The Book of the

ACTS OF APOSTLES

(Answers to the Questions)

12 Lessons

Prepared by:
PAUL E. CANTRELL

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Lesson One—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 1:1-26


2. Why did Jesus appear to His Apostles after His resurrection?
   a) To prove that he had been raised;
   b) Spoke of things pertaining to the kingdom of God.

3. What promise did Jesus repeat to the Apostles? (1:4-5; John 16:13) (See Chart #1)
   a) The promise of the sending of the Holy Spirit to them (Baptized with Holy Spirit)

4. What was the purpose of the coming of the Holy Spirit to the Apostles? (1:8)
   a) To give them power;
   b) Help them to be a proper witness of Jesus into all the world
   c) (John 16:13)

5. After Jesus’ ascension, where did the Apostles go to wait for the coming of the Holy Spirit?
   (1:9-14) (See also Isaiah 2:2-3)
   a) Jerusalem (upper room)
   b) Isaiah 2:2-3….fulfil prophecy of beginning of kingdom & word of the Lord to go forth

6. What was the place called where Judas was buried? (1:19)
   a) Aceldama….field of blood

7. Whom did the Apostles choose to take the place of Judas Iscariot? (1:15-26)
   a) Matthias

8. What qualified a disciple to be an Apostle? (1:21-22)
   a) A disciple is a learner, a follower of Jesus.
   b) But an Apostle is this and more (2 Corinthians 5:18-20) (A special representative)
   c) One who had been with Jesus from the Baptism of John (??)
   d) One who had witnessed the Resurrection of Jesus.

9. How long did the Apostles have to wait for the Holy Spirit to come? (1:3; 2:1)
   a) About 10 days (Pentecost----50 days minus 40 days = 10 days)
QUESTIONS ON ACTS 2:1-47

1. How many days after the Passover did the day of Pentecost occur? (2:1; Leviticus 23:15-16)
   a) 50 days

2. What visible and audible miraculous events occurred to indicate that the Holy Spirit had come upon the Apostles as Jesus had promised? (2:2-4)
   a) Sound as of a rushing mighty wind.
   b) It filled all the house.
   c) There appeared unto them cloven tongues like as of fire sitting upon each of them.
   d) All filled with the Holy Spirit and began to speak in tongues as the Spirit gave them utterance.

3. What power did the Apostles receive? (2:4)
   a) To speak in a language they had not learned.

4. Why did God call these Jews devout? (2:5)
   a) Traveled all the way to Jerusalem to keep the Law of Moses.

5. What does it mean in the Bible to speak in a tongue? (2:5-13)
   a) To speak in a known language that people can understand.

6. What did Peter state was the fulfillment of the prophet Joel? (2:16-21) (See Chart #1)
   a) The outpouring of the Spirit which they had received & evidenced by miracles.

7. How was Jesus shown to be approved of God? (2:22)
   a) By miracles, wonders, and signs.

8. What evidence did Peter use to prove the resurrection of Jesus? (2:23-32)
   a) Prophecy of David—Soul not left in hades(hell)—flesh would not see corruption.
   b) Also stated that they were eye-witnesses.

9. Upon Jesus' ascension, what did He send back to the Apostles that He had promised? (2:33-35)
   a) The Holy Spirit

10. What was Peter’s conclusion about Jesus? (2:36)
    a) God has made Him both Lord & Christ
11. What were these convicted religious people told to do to have remission of sins? (2:38-40)
   a) Repent
   b) Be Baptized

12. What gift were they told they would receive in addition to remission of sins? (2:38) (See Chart #2)
   a) Gift of the Holy Spirit (Non-miraculous indwelling)

13. How many were baptized that day? (2:41)
   a) 3000

14. What did they continue steadfast in, and why? (2:42; Matthew 28:20)
   a) The Apostles doctrine, Fellowship, Breaking of bread, Prayers.
   b) This is what Jesus had evidently commanded.

15. By whose hands were many wonders and signs done? (2:43)
   a) Apostles (only the Apostles at this time)

16. What term was used to identify the new Christians? (2:44)
   a) Believers

17. To what were the saved people added daily? (2:47)
   a) Church (KJV)
   b) To their number (Believers or the Apostles)
Lesson Three—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 3:1-8:4

1. What gave Peter an opportunity to preach to a large group of Jews again at the Temple? (3:1-12)
   a) Healing of a lame man.

2. What part did faith play in the beggar’s healing? (3:3-8, 16)
   a) He had to believe Peter and get up.

3. What proof did Peter give of Jesus’ resurrection? (3:15)
   a) They were eye-witnesses.

4. What did Peter tell these people to do to have their sins blotted out? (3:19)
   a) Repent and be converted (turned to God)

5. What did Moses say would happen to those who would not hearken to this new prophet? (3:20-23)
   a) Cut off, destroyed

6. What promise did Peter remind them God had made to Abraham? (3:25-26)
   a) In his seed would all the kindred of the earth be blessed.
   b) (Seed was Christ)

7. What was the response to the preaching? (4:1-4)
   a) By the leaders?—Grieved at their preaching—put them in jail.
   b) By the people?—Many believed—number came to about 5000 men.

8. How did Peter prove to these rulers that Jesus was truly raised from the dead? (4:1)
   a) By giving them the power to heal the lame man.

9. Why is the name of Jesus important? (4:12)
   a) There is salvation in no other name.

10. What was Peter and John’s answer to the Jewish leaders who warned them to stop preaching about Jesus? (4:20)
    a) We cannot but speak the things we have seen & heard.

11. What happened when the Apostles were filled with the Holy Spirit? (4:31-33) (See Chart #3) (Please note the word, “power”)
    a) Spoke the Word of God with boldness.
    b) With great POWER they gave witness of the Resurrection (Miraculous powers)

12. Who alone were performing miracles at this time? (4:33)
    a) The Apostles
13. How did Ananias and Sapphira tempt the Holy Spirit? (5:1-9) (See Chart #4) (Please read also Acts 7:51; 1 Thess. 5:19; Eph. 4:30; Gal. 5:18, 25)
   a) By lying about the money—hoping to deceive the people.
   b) They treated God like a man—thought they could get by with something.

14. Were Ananias and Sapphira Christians?
   a) Yes

15. Who were still the only ones performing miracles at this time? (5:12)
   a) The Apostles

16. What good resulted from the incident with Ananias and Sapphira? (5:13-16)
   a) Believers were the more added to the church.

17. What did the High Priest say the Apostles had done in their preaching? (5:28)
   a) Filled Jerusalem with your doctrine.

18. To whom does God give His Holy Spirit? (5:32) (See Chart #2)
   a) Them that obey him (Non-miraculous indwelling)

19. What did the Apostles continue to do even after being warned? (5:42)
   a) Ceased not to teach and preach Jesus Christ.

20. In what sense should we understand the term “full of the Holy Spirit” in Acts 6:3-5? (See Chart #3) (Please note the concept of “character”)
   a) Full surrender to his teachings in their lives (non-miraculous)

21. For what purpose did the Apostles lay their hands on these seven men? (6:6, 8, 8:5-6) (See Chart #5) (Please not the word, “power”)
   a) Possibly to appoint them to the work of ministering to widows;
   b) And also, to impart a spiritual (miraculous) gift.
   c) First time the Apostles had laid hands on people.
   d) Immediately afterwards these men could perform miraculous powers.

22. Who were obedient to the faith and why? (6:7)
   a) Great company of the priest….Word of God increased!

   a) They did not want to listen or believe what was being taught.

24. In what sense should we understand Stephen was “full of the Holy Spirit?” (7:55) (See Chart #3) (Please note the concept of “character”)
   a) Complete surrender to the Spirit’s teaching (Non-miraculous).
25. Who were scattered when Saul brought persecution upon the church and who were not scattered? (8:1)
   a) Members of the church were scattered.
   b) The Apostles were not scattered….remained in Jerusalem.

26. What did the scattered Christians do? (8:4)
   a) Preached the word every where they went.
Lesson Four—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 8:5-9:43

1. Who were the Samaritan people in relationship to the Jews? (8:5; John 4:1-23)
   a) Jews who had intermarried with Gentiles—had own temple & Law (5 books of Moses).
   b) They were looking also for the Messiah to come.

2. What kind of miracles did Philip perform? (8:6-7)
   a) Cast out unclean spirits, heal palsy, lame.

3. What had Simon done to the people of Samaria? (8:9-11)
   a) Bewitched them with his sorcery.

4. What had Philip preached? (8:12)
   a) Kingdom of God and the name of Jesus Christ

5. What was their response? (8:12)
   a) They believed and were baptized.

6. What was Simon’s response? (8:13)
   a) He also believed and was baptized.

7. Why was Peter and John sent from Jerusalem to Samaria? (8:14-16) (See Chart #6)
   a) To give the Holy Spirit to the believing Samaritans (Miraculous gifts).

8. What happened when they laid hands on them? (8:17-19) (See Chart #7)
   a) They received the Holy Spirit (The power to perform miracles).

9. Why couldn’t Philip have laid his hands on these people and imparted the Holy Spirit? (8:14-17)
   a) Only the Apostles seemed to have had this power to impart gifts among the church.

10. How do we know that laying on of the hands of the Apostles would impart miraculous gifts? (8:13, 18-19)
    a) Simon saw something.
    b) After people had received the Holy Spirit, they manifested power of God.

    a) That he could have this power to lay hands on people and impart the Holy Spirit.

12. What was Peter’s reply? (8:20-21)
    a) You have no part nor lot in this matter.
    b) Not his to give anyway.
13. What was Simon told to do about his sinful condition of heart? (8:22-24)
   a) Repent and prayer to be forgiven.
   b) Two Laws of Pardon:
      1) One for the alien sinner---Believe, Repent, Baptized.
      2) One for the erring Christian---Repent, Pray.

14. Who directed Philip to preach to the Ethiopian Eunuch? (8:26)
   a) Angel of the Lord.

15. What was the Eunuch reading and where was it found? (8:28-33)
   a) Isaiah 53

16. Who next told Philip to join himself to the Eunuch’s Chariot? (8:9)
   a) The Spirit

17. What did Philip preach to the Eunuch? (8:35)
   a) Jesus

18. How do we know that baptism is a part of preaching Jesus? (8:36-39)
   a) The Eunuch asked to be baptized.
   b) How did he know to be baptized?

19. What is indicated here about how baptism is performed? (8:38-39; Rom. 6:4)
   a) It is a going down into water & coming up out of water.
   b) Likelihood is that it would be immersion.
   c) This is what Paul said it was in Rom. 6:4.

20. What did the Spirit do with Philip? (8:39)
   a) Caught him away elsewhere.

21. What efforts did Saul make in order to further persecute Christians? (9:1-2)
   a) Got letters from the High Priest to go as far as Damascus.
   b) To imprison Christians.

22. What caused Saul to fall to the ground? (9:3)
   a) Bright light.

23. What did Saul hear? (9:4)
   a) A voice saying: “Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me?”

24. How had Paul been persecuting Christ? (9:5)
   a) When persecute Jesus’ body of people---persecute him.
25. What was he told to do? (9:6)
   a) Arise and go into the city.
   b) There it will be told you what you MUST do.

26. Who was sent to Saul to tell him what he must do? (9:10-17)
   a) Ananias.

27. Was Saul saved here on the road to Damascus after having seen the Lord? (9:18; 22:16)
   a) No…He still had to obey like everyone else to be saved.
   b) God is no respecter of persons….all have the same thing to do to be saved.

28. How did Saul call upon the name of the Lord? (22:16; Rom. 10:13-16)
   a) By obeying in baptism.
   b) Doing what he was told to do.
   c) And then expecting the Lord to carry out His promise.

29. How was Saul (Paul) filled with the Holy Spirit? (9:17) (See Chart #8)
   a) Directly from God.
   b) Not Ananias.
   c) Paul was made an Apostle so that he could pass on spiritual gifts to others.
   d) God intervened directly with Saul.

30. Why did the Jews try to kill Saul (Paul)? (9:19-24)
   a) Because he preached Christ as the Son of God to the Jews.

31. Did the church at Jerusalem receive Paul (Saul) at first? (9:26-28)
   a) No…they were afraid of him.

32. Who else wanted to slay Paul? (9:28-29)
   a) Grecians

33. What caused the people of Lydda and Saron to “turn to the Lord?” (9:32-35)
   a) The healing of Aeneas (sick of Palsy)

34. What caused many to believe in Joppa? (9:36-42)
   a) The raising back to life, Dorcas (Tabitha).
QUESTIONS ON ACTS 10:1-11:18

1. How is Cornelius described? (10:1-2)
   a) Devout man—feared God with all his house
   b) Gave much alms to people—prayed to God always
   c) Centurion—part of the Italian band

2. What did the angel tell Cornelius to do? (10:3-6)
   a) Send to Joppa for a man called Simon Peter
   b) He will tell thee what thou ought to do

3. What was Peter's vision and what did it mean? (10:9-16, 34-35)
   a) All kinds of unclean animals appeared before Peter & he was told to arise and eat.
   b) His response at first was "NO", he had never eaten unclean mean.
   c) He was told to go with the men calling for him
   d) That the Gentiles were to be saved like the Jews

4. What did the Spirit tell Peter to do? (10:19-20)
   a) Go with the men, nothing doubting.
   b) I have sent them.

5. What had Cornelius done to prepare for Peter's coming? (10:24)
   a) Called together his kinsmen and near friends.

6. What did Cornelius do when Peter came in and what was Peter's response? (10:25-26)
   a) Fell down before him and worshipped Peter.
   b) "Get up, I am a man like you," was Peter's immediate response to Cornelius.

7. What did Cornelius tell Peter that they wanted to hear? (10:33)
   a) All things that are commanded of God

8. How is God no respecter of Persons? (10:34-35)
   a) He allows all men to be saved regardless of color or national origin

9. What was Peter's message to them? (10:36-42)
   a) Preached Jesus Christ—His ministry, miracles, death, Resurrection.

10. Who should receive remission of sins? (10:43)
    a) Believers

11. What unusual event occurred while Peter was preaching? (10:44-46) (See Chart #9)
    a) Holy Spirit fell on the household of Cornelius
    b) They spoke with tongues (Miraculous gift given by Holy Spirit)
12. What did this cause among those believers who came with Peter? (10:45)
   a) They were astonished that the Gentiles had received the outpouring of the Holy Spirit like the Jews did.
   b) Note: This was promised by both Joel & Jesus

13. What miraculous powers were given to the Gentiles from the outpouring of the Holy Spirit? (10:46)
   a) Spoke in tongues....no other indication.

14. What were they commanded to do to be saved? (10:47-48)
   a) Be baptized in water

15. Who objected to what Peter had done with the Gentiles? (11:1-3)
   a) They of the circumcision contended with Peter.

16. How many Jewish brethren accompanied Peter to the house of Cornelius? (11:12)
   a) Six

17. For what reason had the angel told Cornelius to send for Peter? (11:13-14)
   a) Hear words whereby thou and all thy house shall be saved.

18. What connection did Peter make when the Holy Spirit fell on the Gentiles? (11:15-16)
   a) Remembered how the Lord had promised the Baptism of the Holy Spirit.

19. What is "the beginning" Peter referred to? (11:15; Acts 2:1-4)

20. What conclusion did they draw from all of this? (11:17-18)
   a) Then hath God granted repentance unto life unto the Gentiles.

21. Did Cornelius receive the same benefits as the Apostles when the Holy Spirit fell on him?
    (10:44-47; 8:14-17) (See Chart #8)
    a) Only a miraculous gift, not laying on of hands to impart gifts to others.
Lesson Six—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 11:19-12:25

1. To where had the Gospel been preached to this time? (11:19)
   a) Phoenicia, Cyprus, Antioch

2. What was the response among the Grecians to the Gospel? (11:20-21)
   a) Great numbers believed and turned to the Lord

3. Why did the Jerusalem church send Barnabas up to Antioch? (11:22-23)
   a) To exhort them with purpose of heart to cleave unto the Lord

4. In what sense was Barnabas “full of the Holy Spirit and faith?” (11:24; Acts 6:3-4)
   (Note: Character) (See Chart #3)
   a) His life showed that he was following the Spirit’s teaching fully.
   b) Non-Miraculous

5. Why were the disciples called Christians first at Antioch? (11:26; Isaiah 62:2)
   a) Possibly a fulfillment of Isaiah’s prophecy.
   b) When the church was made up of both Jew & Gentiles.

6. How did Agabus signify by the Spirit about a great dearth? (11:27-28) (See Chart #5, #6)
   a) Through preaching what the Spirit had revealed to him to speak.

7. To whom did the Brethren send relief and who handled it? (11:29-30)
   a) Brethren at Judea
   b) Elders

8. How was James killed? (12:2)
   a) Killed with the sword

9. Is the word “Easter” a proper translation? (12:4)
   a) No
   b) Passover is correct.

10. How did the church show concern for Peter? (12:5)
    a) Prayed for him

    a) An angel
12. In whose home were the church members meeting and praying? (12:12)
   a) John Mark’s mother’s home (Mary)

13. To where did Peter go? (12:17-19)
   a) To another place (Caesarea)

14. Why did Herod die a horrible death? (12:22-23)
   a) He gave not God the glory

15. What happened to the growth of the church? (12:24)
   a) Word of God grew & Multiplied

16. Who did Barnabas and Saul take back with them to Antioch? (12:25)
   a) John Mark
QUESTIONS ON ACTS 13:1-14:28:

1. Did the church at Antioch have men with miraculous gifts? (13:3)
   a) Yes…Prophets & Teachers (Eph. 4:11-16)

2. For what purpose did the disciples lay hands on Saul and Barnabas? (13:3)
   a) To send them out with their blessings & support. (Non-miraculous)

3. What role did the Holy Spirit play in all of this? (13:2, 4)
   a) Had the church to separate out Barnabas & Saul
   b) Sent them forth.

4. What role did John Mark play with Paul & Barnabas? (13:5)
   a) Minister to them

5. With what success did they preach at Paphos? (13:6-12)
   a) Converted Sergius Paulus, deputy of country.

6. Did Paul have miraculous powers? (13:9-11) (See Chart #8)
   a) Yes

7. When did John Mark leave the group? (13:13)
   a) At Perga

8. For how long did Paul say God gave the Israelites Judges? (13:20)
   a) For about 450 years.

9. Of whose seed was the Savior to come? (13:22-23)
   a) David’s

10. What proof did Paul give of the resurrection of Jesus? (13:30-37)
    a) Eye-witnesses
    b) David’s prophecy of not letting Christ’s soul remain in (hell) hades.

11. What was the reaction to Paul’s preaching? (13:42-43)
    a) Gentiles wanted to hear more.
    b) Many followed Paul & Barnabas (became Christians)

12. What caused the Jews to speak against the things spoken by Paul the next Sabbath? (13:44-45)
    a) Filled with envy.
13. How did these Jews judge themselves unworthy of eternal life? (13:46)  
   a) By not accepting the message.

14. How were these Gentiles ordained to eternal life? (13:48)  
   a) God’s provisions was for those who believed to have eternal life.  
   b) But this was an obedient faith.

15. In what sense were the disciples filled with the Holy Spirit? (13:52) (See Chart #3)  
   a) Hungry for His word, putting it into practice in their lives. (Non-Miraculous)

16. What kind of response to the Gospel was seen at Iconium? (14:1-2)  
   a) Great multitude of Jews and Greeks believed.  
   b) Some Jews did not believe.

17. Who did signs and wonders? (14:3)  
   a) By hands of Paul & Barnabas

18. Where did they go next to preach? (14:6-8)  
   a) Lystra, Derbe

19. What two gods did the people of Lystra take Paul and Barnabas for? (14:8-12)  
   a) Mercury & Jupiter

20. What had God done for the nations that served as a witness of Himself? (14:15-17)  
   a) Did good, gave rain, fruitful seasons  
   b) Filled hearts with food & gladness

21. Who helped to stone Paul? (14:19)  
   a) Jews from Antioch & Iconium

22. What did they ordain in all the churches? (14:23)  
   a) Elders (qualified men)

23. What qualifications do men need to meet before being appointed as an elder? (Read 1 Timothy 3:1-7; Titus 1:5-9)  
   a) Just read thru these at this time….do not dwell on unless needed)

24. In what sense had God opened the door of faith unto the Gentiles? (14:27)  
   a) Gentiles had been given opportunity to hear Gospel & believe it.

25. For how long did Paul & Barnabas stay in Antioch? (14:28)  
   a) Long time??
Lesson Eight—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 15:1-35; Gal. 2:1-10
1. Who came down from Judea to Antioch teaching the necessity of circumcision to be saved? (15:1, 5)
   a) Sect of Pharisees that believed.

2. Who were primarily involved in helping to solve this matter? (15, 6, 28)
   a) Apostles, Elders, whole church, Holy Spirit

3. Who spoke first and what was his conclusion? (15:7-11)
   a) Peter-----All will be saved by God’s grace.

4. By what was Cornelius and his house purified? (15:9)
   a) Faith

5. Who spoke next? (15:12)
   a) Barnabas & Paul

6. Who finalized the discussion? (15:13-21)
   a) James

7. What rules were to be laid upon Gentiles? (15:20)
   a) Abstain from pollution of idols
   b) From fornication
   c) From things strangled (improperly killed)
   d) From blood (drinking it)

8. To whom was this letter addressed? (15:23)
   a) To Gentile Christians at Antioch, Syria, Cilicia

9. What two men were also sent with Paul and Barnabas back to Antioch? (15:27)
   a) Judas & Silas

10. What part did the Holy Spirit play in this conclusion? (15:28) (See Chart #6)
    a) Oversaw the conclusion

11. Who decided to stay on at Antioch? (15:34)
    a) Silas
QUESTIONS ON ACTS 15:36-18:22:

1. What things are said about Timothy? (16:1-2)
   a) Son of a Jewish woman, but father was a Greek.
   b) Well reported of by brethren.

2. What indication is given of the growth of churches that Paul was visiting among? (16:5)
   a) Established in the faith & increased in numbers daily.

3. Who forbade them to preach in Asia (province) and Bithynia (province)? (16:6-7)
   a) Holy Spirit

4. Why did Paul go out by the riverside at Philippi? (16:11-13)
   a) Women had a prayer meeting (Jewish) (No Synagogue)

5. How did the Lord open Lydia’s heart? (16:14)
   a) Through preached word…her heart was opened to the message preached.

   a) Baptized…sought Paul & company to stay in her house.

7. Who would her household include? (16:15)
   a) Servants, children who were old enough to be believers.

8. Who indicated that Paul and company were servants of the most High God? (16:16-17)
   a) Demon possessed maiden.

9. How did Paul cast out the evil spirit? (16:18)
   a) Commanded in the name of Jesus Christ to come out of her.

10. What did Paul and Silas do at midnight in jail? (16:25)
    a) Prayed & sang praises unto God.

11. Why did the jailer ask: “Sirs, what must I do to be saved?” (16:30)
    a) Must have connected the things happening with the God Paul worshipped.
    b) He may have been aware also of their preaching a way of salvation through Christ.

12. What all would Paul’s answer in verse 31 include? (16:31-34)
    a) Belief
    b) Repentance shown by actions.
    c) Was baptized…why?
13. Why did Paul want to be released publicly? (16:35-40)  
   a) Take stigma off the church.

14. What Scriptures did Paul use as he preached to the Jews at Thessalonica? (17:1-3)  
   a) Old Testament

15. What results was seen from this teaching? (17:4)  
   a) Some believed & consorted with Paul & Silas.  
   b) Devout Greeks, great multitude, chief women not a few.

16. What did the unbelieving do? (17:5-9)  
   a) Moved with envy.  
   b) Took mob & set them against Paul  
   c) Assaulted house of Jason trying to find Paul.

17. How did the Bereans react to the preached word? (17:10-11)  
   a) Received word with all readiness of mind  
   b) Searched Scriptures daily to see if true

18. What was the results? (17:12)  
   a) Many believed  
   b) Honorable women who were Greeks, and men not a few.

19. Who abode at Berea when Paul left? (17:14)  
   a) Silas & Timothy

20. What was Paul’s reaction as he walked through the streets of Athens? (17:16)  
   a) Spirit was stirred in him when saw city wholly given over to idolatry.

21. Where did Paul have an opportunity to speak to the Philosophers in Athens? (17:18-19)  
   a) Areopagus

22. How did Paul describe the true God? (17:23-29)  
   a) Made the world & all things therein—Lord of heaven & earth  
   b) Dwells not in temples made with hands—neither worshipped with men’s hands.  
   c) Gives to all life, breath, and all things  
   d) Made of one blood all nations  
   e) Determined the times before appointed—bounds of their habitation  
   f) Not far from any one of us—in him we live, move, and have our being.

23. What did Paul say the Athenians must do? (17:30)  
   a) Repent
24. What did his preaching result into? (17:34)
   a) Certain men clave unto him and believed.

25. Who joined Paul at Corinth? (18:5)
   a) Silas & Timothy

26. What was the Jews’ reactions to Paul’s preaching in Corinth? (18:6)
   a) Opposed and blasphemed.

27. Who baptized the Corinthians? (18:8; 1 Cor. 1:14-16)
   a) Paul baptized only a few
   b) Others with Paul

   a) Priscilla & Aquilla

29. Why did Paul not continue preaching in Ephesus? (18:19-21)
   a) Must keep feast at Jerusalem
   b) Large crowd to preach to!!
QUESTIONs on ACTS 18:23-21:17:

1. Who was Apollos? (18:24-25)
   a) Jew, born at Alexandria
   b) Eloquent man, mighty in Scriptures
   c) Instructed in the way of the Lord
   d) Fervent in spirit
   e) Taught diligently the things of the Lord, knowing only the baptism of John

2. What does it mean, “knowing only the Baptism of John?” (18:26)
   a) Had not been fully taught the gospel
   b) Been baptized with John’s baptism evidently

3. How did Aquilla and Priscilla correct him and what did he do? (18:26)
   a) Took him aside
   b) Taught way of the Lord more perfectly
   c) He began preaching the truth.
   d) Presumed that he was baptized in the name of the Lord (Acts 19)

4. To where did Apollos go? (18:27)
   a) Achaia

5. Why did Paul ask the twelve disciples if they had received the Holy Spirit since they believed? (19:2) (See Chart #6)
   a) The Holy Spirit was a gift to those who obey God (Acts 2:38—non-Miraculous indwelling)
   b) Miraculous gifts were also imparted to help the church to grow.
   c) Paul was evidently asking if some Apostle had laid hands on them to impart a miraculous gift of the Spirit.

6. What had they been taught? (19:3)
   a) They knew only John’s baptism.

7. Why were they baptized again? (19:4-5)
   a) Because they had not been properly taught.
   b) Did not properly understand when baptized.
   c) Needed to be baptized by Jesus’ authority---according to His will.

8. Why did Paul lay hands on them? (19:6) (See Chart #5)
   a) To impart a miraculous gift of the Holy Spirit
9. What disciples did he separate from the Jews? (19:9)  
a) Those who had become disciples of Jesus.

10. Where did Paul preach for two years? (19:9-10)  
a) Ephesus in the school of Tyrannus

11. What kind of miracles were wrought by Paul? (19:11-17)  
a) Healing of diseases, evils spirits cast out  
b) Handkerchief & aprons touched brings healing  
c) Last mention of demon possession….cast out.

12. What indications of repentance was shown by many? (19:18-19)  
a) Confessed & showed their deeds.  
b) Brought magical books and burned them.

13. Where had Paul made a decision to go? (19:21)  
a) Pass thru Macedonia & Achaia to go to Jerusalem, and then to Rome.

14. Who was sent ahead of him into Macedonia? (19:22)  
a) Timothy & Erastus

15. Who brought persecution against the church and why? (19:24-34)  
a) The silversmiths at Ephesus  
b) They accused Paul of robbing them of their business by turning people from idolatry.

16. How did the town clerk reason with these people? (19:35-41)  
a) Do not do any thing rash  
b) Use the law to right the wrongs  
c) May be called into account for this unlawful assembly

17. Where did Paul go next and stay for three months? (20:1-3)  
a) Macedonia….Greece

18. Who all were travelers with Paul? (20:4)  
a) Sopater of Berea, Aristarchus & Secundus of Thessalonica  
b) Gaius of Derbe, Timothy  
c) Tychicus & Trophimus of Asia

19. What is significant about Paul staying for 7 days at Troas? (20:6-7)  
a) To meet with the church of the first day of the week.
20. Show a distinction between the terms “breaking of Bread” in 20:7 and 20:11. (See also Acts 2:42-46)
   a) One is the Lord’s Supper in worship (20:7; 2:42)
   b) Other is a common heal (20:11; 2:46)

21. Who did Paul speak to at Miletus? (20:17)
   a) Elders of Ephesus

22. What had Paul taught both Jew and Gentile? (20:21)
   a) Repentance towards God and Faith towards our Lord Jesus Christ.

   a) Through the prophets speaking to him

24. What special admonitions were given to these elders? (20:28-32)
   a) Take heed to yourselves
   b) To the flock that you have been appointed to oversee
   c) To feed (Tend, Shepherd) the flock
   d) Guard against dangers of false teachers
   e) Stay faithful to Word of God

25. What had Paul reminded them about in regards to his support? (20:33-34)
   a) Coveted no man’s gold
   b) Worked with own hands to provide his necessities
   c) Realized it is more blessed to give than receive

26. With whom did Paul stay at Caesarea? (21:8-9)
   a) House of Philip (had been one of the seven in Acts 6)

27. How did the Holy Spirit tell Paul he would be bound at Jerusalem? (21:10-11)
   a) Spoke thru Agabus, the prophet.
Lesson Eleven—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 21:18-26:32:

1. What was the results of Paul’s recounting of his success among the Gentiles? (21:18-20)
   a) They glorified the Lord

2. What problem was James concerned about that he thought Paul could help with? (21:20-25)
   a) Thousands of Jews that believe, but are being told that you teach that all Jews are to forsake Moses, not be circumcised, nor keep customs.
   b) Convince them that you are not teaching this!

3. What did Paul do? (21:26)
   a) Purified himself in temple after 7 days of purification
   b) Signified the accomplishment of the days of purification
   c) Offering to be made

   a) Stirred up people…laid hands on him.

5. Who rescued Paul from being beaten? (21:31-36)
   a) Chief captain and soldiers.

6. Why did the chief captain allow Paul to speak to the Jews? (21:37-40)
   a) Learned that he was not the Egyptian who had stirred up people.
   b) Was of city of Tarsus

7. What had Ananias told Paul to do to have his sins washed away? (22:16)
   a) Arise and be baptized (immersed)

   a) Asked the question: “Is it lawful to scourge a Roman citizen uncondemned?”

9. How did Paul show respect for the High Priest? (23:1-5)
   a) When he realized who he was….stated…”Not to speak evil of ruler of people.”

10. What did Paul say that caused division among his accusers? (23:6-10)
    a) Mentioned that he believed in the resurrection (Sadducees did not)
    b) Squabble among religious leaders over their separate beliefs.

11. How did Paul know he would go to Rome? (23:11)
    a) The Lord told him he would bear witness of him in Rome.
12. What caused the chief captain to send Paul to Caesarea? (23:12-35)
   a) A pact that some Jews had made to kill Paul was found out.
   b) Sent him there to protect him.

13. What was Felix’s reaction to Paul’s defense? (24:10-23)
   a) Deferred the matter until Lysias, the chief captain, should come down.

14. What was Felix’s reaction to Paul’s preaching? (24:24-26)
   a) Trembled
   b) “Go thy way, when I have a more convenient season, I will call for thee.”

15. Why did Felix leave Paul in prison when he left? (24:27)
   a) To show the Jews a pleasure.

16. What caused Paul to appeal to Caesar for judgment? (25:9-12)
   a) He saw that he was not getting anywhere.

17. How knowledgeable was Agrippa? (26:1-3)
   a) Expert in all customs and questions among Jews.

18. Why did the Lord appear to Saul? (26:16-18)
   a) Make thee a minister & witness of things seen & heard
   b) Go unto Gentiles—to open their eyes
      To give light and turn them unto God
      So they could receive forgiveness of sins & an inheritance.

19. What was the results of Paul’s sermon to Agrippa? (26:27-28)
   a) Almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian.
Lesson Twelve—Teacher’s Notes

QUESTIONS ON ACTS 27:1-28:31:

1. Who was with Paul on the trip as a companion? (27:2)
   a) “We” passages indicate Luke was with Paul.
   b) Also Aristarchus, a Macedonian of Thessalonica.

2. What word of comfort did Paul give to the people on the ship in the terrible storm? (27:22-25)
   a) Shall be no loss of life among you.

3. How many were on the ship? (27:37)
   a) 276 souls

4. What act caused the island people to believe Paul was a murderer? (28:3-6)
   a) Bitten by viper when picked up wood

5. Who did Paul heal? (28:8-10)
   a) Father of Publius

6. Who met Paul as they traveled to Rome? (28:15)
   a) The brethren

7. What was the results of Paul’s speaking to the chief of the Jews in Rome? (28:17-22)
   a) Wanted to appoint a day and listen to his preaching.

8. Did the Jews believe? (28:24)
   a) Some did (v. 24)...
   b) Paul made it clear that the Gentiles would receive it.

9. What did Paul quote from Isaiah about those who did not believe? (28:25-27)
   a) Seeing won’t see
   b) Hearing, won’t hear
   c) Heart, mind, eyes, ears closed

10. How long was Paul in Rome? (28:30-31)
    a) Two whole years.

11. Were the miraculous gifts of the Spirit to cease? (1 Cor. 13:9-10) (See Charts #10, #11)
    a) Yes….states that they would.
    b) When….when that which was perfect (complete revelation) was come.

12. After the last Apostle died, who could lay hands on people to impart the gifts? (Eph. 4:4-6) (See Chart #12)
    a) No one
    b) Gifts would have to have ceased by then.
13. Why did Paul say he wanted to go to Rome? (Rom. 1:11-12)
   a) To impart a spiritual gift to them.
   b) An Apostle had to do it!