



An Instructional Framework for Learning the TED Talk ideas Adapting CLIL Approach

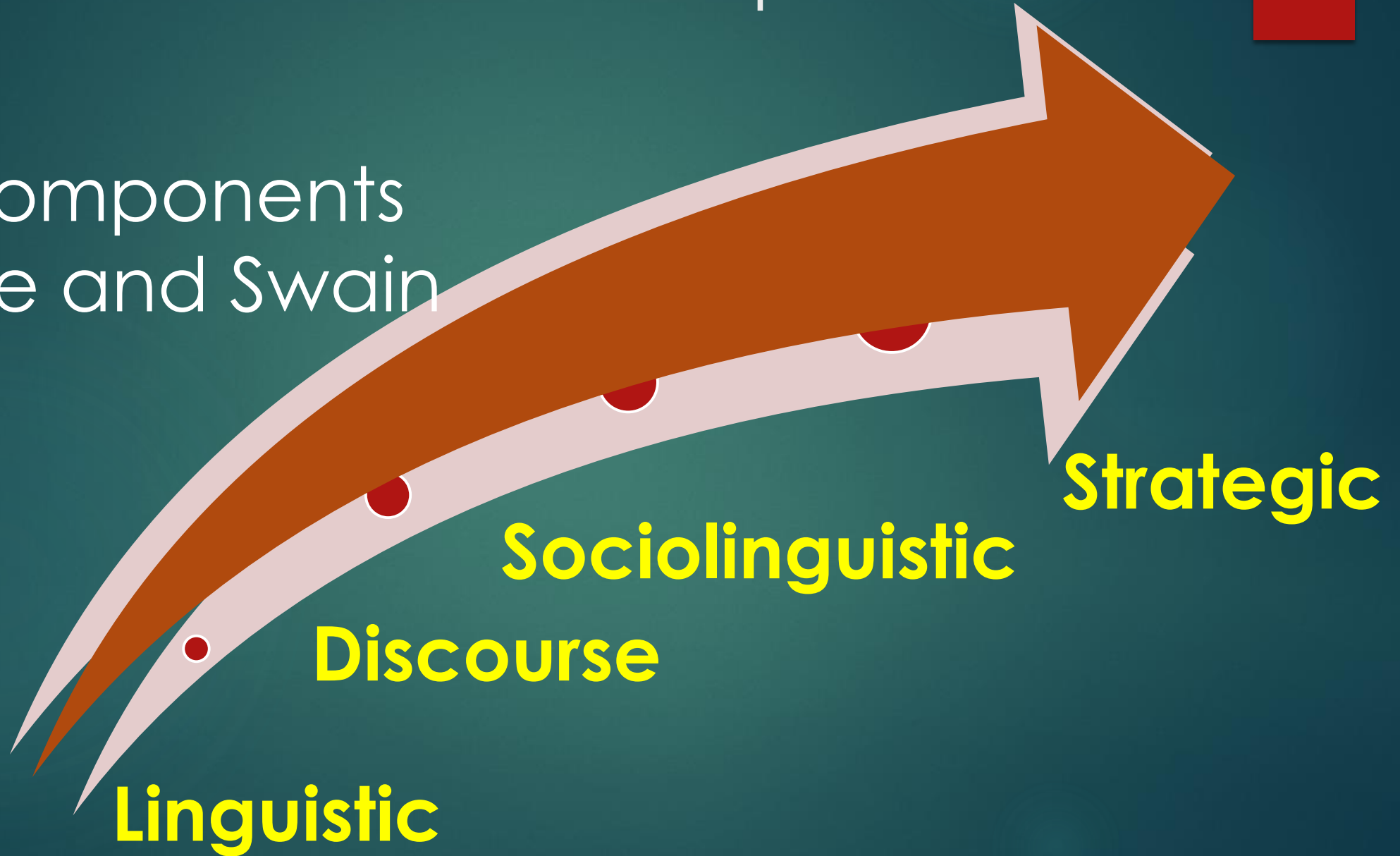
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Educational reforms

- ▶ The MEXT (2017)
- ▶ Proclaimed three academic dispositions to be nurtured,
 - 1) developing academic mindsets, envisioning one's own lifelong learning;
 - 2) establishing solid subject knowledge;
 - 3) developing cognitive, evaluative, and expressive skills.

Communicative competence

Four components
Canale and Swain
(1980)



Other claims regarding communicative competency

- ▶ The competence is context-dependent and culturally sensitive.
- ▶ e.g., in a business meeting, job interview, exhibition.
- ▶ e.g., the way of language use is different across cultures and purposes (Connor, 1996 for *Contrastive rhetoric*; Martin & Rose, 2008 for *genre relations*; Swales, 1991 for *discourse community*)

So what do we know so far?

- ▶ These prove that there is no fixed sets of communicative competence universally applicable in every context.
- ▶ Linguistic knowledge alone does not guarantee one's communicative efficacy, and one cannot progress the skills independently from other social skills.
- ▶ Communicative efficacy does encompass other domains that should be developed through real social interactions.

From text-centered to practice-oriented

- ▶ Completeness and accuracy
- ▶ Texts over context
- ▶ Vocabulary, grammar, and conventions
- ▶ Sociolinguistic competence
- ▶ Context and culture
- ▶ Language & Communication skills

Placing oral presentation as situated learning practice

- ▶ “The concept of practice connotes doing, but not just doing in and of itself. It is doing in a historical and social context that gives structure and meaning to what we do. In this sense, practice is always *social practice*.” (Wenger, 1998)
- ▶ Wenger for practice-based social learning theory;

Integration of TED Talks

- ▶ Oral presentation skills as one of the most beneficial skills.
- ▶ The practice is pervasive, and ubiquitously done in politics, businesses, or religious and cultural rituals.

The study

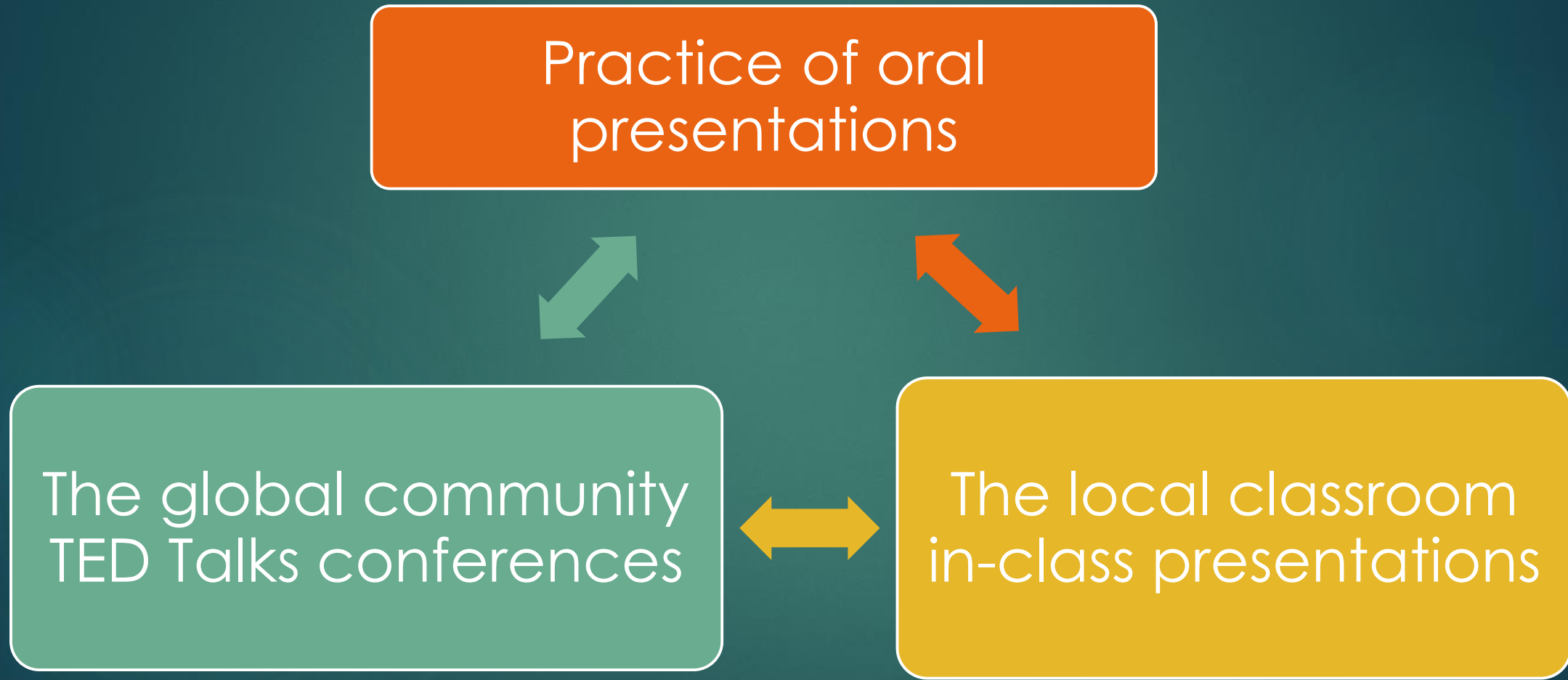
- ▶ The participants: 17 university students (15 sophomores and 2 seniors), learning in the humanities course at Japanese university.
- ▶ Varied English levels; 200 ~ 600 scores on the TOEIC.
- ▶ Two 30-week courses, held once a week throughout the academic year.
- ▶ *Keynote 2* (Bohlke, 2016) and *21st Century Reading*:
- ▶ *Creative Thinking and Reading with TED Talks* (Longshaw & Blass, 2015).

Rationale of the study



- ▶ Intellectual content learning can provide students with feeling of a sense of progress in their own acquisition of both content and language (Cumming & Lyster, 2016)
- ▶ Through accessing the TED Talk videos, the local classroom was connected to the communicative practice in the global community.
- ▶ The students could take ideas and presentation skills from the TED Talk speakers, through which they use them in their presentations in local contexts.

Global-local connections



American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages

- ▶ Three communication areas are described:
- ▶ Interpersonal
- ▶ Interpretive
- ▶ Presentational

Motivational learning

- ▶ When EFL learners have high motivation to realize what they want to achieve (*their possible self*) and been offered a pathway to achieve their goals, they willingly put their efforts (Ushioda & Dörnyei, 2009).
- ▶ When they connected their interests to their learning, they increased their motivation.
- ▶ It was evidenced that most students did not link their motivation directly to *learning language itself*.
- ▶ Rather, it was *intriguing content and essential skills* that sparked motivation, which are other than language itself.

Concluding comments

- ▶ Giving oral presentations acted as a powerful motivational engine for learning, but to present in the class, linguistic knowledge was indispensable component in that it may have facilitated language learning as well.
- ▶ By connecting students' learning to actual communicative practice in the global community, TED Talks, this study provided a new way of applying CLIL approach.