. The new state laws aim to clamp down on the	trafficking of drugs.
correc	2. She deliberately said unkind things in an attempt to _	a response from him.
h the	<b>3.</b> The teacher tried to use slang in order to	some laughter from her students.
anks wi	<b>4.</b> The evidence was obtained during an	_ search of the premises.
the blo	<b>4.</b> The evidence was obtained during an	specific details from the politician.
z. =	6. Financial incentives and rewards can	better results from students.

ou know how I remember this? A

PAL is a person!

#### STATIONARY & STATIONERY

**STATIONARY** is an **adjective**, meaning *not moving*, or not intended to be moved.

**STATIONERY** is a **noun**, meaning writing materials such as writing paper and envelopes.

I remember this by
remembering that
envelopes' starts with an
e', and so thats how you
spell stationery.

his by 1 that s with an 5 how you nery.	
hway.	

<b>1.</b> Traffic was backed up because of a car in the middle of the highway							
2. Teacher have a strange and overwhelming love of new							
3. Not many countries have a	population: most have a growing population.						
<b>4.</b> I hate using bikes in th	ne gym; I would much rather be on the road.						
<b>4.</b> I hate using bikes in the she was greeted by the she was	y a mysterious pile of on her porch.						
$\stackrel{\mathbb{S}}{=}$ <b>6.</b> The bird remained in the	he air for a surprising amount of time.						
IMPLY & INFER							
MPLIQUER							
<b>IMPLY</b> is a <b>verb</b> meaning to strongly suggest the truth or existence of something not expressly stated.							
<b>INFER</b> is a <b>verb</b> meaning to deduce or conclude (information) from evidence and reasoning rather than from explicit statements.							
1. My father went on to that	t my poor grade were because I hadn't worked very hard.						
2. From the way Jane was speaking, Tom could that she was angry.  3. Yesterday, Mrs. Jones' stern words that we were all pushing her over the edge at James that he needed help when he looked at me with that expression.  5. I was deeply offended by the way she that I was manipulative.							
				6. From their fancy clothes and cars, we cou	uld that they were clearly wealthy.		

# ADVERSE & AVERSE

**ADVERSE** is an adjective meaning preventing success or development; harmful; unfavorable.

AVERSE is an adjective meaning having a strong dislike of or opposition to something.

AVEIGE is an asjective meaning naving a strong distinct of or opposition to something.						
1. I am not a risk-taker	; I am deeply	to uncertainty and ch	ange.			
<b>2.</b> The baseball game was canceled due to		weather condition	ons.			
<b>3.</b> All of the press had an effect on his popularity, and he lost the election.						
4. I would not be to going on a date with him if he asked.						
$\frac{3}{2}$ <b>5.</b> The protesters prese	nted	opinions on the matter, and limited progress.				
<sup>≤</sup> <b>6.</b> I am	to vegetables, even though they have no		effects on me.			