Acts

Chapter 1

2. According to Acts 1:2-3, to whom did Jesus appear after his suffering? the apostles
3. Jesus appeared many times during the ___ days between his rising from the dead and ascending into heaven. 40 (1:3)
4. The promise of the Father was to come in __________. Jerusalem (1:4)
5. “______ baptized with water,” according to Acts 1:5. John
6. When the Holy Spirit came upon the Apostles, they were to receive what? power (1:8)
7. The Apostles were to be witnesses for Jesus where? Jerusalem, all Judea and Samaria, and the remotest parts of the earth (1:8)
8. When Jesus was lifted up into heaven, what received him out the Apostles’ sight? a cloud (1:9)
9. Who stood beside the apostles when Jesus was lifted up into heaven? two men in white clothing (1:10)
10. Acts 1:11 says that Jesus will come again in just the same way as what? as he went into heaven
11. Following the ascension, the apostles returned to Jerusalem from where? The Mount called Olivet (1:12)
12. In Acts 1:12, it says that the Mount of Olivet is how far from Jerusalem? a Sabbath day’s journey
13. Who was named as being in the upper room with the apostles in Acts 1:13-14? women, Mary the mother of Jesus, and Jesus’ brothers
14. Those in the upper room, according to Acts 1:13-14, were continually devoting themselves to what? prayer
15. When Peter spoke to those in the upper room in Acts 1:15, how many were gathered there? 120
16. Who became a guide to those who arrested Jesus? Judas (1:16)
17. Peter quotes what Old Testament writer in Acts 1:16, which he says referred to Judas’ death? David
18. The field Judas bought was called “Hakeldama,” which means what? Field of Blood (1:19)
20. The apostles were appointed as witnesses of what event? Jesus’ resurrection (1:22)
21. Who were the two men who were put forward as possible new apostles in Acts 1:23? Joseph called Barsabbas and Matthias
22. To become a witness with the apostles, one had to have done what? accompanied the apostles while Jesus was with them (1:22-23)
23. The Lord showed the apostles who should become a new apostle through what means? drew lots (1:24-26)
24. Who was selected to be a new apostle and witness in Acts 1:26? Matthias

Chapter 2

1. The events in Acts 2 took place on what Jewish feast day? Pentecost (2:1)
2. What sound drew the crowd’s attention in Acts 2? A noise like a violent rushing wind (2:2)
3. In Acts 2, what was seen resting upon each of the apostles? tongues as of fire (2:3)
4. What did the apostles first begin to do when they were filled with the Holy Spirit? speak with other tongues (2:4)
5. The events in Acts 2 took place in what city? Jerusalem (2:5)
6. Speaking in tongues is speaking a _______. Language (2:4,6)
7. The apostles were said to be from what region of Palestine? Galilee (2:7)
8. Those visitors in Jerusalem who heard the apostles were what religion? Jewish (2:10)
9. Some people mocked the apostles in Acts 2 with what charge? that they were full of sweet wine (2:13)
10. Who became the spokesman for the other apostles in the last half of Acts 2? Peter (2:14)
11. God spoke through which prophet to say, “I will pour forth of My Spirit upon all mankind”? Joel (2:16-17)
12. Peter said that the events on Pentecost were that which was prophesied to happen, and that this was the time when God poured forth what? the Holy Spirit (2:16-17)
13. According to Acts 2:21, it shall be that everyone who _______ shall be saved. Calls on the name of the Lord
14. Jesus was from what town? Nazareth (2:22)
15. During Jesus’ lifetime, God gave proof as to who Jesus was in what way? by miracles, and wonders, and signs (2:22)
16. Before Jesus was put to death, he was ___________. Nailed to a cross (2:23)
17. God put an end to the agony of death by doing what? Raising Jesus from the dead (2:24)
18. Who said, “Thou wilt not...allow thy Holy One to undergo decay”? David (2:25-27)
19. David is referred to by what two terms in Acts 2:29-30? patriarch and prophet
20. God swore to seat one of David’s descendants where? on his throne (2:30)
21. Speaking of the resurrection, David said that the Christ would not be abandoned to _______. Hades (2:31)
22. To what place was Jesus exalted following his being raised? the right hand of God (2:32-33)
23. God made Jesus what two things according to Acts 2:36? Lord and Christ
24. The people listening to Peter in Acts 2 were “pierced to the heart” and asked what question? What shall we do? (2:37)
25. According to Acts 2:38, what two things needed to be done for the forgiveness of sins to take place? repent and be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ
26. Those who repented and were baptized would receive what gift according to Acts 2:38? the gift of the Holy Spirit
27. Only what people were baptized in Acts 2? Those who had received Peter’s words (Acts 2:41)
28. How many were baptized in Acts 2? about 3000 (2:41)
29. What four things did those who were baptized in Acts 2 continually devote themselves to? the apostles’ teaching, fellowship, breaking of bread, and prayer (2:42)
30. In Acts 2, signs and wonders were taking place through whom? the apostles (2:43)
31. What did the believers do in Acts 2 in order to share with those among them who had needs? sold property and possessions (2:44-45)
32. When someone is saved, who adds that person to the group of believers, that is, to the church? the Lord (2:47)

Chapter 3
1. In Acts 3, where were Peter and John going when they met a crippled man? to the temple (3:1-2)
2. What was wrong with the man that Peter and John met in Acts 3? He had been lame from his mother’s womb (3:1-2)
3. The crippled man in Acts 3 sat by the temple gate doing what? begging for alms (3:2)
4. The crippled man in Acts 3 sat by which gate of the temple? the gate called Beautiful (3:2)
5. What did Peter do, in the name of Jesus, for the man by the temple gate in Acts 3? He healed his legs so that he could walk (3:6-7)
7. Peter refers to Jesus by what names in Acts 3:13-15? God’s servant, the Holy and Righteous One, and Prince of Life
8. What does Peter claim strengthened the crippled man? the name of Jesus (3:16)
9. Who announced in advance that Christ was to suffer? the prophets (3:18)
10. Acts 3:19 states, “______ and _______, that your sins may be wiped away”. repent and return
11. When Moses spoke of Christ, he called him what? a prophet (3:22)
13. How many of the O.T. prophets spoke of the days surrounding the time of Jesus? All (3:24)
14. Peter says that the promise, “in your seed all the families of the earth shall be blessed” was made by God to whom? Abraham (3:25)

Chapter 4

1. By the time of the events in Acts 4, how many men were believers in Jesus? 5000 (4:4)
2. According to Acts 4:4, many of those who had _____ believed. heard the message
3. What position did Annas hold? high priest (4:6)
4. Who among the disciples spoke to the Jewish leaders in Jerusalem in Acts 4? Peter (4:8)
5. What did the Jewish leaders question Peter and John about in Acts 4? the healing of the crippled man (4:7)
6. “The stone which was rejected by you, the builders,” is an O.T. prophecy that refers to whom as the stone? Jesus (4:10-11)
7. The rejected stone ends up becoming what, according to the prophecy? the very corner stone (4:11)
8. Finish this quote: “for there is no other name under heaven that has been given among men…” by which we must be saved (4:12)
9. Who in chapter 4 were described as being uneducated and untrained men? Peter and John (4:13)
10. Peter and John could not stop speaking of what? that which they saw and heard (4:20)
11. How old was the man who was healed in Acts 3? more than 40 years old (4:22)
12. David is said to have what relationship to the Jews in Acts 4? their father (4:25)
13. David is said to have what relationship to God in Acts 4? his servant (4:25)
14. What four are named as those who opposed Christ while He was here on earth, according to Acts 4:27? Herod, Pontius Pilate, the Gentiles, and the people of Israel
15. Whose purposes were carried out when Jesus was killed? God’s (4:28)
17. Who, with great power, was giving witness to the resurrection of Jesus in Acts 4:33? the apostles
18. What does “Barnabas” mean? Son of Encouragement (4:36)

Chapter 5

1. Who was Ananias’ wife? Sapphira (5:1)
2. What sin did Ananias commit? lying (5:3)
3. What punishment did Ananias suffer for his sin? death (5:5)
4. In Acts 5:17, what was the feeling of the high priest when he heard of Peter healing people? jealousy
5. How did the apostles escape from prison in Acts 5? an angel opened the prison gates (5:19)
6. After the apostles were released from prison in Acts 5, where did they go? to the temple (5:21)
7. Fill in the blanks: “We must obey _____ rather than _____.” God; men (5:29)
8. Jesus was put to death by what method? by hanging on a cross (5:30)
9. In Acts 5:32, Peter said that the Holy Spirit is given to those who do what? obey Jesus
10. What work did Gamaliel do? teacher of the Law (5:34)
11. When the apostles suffered being beaten for Jesus’ name in Acts 5, what did they do? they rejoiced (5:41)
12. What two places are listed in Acts 5:42 as places where the apostles taught and preached about Jesus? in the temple and from house to house

Chapter 6

1. What was wrong with the widows in Acts 6? they were overlooked in the daily serving of food (6:1)
2. How many men were chosen to care for the widows in Acts 6? Seven (6:3)
3. Name two men that we read about elsewhere who were among the seven men selected to care for the widows in Acts 6. Stephen and Philip
4. What did the apostles do to officially give the seven men caring for the widows in Acts 6, charge of this work? Laid their hands on them (6:6)
5. In Acts 6:7, “A great many of _____ were becoming obedient to the faith.” the priests
6. In Acts 6, who was grabbed and dragged before the council because of his preaching? Stephen (6:9,12)
7. Who is said to have done miracles in Acts 6? Stephen (6:8)
8. Who is said to have a face like the face of an angel? Stephen (6:15)

Chapter 7

1. Who preaches a sermon in Acts 7? Stephen (7:2ff)
2. Where did Abraham live at first? Mesopotamia, or land of the Chaldeans (7:2,4)
3. Name the second place where Abraham lived. Haran (7:2)
4. What relative of Abraham died in Haran? Abraham’s father (7:4)
5. God told Abraham that his offspring would be slaves for how many years? 400 (7:6)
6. The first covenant given to Abraham by God was that of what? circumcision (7:8)
7. On what day after a male child was born was he to be circumcised, according to Jewish law? the eighth day (7:8)
8. Jacob’s twelve sons are called what? Patriarchs (7:8)
9. Who was sold by his brothers into Egypt? Joseph (7:9)
10. The king of Egypt is called what? Pharaoh (7:10)
11. During a time of famine, where did Jacob send for food? Egypt (7:12)
12. How many relatives of Joseph came to live with him in Egypt? 75 (7:14)
13. Jacob was buried in whose tomb? Abraham’s (7:15-16)
14. Who raised Moses as a child? Pharaoh’s daughter (7:20-21)
15. Where was Moses born? Egypt (7:18-20)
16. How old was Moses before he fled from Egypt? 40 (7:23ff)
17. Moses fled from Egypt and lived in the land of ______. Midian (7:29)
18. How many sons did Moses have? two (7:29)
19. How long did Moses live away from Egypt before returning to lead the children of Israel? 40 years (7:30)
20. In what form did an angel appear to Moses? in a flame of a burning bush (7:30)
21. Moses was in what wilderness when an angel appeared to him? Wilderness of Mt. Sinai (7:30)
22. After leading the children of Israel out of Egypt, how long were they in the wilderness? 40 years (7:36)
23. Moses said that God would raise up what like himself one day? a prophet (7:37)
24. Who is said to have spoken with Moses on Mt. Sinai? an angel (7:38)
25. The children of Israel made an idol shaped like what? a calf (7:41)
26. Who led the children of Israel into the promised land? Joshua (7:45)
27. Who built a “house” or temple for God? Solomon (7:47)
28. What is God’s throne? heaven (7:49)
29. What is God’s footstool? earth (7:49)
30. Who did Stephen see as he looked into heaven? Jesus, at God’s right hand (7:55)
31. How was Stephen killed? stoning (7:59-60)
32. Those killing Stephen laid their robes at whose feet? Saul (7:58)

Chapter 8

1. When a great persecution arose against the church in Jerusalem, where were the Christians scattered? to Judea and Samaria (8:1)
2. When the church in Jerusalem was scattered, who in particular was said to have remained behind? the apostles (8:1)
3. What man was a great persecutor of the church in Acts 8? Saul (8:3)
4. Who is first seen in Acts preaching in Samaria? Philip (8:5)
5. Name a magician in Samaria who became a Christian. Simon (8:9)
6. Who is said to have been baptized in Samaria? both men and women (8:12)
7. What two apostles came from Jerusalem to Samaria while Philip was there? Peter and John (8:14)
8. When did the Samaritans receive the powers from the Holy Spirit? when the apostles laid their hands on them (8:17-19)
9. After Simon was a Christian, he was told that he could be forgiven of sins when he did what? repented and prayed (8:22)
10. For what reason did the Ethiopian eunuch go to Jerusalem? to worship (8:27)
11. What form of transportation did the Ethiopian eunuch use? a chariot (8:28)
12. What book of scripture was the Ethiopian eunuch reading? Isaiah (8:28)
13. Who preached to the Ethiopian eunuch? Philip (8:29ff)
14. When the Ethiopian eunuch heard about Jesus, what did he want to do right away? be baptized (8:35-36)

Chapter 9
1. Saul got letters from the high priest to bring Christians back from where? Damascus (9:2)
2. What did Saul see on the road to Damascus? a light from heaven (9:3)
3. What happened to Saul on the road to Damascus as a result of the light that he saw? he was blinded (9:8)
4. Upon entering Damascus, Saul did not eat or drink for how many days? three (9:9)
5. Who came to Saul in Damascus to restore his sight? Ananias (9:10ff)
6. Saul was from what city? Tarsus (9:11)
7. In Damascus, on what street was Judas’ house located? Straight (9:11)
8. Who was staying at Judas’ house in Damascus? Saul (9:11)
9. Who plotted against Saul in Damascus after he became a Christian? the Jews (9:23)
10. How did Saul escape from Damascus? over the wall in a basket (9:25)
12. Aeneas, a bedridden man, was healed by ______. Peter (9:34)
13. Aeneas was bedridden for how many years? eight (9:33)
14. Another name for Tabitha is ______. Dorcas (9:36)
15. Tabitha lived in what city? Joppa (9:36)
16. Who raised Tabitha from the dead? Peter (9:40)
17. Peter stayed in whose house in Joppa? Simon the tanner (9:43)

Chapter 10
1. Where did Cornelius live? in Caesarea (10:1)
2. What was in Cornelius’ vision? an angel of God (10:3)
3. Another name for Peter was ______. Simon (10:5)
4. Where was Peter staying when Cornelius sent for him? Joppa (10:5)
5. Where was Simon the tanner’s house located in Joppa? by the sea (10:6)
6. What was Peter doing on the housetop in Acts 10? praying (10:9)
7. What happened to Peter while on the housetop in Acts 10? he saw a vision (10:17)
8. While Peter was on the housetop in Acts 10, who came to the door of the house? the men from Cornelius (10:19)
9. What did Cornelius do when Peter arrived at his house? he tried to worship Peter (10:25-26)
10. What was in the great sheet that Peter saw in his vision in Acts 10? all kinds of four footed animals, crawling creatures, and birds (10:12)
11. Complete the following: “God is not one to show ______.” partiality (10:34)
12. In Acts 10:35, Peter said God welcomes those who _____ Him and who _____ fear Him and do what is right (10:35)
13. On which day following his death was Jesus raised from the dead? third (10:40)
14. Peter said that Jesus only appeared to selected persons after His resurrection. These were called _______. witnesses (10:41)
15. According to Acts 10:42, who will judge the living and the dead? Jesus
16. According to Acts 10:47, what is necessary in order for someone to be baptized? water

Chapter 11

1. Cornelius was told that Peter would come to him and speak words to him with what result? that he would be saved (11:14)
2. Where did the church in Jerusalem send Barnabas in Acts 11? Antioch (11:22)
3. Who did Barnabas get to help him teach in Antioch? Saul (11:25-26)
4. Where was the first place that the name of “Christian” was used? Antioch (11:28)
5. Who was Agabus? a prophet (11:27)
6. What was prophesied to take place during the reign of Claudius? a famine (11:28)
7. Why did the Christians in Antioch send money to Jerusalem? to help the Christians there during the famine (11:28-29)
8. Who carried the money from Antioch to Jerusalem? Barnabas and Saul (11:30)

Chapter 12

1. How did King Herod have James put to death? with a sword (12:2)
2. What relation were James and John? brothers (12:2)
4. When Peter was in prison, what did the church do to help him? prayed (12:5)
5. After Peter was released from prison in Acts 12, where did he go? to the house of Mary, mother of John Mark (12:12)
6. Name the slave girl who answered the door at John Mark’s house when Peter knocked? Rhoda (12:13)
7. The people at John Mark’s house did not believe Peter was out of prison and thought who was at the door? Peter’s angel (12:15)
8. About whom did the people cry out, “The voice of a god and not of a man”? King Herod (12:21-22)
9. How did King Herod die? an angel struck him and he was eaten by worms (12:23)

Chapter 13

1. What two men were sent out as missionaries by the church in Antioch? Barnabas and Saul (13:1-2)
2. What three things did the church at Antioch do before sending out their missionaries? prayed, fasted, and laid their hands on them (13:3)
3. Who went along with Paul and Barnabas on their first missionary journey as their helper? John Mark (13:5)
5. Who was Elymas? a magician (13:8)
6. What was Saul also known as? Paul (13:9)
9. How long were the children of Israel in the wilderness after leaving Egypt? 40 years (13:17-18)
10. How many wicked nations did God destroy in the land of Canaan before the children of Israel entered? seven (13:19)
11. From the time the children of Israel entered Canaan until the prophet Samuel, who ruled them? judges (13:20)
12. Who was the first king of Israel? Saul, the son of Kish (13:21)
13. Who was the second king of Israel? David (13:22)
14. Who was said to be a man after God’s own heart? David (13:22)
15. In Acts 13, Jesus is said to be whose offspring? David’s (13:23)
16. Whose sandals was John the baptist not worthy to untie? Jesus’ (13:25)
17. Who did the Jews ask to execute Jesus for them? Pilate (13:28)
18. What happened to Jesus after he was put into the tomb? He arose from the dead (13:29-30)
19. When the Jews would not listen to Paul, who did he preach to? the Gentiles (13:45-47)
20. What did Paul and Barnabas do as a sign of protest against people who would not listen to God’s message? shook the dust off their feet (13:50-51)
Chapter 14

1. Who did Paul heal at Lystra? a lame man (14:8)
2. The people of Lystra called Barnabas _______, which was the name of one of their gods. Zeus (14:12)
3. The people of Lystra called Paul ______, which was the name of one of their gods. Hermes (14:12)
4. Paul told the people of Lystra that God gave them what two things as a witness to His existence? rain and fruitful seasons (14:17)
5. What happened to Paul in Lystra that he almost died? he was stoned (14:19)
6. Who almost killed Paul in Lystra? Jews from Antioch and Iconium (14:19)
7. Complete this quote: “And when they had appointed ______ for them in every _____, having prayed with fasting, they commended them to the Lord.” elders, church (14:23)
8. After Paul returned from his first missionary journey, he reported to the church in what city? Antioch (14:26-27)

Chapter 15

1. In Acts 15, what were some people teaching was required in order for a person to be saved? circumcision (15:1)
2. Where was the meeting in Acts 15 held? Jerusalem (15:2,4)
3. What sect of the Jewish Christians was leading those opposing Paul at the meeting in Acts 15? Pharisees (15:5)
4. What apostle was first to report at the Acts 15 meeting? Peter (15:7)
5. When Peter spoke at the meeting in Acts 15, what event did he talk about? his preaching to the Gentiles, Cornelius’ household (15:7)
6. Who reported signs and wonders done among the Gentiles at the Acts 15 meeting? Paul and Barnabas (15:12)
7. Who seemed to be in charge of the Acts 15 meeting? James (15:13)
8. In Acts 15, Peter is called by what other name? Simeon (15:14)
9. After the Acts 15 meeting, the conclusions that they reached were reported to the church in Antioch in what way? by letter (15:23)
10. On Barnabas’ second missionary journey, he took who as his partner? John Mark (15:39)
11. On Paul’s second missionary journey, he took who as his partner? Silas (15:40)

Chapter 16

1. Where did Timothy live? Lystra (16:1)
2. Of what nationality was Timothy’s father? Greek (16:1)
3. Of what nationality was Timothy’s mother? Jewish (16:1)
4. Were either of Timothy’s parents believers in Christ? yes, his mother (16:1)
5. On what missionary journey did Timothy join Paul? Paul’s 2nd journey (16:3)
6. In Troas, Paul saw a vision of whom? a man of Macedonia (16:8-9)
7. What was said to Paul in the vision that he had in Troas? “Come over to Macedonia and help us” (16:10ff)
8. Philippi was in what Roman district? Macedonia (16:12)
9. Where in Philippi were women assembling to pray? by the river side (16:13)
10. Who was among the women praying in Philippi? Lydia (16:14)
11. What was Lydia’s job? a seller of purple fabrics (16:14)
12. What did Lydia do after she heard God’s message from Paul? she was baptized (16:15)
13. What two things did the people of Philippi do to Paul and Silas? beat them and threw them into prison (16:23)
14. In the prison in Philippi, what were Paul and Silas doing at midnight? praying and singing (16:25)
15. What shook the prison in Philippi where Paul was? a great earthquake (16:26)
16. What was the first thing that Paul told the Philippian jailor was needed in order for him to be saved? believe in the Lord Jesus (16:31)
17. After the Philippian jailor heard Paul speak the word of the Lord to him, what did he do immediately? he was baptized (16:33)

Chapter 17

1. When Paul entered a city, it was his custom to teach first where? in the synagogue of the Jews (17:1-2)
2. Where was the house of Jason located? in Thessalonica (17:1ff)
3. The people of what town were said to be “more noble-minded than those in Thessalonica”? Berea (17:10-11)
4. Who stirred up trouble for Paul in Berea? Jews from Thessalonica (17:13)
5. What city is referred to as a “city full of idols”? Athens (17:16)
6. In Athens Paul saw an altar with what inscription on it? “To an unknown god” (17:23)
7. Who does not live in temples made by human hands? God (17:24)

Chapter 18

1. Aquila lived in what city when he met Paul? Corinth (18:1-2)
2. What country had Aquila originally come from? Italy (18:1-2)
3. Who was Aquila’s wife? Priscilla (18:2)
4. What caused Aquila to move from Rome? command of Claudius (18:2)
5. What was Aquila’s trade? tentmaker (18:3)
6. What did Paul have in common with Aquila when they first met? both were tentmakers (18:3)
7. Who was Crispus? leader of the synagogue in Corinth (18:8)
8. Many Corinthians, after having heard Paul, did what and what? believed and were baptized (18:8)
9. How long did Paul settle in Corinth? one year and six months (18:11)
10. Who was Gallio? proconsul of Achaia (18:12)
13. Who taught Apollos about God more accurately? Priscilla and Aquila (18:26)

Chapter 19

1. Paul baptized some people a second time because their first baptism was “into John’s baptism”. In what city was this? Ephesus (19:1-5)
2. How many people were baptized a second time by Paul in Acts 19? twelve (19:7)
3. In Ephesus, besides in the synagogue, where did Paul teach? the school of Tyrannus (19:9)
4. What did the people do with their books of magic in Acts 19? they burned them (19:19)
5. Who was Demetrius? a silversmith (19:24)
7. Who finally quieted the mob gathering in Ephesus? the town clerk (19:35)
8. Where did the people of Ephesus believe the statue or image of their goddess Artemis came from? fell from heaven (19:35)

Chapter 20

1. In Troas, what do we see that the Christians did on the first day of the week? came together to break bread (20:7)
2. What happened to the young man at Troas while Paul was preaching? he fell asleep, fell out a window, and was killed (20:9)
3. Name the form of transportation Paul used often on his missionary journeys. ship (20:6)
4. The elders from the church at Ephesus met Paul where? Miletus (20:17)
5. Paul says that the Holy Spirit has made the elders what? overseers (20:28)
6. As overseers, the elders are to do what for the church according to Acts 20:28? shepherd the church
7. Paul warns the elders at Ephesus about false teachers, and calls them what? savage wolves (20:29)
8. Who does Paul quote as saying, “It is more blessed to give than to receive”? Jesus (20:35)

Chapter 21

1. Philip the evangelist lived in what city? Caesarea (21:8)
2. How many virgin daughters did Philip the evangelist have? four (21:9)
3. What spiritual gift did Philip’s daughters have? they were prophetesses (21:9)
4. Name the prophet who tied his own feet and hands with Paul’s belt. Agabus (21:10-11)
5. In Acts 21, where was Paul when the Jews grabbed him? in the temple in Jerusalem (21:30)
6. Acts 21 tells us that Paul was rescued from a mob by whom? Roman soldiers (21:31-32)
7. The Roman commander in Acts 21, thinking Paul was an Egyptian, was amazed that Paul spoke what language? Greek (21:37-38)

Chapter 22

1. The mob became quiet in Acts 22 when Paul spoke to them in what language? the Hebrew dialect (22:2)
2. Where is Tarsus located? Cilicia (22:3)
3. Who was Paul’s Jewish teacher? Gamaliel (22:3)
4. Of what race of people was Paul? Jewish (22:3)
5. Who said, “Saul, Saul, why are you persecuting me?” Jesus (22:7-8)
6. Ananias said to Paul, “Arise and ______, and wash away your sins.” be baptized (22:12,16)
7. Paul was born a _______ citizen. Roman (22:28)

Chapter 23

1. Paul had been a member of what Jewish group or sect? Pharisees (23:6)
2. What Jewish group or sect believed there was no resurrection from the dead? the Sadducees (23:8)
3. What Jewish group or sect believed there was a resurrection from the dead? the Pharisees (23:8)
4. About whom did the Lord say, “As you have solemnly witnessed to My cause in Jerusalem, so you must witness at Rome also”? Paul (23:11)
5. A group of men took an oath to kill Paul in chapter 23. How many were in this group? over forty (23:12-13)
6. The group of men in chapter 23 took an oath not to do what until they had killed Paul? eat or drink (23:12)
7. Who warned Paul of the plot against him in Acts 23? His sister’s son (23:16)
8. To protect Paul, the Roman commander in Acts 23 took Paul to what city? Caesarea (23:23)
9. Felix, the Roman governor, lived in what city? Caesarea (23:24)

Chapter 24

1. Who was the Jew’s attorney who spoke to Felix? Tertullus (24:1)
2. Paul said, “there shall certainly be a ______ of both the righteous and the wicked.” resurrection (24:15)
3. Who was Felix’s wife? Drusilla (24:24)
4. Felix’s wife was of what race of people? Jewish (24:24)
5. What was Felix’s reaction when Paul spoke to him about Jesus? he was afraid (24:25)
6. Who took Felix’s place as governor? Festus (24:27)
7. How long did Felix keep Paul in prison? two years (24:27)
8. Why did Felix leave Paul in prison? to do the Jews a favor (24:27)

Chapter 25

2. Festus meets with what king in chapter 25? King Agrippa (25:13ff)
3. Who was with the king when he arrived at Caesarea? Bernice (25:13)
4. Caesar is also referred to as what? the Emperor (25:21)

Chapter 26

1. What is the strictest sect, or group, of the Jewish religion? Pharisees (26:5)
2. Paul said that he preached “nothing but what ______ and ______ said was going to take place.” the prophets and Moses (26:22)
3. By reason of His ________, Jesus should be the first to proclaim light to both Jews and Gentiles. resurrection from the dead (26:23)
4. Who said, “...this has not been done in a corner”? Paul (26:26)
5. Who said, “In a short time you will persuade me to become a Christian”? King Agrippa (26:28)

Chapter 27

1. Who was the centurion of the soldiers who took Paul to Rome by ship? Julius (27:1)
2. Paul and the soldiers changed ships where? Myra (27:5-6)
3. What harbor was said to not be suitable for spending the winter? Fair Havens (27:8-12)
4. Because of the violence of the storm, what was done with the ship’s cargo? it was jettisoned, or thrown overboard (27:18)
5. On board the ship, what did Paul say that the angel of God had told him? there shall be no loss of life among you but only of the ship (27:22-23)
6. During the storm in Acts 27, who tried to escape from the ship? the sailors (27:30)
7. While on the ship during the storm, how many days did they go without eating? fourteen (27:33)
8. How many people were on the ship that was wrecked in chapter 27? 276 (27:37)
9. When the ship ran aground during the storm in Acts 27, what did the soldiers plan to do to keep the prisoners from escaping? kill them (27:42)
10. How many people died during the shipwreck during the storm in Acts 27? None (27:44)

Chapter 28

1. On what island did Paul and the others from the ship find themselves after the shipwreck? Malta (28:1)
2. When did a viper bite Paul? when he had gathered a bundle of sticks and laid them on a fire (28:3)
3. What did the island natives think Paul was when they saw the viper bite him? a murderer (28:4)
4. What did the island natives begin to say about Paul when they saw that the viper bite did not harm him? that he was a god (28:6)
5. Who was Publius? the leading man of the island where Paul was shipwrecked (28:7)
6. After the shipwreck, Paul was on the island in chapter 28 for how long? three months (28:11)
7. After the shipwreck, what was the figurehead of the new ship that took Paul to Rome? the Twin Brothers (28:11)
8. What kept Paul from escaping while a prisoner in Rome? a soldier who was guarding him and a chain (28:16,20)
10. How long did Paul stay a prisoner in Rome? two years (28:30)
11. Where was Paul held as a prisoner while in Rome? in his own rented quarters (28:30)
12. What did Paul do with his time while a prisoner in Rome? preached about the kingdom of God and taught concerning Jesus Christ (28:31)
Chapter Identifications:

1. In what chapter were 3000 people baptized? Two (2:41)
2. In what chapter was an Ethiopian eunuch baptized? Eight (8:36-39)
3. In what chapter was Simon baptized? Eight (8:13)
4. In what chapter do we read of the Samaritans being baptized? Eight (8:12)
5. In what chapter do we first read of Paul being baptized? Nine (9:18)
6. In what chapter was Cornelius baptized? Ten (10:47-48)
7. In what chapter was Lydia baptized? Sixteen (16:15)
8. In what chapter was the Philippian jailor baptized? Sixteen (16:33)
9. In what chapter were the Corinthians baptized? Eighteen (18:8)
10. In what chapter were twelve men in Ephesus baptized a second time? Nineteen (19:5,7)
11. In what chapter does Paul appear before the council of the Jews? Twenty-three (23:1ff)
12. In what chapter does Paul appear before Felix? Twenty-four (24:1ff)