EXODUS

Chapter 1

1. Name the twelve sons of Jacob: (vs. 2-6) Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah, Dan, Naphtali, Gad, Asher, Issachar, Zebulun, Joseph, and Benjamin

2. Each son came with Jacob with his own household. (vs. 1)

3. How many total family members came with Jacob to Egypt? 70 (vs. 5)

4. After Joseph and his brothers and their generation died, the text says that “the sons of Israel were fruitful and increased greatly, and multiplied, and became exceedingly mighty” (vs. 7)

5. A new king arose over Egypt, who did not know Joseph. (vs. 8)

6. The new king of Egypt was concerned because the sons of Israel had become what? More mightier than the Egyptians (vs. 9)

7. The king was also concerned that Israel would turn against them in the event of war and then depart from the land. (vs. 10)

8. The Egyptians appointed taskmasters over the Israelites to afflict them with hard labor. (vs. 11)

9. The Israelites built for Pharaoh storage cities named what? Pithom and Raamses (vs. 11)

10. The more the Egyptians afflicted the Israelites, the more they multiplied. (vs. 12)

11. What type of work is specifically mentioned that the Israelites were forced to do? They worked with mortar and bricks and all kinds of labor in the field (vs. 14)

12. Who spoke to the Hebrew midwives? The king of Egypt (vs. 15)

13. What were the names of these midwives? Shiphrah and Puah (vs. 15)

14. Israeliite women were said to give birth on what? A birthstool (vs. 16)

15. Why did the midwives not do as they were commanded? They feared God (vs. 17)

16. What excuse did the midwives give for letting the male babies live? They claimed the Israelite women were too vigorous and gave birth before the midwives could get to them (vs. 19)

17. Who was good to the midwives because of what they did? God (vs. 20)

18. What did He do for the midwives because they feared God? He established households for them (vs. 21)

19. Who did Pharaoh then command to deal with the Israelite babies? All his people (vs. 22)

20. What did Pharaoh tell them to do with the male babies? Cast them into the Nile (vs. 22)
Chapter 2

1. Moses’ parents were members of what tribe? Levi (vs. 1)
2. How long did Moses’ mother hide him from the Egyptians? Three months (vs. 2)
3. Moses’ mother hid him when she saw that he was beautiful. (vs. 2)
4. What kind of basket did she put him in? A wicker basket (vs. 3)
5. What did she cover the basket with? Tar and pitch (vs. 3)
6. She put Moses in the basket and set it among the reeds by the bank of the Nile. (vs. 3)
7. Who came down to bathe in the Nile? The daughter of Pharaoh (vs. 5)
8. Who came with Pharaoh’s daughter? Her maidens (vs. 5)
9. What was the baby Moses doing when she opened the basket? Crying (vs. 6)
10. What did Moses’ sister offer to the daughter of Pharaoh? To find a Hebrew woman to nurse the baby (vs. 7)
11. Who did Moses’ sister get to nurse baby Moses? Moses’ mother (vs. 8)
12. What was Moses’ mother offered in exchange for nursing him? Wages (vs. 9)
13. The baby was named “Moses” because the daughter of Pharaoh drew him out of the water. (vs. 10)
14. When Moses grew up, he went out to his brethren and looked on their hard labors. (vs. 11)
15. Who did Moses see beating a Hebrew man? An Egyptian (vs. 11)
16. Moses looked this way and that. When he saw that no one was looking, he struck down the Egyptian. (vs. 12)
17. What did Moses do with the body? Hid him in the sand (vs. 12)
18. The next day, Moses came across two Hebrew men. What were they doing? Fighting each other (vs. 13)
19. What did Moses say to the offender? “Why are you striking your companion?” (vs. 13)
20. The man replied to Moses, “Who made you a prince or a judge over us? Are you intending to kill me, as you killed the Egyptian?” (vs. 14)
21. When Moses heard this, he became afraid and said, “Surely the matter has become known.” (vs. 14)
22. When Pharaoh heard what Moses had done, what did he try to do? Kill Moses (vs. 15)
23. Moses fled to the land of Midian where he sat down by a well. (vs. 15)
24. In Midian, there was a priest who had seven daughters. (vs. 16)
25. The daughters came to draw water and filled the troughs to water their father’s flocks. (vs. 16)

26. Who came and drove away the daughters? The shepherds (vs. 17)

27. What was the name of the girls’ father? Reuel (vs. 18)

28. He asked the daughters, “Why have you come back so soon today?” (vs. 18)

29. The girls said that they were helped by an Egyptian who delivered them from the hand of the shepherds. (vs. 19)

30. Reuel told his daughters to go back and invite Moses to have something to eat. (vs. 20)

31. Moses was given the daughter, Zipporah, to be his wife. (vs. 21)

32. Zipporah gave birth to a son and Moses named him what? Gershom (vs. 22)

33. Why did Moses name his son Gershom? Because Moses said, “I have been a sojourner in a foreign land.” (vs. 22)

34. After many days, who died according to Exodus 2:23? The king of Egypt

35. In Exodus 2:23, “The sons of Israel sighed because of the bondage, and they cried out”

36. God heard their groaning and remembered His covenant with whom? Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob (vs. 24)

37. Exodus 2:25 says, “And God saw the sons of Israel, and God took notice of them.”
Chapter 3

1. What is given as the name of Moses’ father-in-law in Exodus 3:1? Jethro

2. On which side of the wilderness did Moses lead his flock? On the west side (vs. 1)

3. Horeb was called the Mountain of God. It is here where Moses saw the burning bush that was not consumed. (vs. 1-2)

4. Who appeared to Moses in a blazing fire in the midst of a bush? An angel of the Lord (vs. 2)

5. Moses said, “I must turn aside now, and see this marvelous sight…” (vs. 3)

6. God told Moses to remove the sandals from his feet, for the place on which he was standing was holy ground. (vs. 5)

7. God told him there that He was the God of his father, the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. (vs. 6)

8. What did Moses do because he was afraid to look at God? He hid his face (vs. 6)

9. God told Moses that he had seen the affliction of His people in Egypt, and had given heed to their cry because of their taskmasters. (vs. 7)

10. God said he came down to deliver the Israelites from the power of the Egyptians. (vs. 8)

11. God promised to bring them out of Egypt to a good and spacious land, flowing with milk and honey. (vs. 8)

12. God mentioned that this land was presently occupied by six nations. List them: the Canaanite, Hittite, Amorite, the Perizzite, the Hivite, and the Jebusite (vs. 8)

13. God said that he would send Moses to Pharaoh to bring His people out of Egypt. (vs. 10)

14. But Moses said to God, “Who am I, that I should go to Pharaoh, and that I should bring the sons of Israel out of Egypt?” (vs. 11)

15. What was the sign God promised to Moses that it was He who sent him? When Moses brings the people out of Egypt, he would worship God at that mountain. (vs. 12)

16. Moses then told God that the Israelites may ask, “What is His name?”, when Moses came to them and said “The God of your fathers has sent me to you.” (vs. 13)

17. God told Moses, “I AM WHO I AM,” and told Moses to say to the sons of Israel, “I AM has sent me to you.” (vs. 14)

18. God told Moses in verse 15 that “The LORD” was His memorial name to all generations.

19. God told Moses to tell the Israelites that He would bring them up out of the affliction of Egypt. (vs. 17)

20. Who was Moses to take with him to the king of Egypt? The elders of Israel (vs. 18)
21. Moses was told to tell the king of Egypt that the nation wanted to go how many days’ journey into the wilderness to sacrifice to the LORD their God? Three (vs. 18)

22. Did God say that Pharaoh would willingly let them go? No (vs. 19)

23. Pharaoh would let them go under what? Compulsion (vs. 19)

24. God said that He would strike Egypt with all of His what? Miracles (vs. 20)

25. God predicted that when the people left Egypt, they would not go empty-handed. (vs. 21)

26. Each woman was to ask her neighbor and the woman who lives in her house for what? Articles of silver and articles of gold and clothing (vs. 22)

27. They were to put the clothing on their sons and daughters, and thus plunder the Egyptians. (vs. 22)
Chapter 4

1. Moses’ next excuse was that the people might say, “The Lord has not appeared to you.” (vs. 1)

2. The LORD said to Moses, “What is that in your hand?” And he said, “A staff.” (vs. 2)

3. What did God tell Moses to do with the staff? Throw it on the ground (vs. 3)

4. What happened when Moses threw the staff on the ground? The staff became a serpent (vs. 3)

5. God then told Moses to stretch out his hand and grasp the serpent by its what? Tail (vs. 4)

6. What happened when Moses grabbed the serpent by the tail? It became a staff in his hand again (vs. 4)

7. Moses was to do all of this so the people would believe that he was sent by the LORD, the God of their fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob. (vs. 5)

8. The LORD then told Moses to do what with his hand? Put his hand in his bosom (vs. 6)

9. What happened when he did this? His hand became leprous like snow (vs. 6)

10. What happened when Moses put his hand in his bosom a second time? His hand was restored (vs. 7)

11. God said that if the people would not believe the witness of the first sign, they may believe the witness of the last sign. (vs. 8)

12. If the people did not believe these signs, Moses was to take water from where and pour it on the dry ground? Nile (vs. 9)

13. What would happen to the water when he poured it on dry ground? It would become blood (vs. 9)

14. Moses told the LORD he has never been what recently or in times past? Eloquent (vs. 10)

15. Moses also told the LORD he was slow of speech and slow of tongue. (vs. 10)

16. God replied to Moses, “Who has made man’s mouth? Or who makes him dumb or deaf, or seeing or blind?” (vs. 11)

17. Who did God say would be with Moses’ mouth? The LORD (vs. 12)

18. But still Moses asked God to send the message by whom? “Whomever Thou wilt” (vs. 13)

19. Then the anger of the LORD burned against Moses. (vs. 14)

20. Who was Moses’ brother and what tribe was he from? Aaron from the tribe of Levi (vs. 14)

21. Aaron was known to speak how? Fluently (vs. 14)
22. Aaron was to be as a mouth for Moses, and Moses was to be as God to him. (vs. 16)
23. Moses was to perform all signs with what in his hand? His staff (vs. 17)
24. What did Jethro say to Moses when Moses asked to return to Egypt? “Go in peace.” (vs. 18)
25. The LORD said to Moses that all those seeking his life in Egypt were dead. (vs. 19)
26. Who did Moses take with him to Egypt? His wife and sons (vs. 20)
27. Moses mounted his wife and sons on what for their trip to Egypt? A donkey (vs. 20)
28. In Exodus 4:21 the LORD told Moses to “perform before Pharaoh all the wonders which I have put in your power.”
29. What did God do to Pharaoh to cause him to reject the message of Moses? Harden his heart (vs. 21)
30. Moses was to tell Pharaoh that the LORD says that Israel is His son, His first-born, and that he would kill Pharaoh’s son, his first-born if he refused to let them go. (vs. 22-23)
31. What was the name of Moses’ wife? Zipporah (vs. 25)
32. Who met Moses at the Mountain of God? Aaron (vs. 27)
33. What did Aaron do when he met Moses? He kissed him (vs. 27)
34. Moses and Aaron assembled whom? All of the elders of the sons of Israel (vs. 29)
35. Who spoke to the elders? Aaron (vs. 30)
36. What did they do to try to convince the elders that the Lord was on their side? The signs (vs. 30)
37. Did the people believe Moses and Aaron? Yes (vs. 31)
38. What did they do after hearing from Moses and Aaron that the LORD was concerned about the sons of Israel? Bowed low and worshipped (vs. 31)
Chapter 5

1. Moses and Aaron told Pharaoh that God said to let the Israelites go so they could do what? Celebrate a feast to the Lord in the wilderness (vs. 1)

2. Pharaoh answered Moses by saying, “Who is the LORD that I should obey His voice?” (vs. 2)

3. Pharaoh said, “I do not know the Lord”. (vs. 2)

4. How far into the wilderness did the Hebrews ask to go? Three days’ journey (vs. 3)

5. The Hebrews claimed that if they did not sacrifice to the LORD He would fall on them with what? Pestilence or the sword (vs. 3)

6. Pharaoh told the people to get back to their what? Labors (vs. 4)

7. Pharaoh commanded his taskmasters not to give the Israelites what which they had previously given them to help them make bricks? Straw (vs. 7)

8. Did their quota change for the amount of bricks they had to make since they now had to gather straw for themselves? No (vs. 8)

9. Pharaoh called the Israelites lazy because they cried out, “Let us go and sacrifice to our God.” (vs. 8)

10. In Exodus 5:9, Pharaoh said, “Let the labor be heavier on the men, and let them work at it that they may pay no attention to false words.”

11. Who did the taskmasters beat when the brick quotas were not met? The foremen of the sons of Israel (vs. 14)

12. When the Israelites cried out to Pharaoh about the unfairness of the situation, what did Pharaoh call them? Lazy (vs. 17)

13. Who did they go to see after talking to Pharaoh? Moses and Aaron (vs. 20)

14. When they spoke to Moses and Aaron, they told them that Moses and Aaron had made them what in the sight of Pharaoh? Odious (vs. 21)

15. Who did Moses cry out to after the people blamed him for what was happening with Pharaoh? The LORD (vs. 22)
Chapter 6

1. In Exodus 6:1 The LORD told Moses that Pharaoh would let his people go under what? Compulsion
2. God said, when He appeared to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, He appeared as whom? God Almighty (vs. 3)
3. God said He did not make Himself known to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob by His name, which was what? LORD (vs. 3)
4. What was the covenant God established with the patriarchs? To give them the land of Canaan (vs. 4)
5. God also told Moses that He had heard the groaning of the sons of Israel, and had remembered His covenant. (vs. 5)
6. God promised to redeem the people with what? An outstretched arm and with great judgments (vs. 6)
7. When Moses told the Israelites all of these things from the LORD, they did not listen to him on account of their what? Despondency and cruel bondage (vs. 9)
8. When the sons of Israel would not listen to Moses, the LORD told him to go talk to whom? Pharaoh (vs. 9-11)
9. Moses said that Pharaoh would not listen to him, because he was unskilled in what? Speech (vs. 12)
10. Who was Israel’s first-born? Reuben (vs. 14)
11. How long did Levi live? 137 years (vs. 16)
12. What was the name of Moses and Aaron’s father and mother? Amram and Jochebed (vs. 20)
13. How long did Amram live? 137 years (vs. 20)
14. Who did Aaron marry? Elisheba (vs. 23)
15. Who were Aaron and Elisheba’s children? Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar (vs. 23)
16. In Exodus 6:26, the LORD told Moses and Aaron to bring the sons of Israel from the land of Egypt according to their hosts.
Chapter 7

1. Who did the LORD say would be Moses’ prophet? Aaron (vs. 1)
2. Who did the LORD say would speak to Pharaoh so that he would let the sons of Israel go out of his land? Aaron (vs. 2)
3. Who hardened Pharaoh’s heart? The LORD (vs. 3)
4. The LORD said he would harden Pharaoh’s heart so that He would multiply what? His signs and wonders (vs. 3)
5. How old were Moses and Aaron when they spoke to Pharaoh? Moses (80), Aaron (83) (vs. 7)
6. Whose rod became a serpent? Aaron’s (vs.10)
7. Who did Pharaoh call for to do the same as Moses and Aaron had done? His wise men and sorcerers (vs. 11)
8. Did the magicians’ staffs turn into serpents? Yes (vs. 11)
9. What did Aaron’s staff do to the magicians’ staffs? Swallowed them up (vs. 12)
10. Did this convince Pharaoh to let the people go? No (vs. 13)
11. Moses met Pharaoh in the morning, on the bank of what river? The Nile (vs. 15)
12. The staff that was turned to a serpent was now used to turn water into what? Blood (vs. 17)
13. When the water was turned to blood, what three things would happen? 1. The fish in the Nile would die 2. The water would become foul, and 3. The Egyptians would find difficulty in drinking water from the Nile. (vs. 18)
14. Aaron was told by Moses to stretch his hand out over what waters of Egypt? Their rivers, their streams, their pools, and all their reservoirs (vs. 19)
15. Blood would also be found in vessels of what? Wood and stone (vs. 19)
16. The magicians of Egypt did the same with their what? Secret arts (vs. 22)
17. Pharaoh was unconcerned about all of this and turned and went where? Into his house (vs. 23)
18. Why did the Egyptians dig around the Nile? To find water to drink (vs. 24)
19. In Exodus 7:25, how many days passed after the LORD struck the Nile? Seven
Chapter 8

1. What did the LORD say he would smite the whole territory with if Pharaoh did not let His people go in Exodus 8: 2? Frogs

2. Where did the LORD say the frogs would go? The Nile would swarm with frogs, Pharaoh’s house, his bedroom, on his bed, in his servants’ houses, on his people, in his ovens and his kneading bowls (vs. 3)

3. Who stretched out his hand over the waters of Egypt so that the frogs came upon the land of Egypt? Aaron (vs. 5)

4. Were the magicians able to make the frogs come out on the land of Egypt with their secret arts? Yes (vs. 7)

5. Who did Pharaoh call for to remove the frogs from the land of Egypt? Moses and Aaron (vs. 8)

6. Did Moses agree to remove the frogs? Yes (vs. 9)

7. When did Pharaoh ask him to remove the frogs? The next day (vs. 10)

8. Moses wanted Pharaoh to know that there was no one like the LORD our God. (vs. 10)

9. What did they do with the frogs after they died? They piled them in heaps (vs. 14)

10. After Pharaoh was relieved from the frogs, did he let the people go? No, he hardened his heart (vs. 15)

11. What plague came after the frogs? Gnats (vs. 16)

12. What did Aaron strike with his staff that turned into gnats? The dust of the earth (vs. 17)

13. Were the magicians able to use their secret arts to bring forth gnats? No (vs. 18)

14. What did the magicians tell Pharaoh about the gnats? “This is the finger of God.” (vs. 19)

15. Did Pharaoh listen to the magicians? No, his heart was hardened (vs. 19)

16. When did the LORD tell Moses to appear to Pharaoh after this? Early in the morning as he comes out of the water (vs. 20)

17. What did Moses tell Pharaoh would happen if he did not let his people go? The Lord would send swarms of insects over Pharaoh, his servants, his people, his houses and the houses of the Egyptians and the ground on which they dwell (vs. 21)

18. Where would no insects swarm? The land of Goshen, when the LORD’s people were living (vs. 22)

19. Because of all the swarms of insects, the land was what? Laid waste (vs. 24)

20. What did Pharaoh say after the plague of insects? “Go, sacrifice to your God within the land.” (vs. 25)

21. Moses said he would not sacrifice within the land but said they must go how far to sacrifice? Three days’ journey (vs. 27)
22. Pharaoh said he would let him go to the wilderness, but he did not want him to go far away. He asked Moses to do what for him? Make supplication for him (vs. 28)

23. Moses said he would do what so the insects would depart? Make supplication to the LORD (vs. 29)

24. Did the LORD do as Moses requested? Yes, He removed the swarms of insects so that not one remained (vs. 31)

25. What did Pharaoh do after the insects were removed? Hardened his heart and did not let the people go (vs. 32)
Chapter 9

1. What did Moses warn Pharaoh would happen, after the swarm of insects, if Pharaoh did not let the people go? The LORD would send severe pestilence on their livestock (vs. 3)

2. What kinds of animals did Moses mention specifically when referring to the severe pestilence of their livestock? Livestock in the field, on the horses, on the donkeys, on the camels, on the herds, and on the flocks (vs. 3)

3. What livestock would not be harmed? All the livestock that belongs to the sons of Israel (vs. 4)

4. How long would it be between the time Moses warned Pharaoh of the plague against the livestock and when the pestilence began? The Plague would begin the next day (vs. 5)

5. How many of the livestock of Egypt died in the plague? All of the livestock (vs. 6)

6. How many of the livestock of the sons of Israel died in the plague? Not even one (vs. 7)

7. Did Pharaoh change his mind and let the people go after the plague of the pestilence of the livestock? No, his heart was hardened (vs. 7)

8. What was Moses to throw toward the sky in the sight of Pharaoh in Exodus 9:8? Handfuls of soot from a kiln

9. What did the soot become? Fine dust that became boils breaking out with sores on man and beast through all the land of Egypt (vs. 9)

10. Why could the magicians not stand before Moses? Because the boils were on the magicians as well (vs. 11)

11. Did Pharaoh change his mind and let the people go? No, the LORD hardened his heart (vs. 12)

12. Why did the LORD say he had allowed Pharaoh to remain after all the plagues to this point? To show Pharaoh the LORD’s power and to proclaim the LORD’s name through all the earth (vs. 16)

13. What was the plague after the plague of boils? Hail (vs. 18)

14. What was unique about this hail? It was a very heavy hail that had not been seen in Egypt from the day it was founded (vs. 18)

15. Who would be harmed in the hail storm? Every man and beast found in the field (vs. 19)

16. What could they do to be protected from the hail? Bring their livestock into their houses (vs. 20)

17. Who took cover in their houses to be safe from the plague of hail? Those who feared the word of the LORD (vs. 20)

18. Who allowed their servants and livestock to remain in the field during the plague of hail? He who paid no regard to the word of the LORD (vs. 21)
19. When Moses stretched out his hand toward the sky, what came along with the hail? Thunder and fire (vs. 23)

20. Along with striking every man and beast that was in the field, what else did the hail do? Struck every plant and shattered every tree of the field (vs. 25)

21. Where was there no hail? In the land of Goshen, where the sons of Israel lived (vs. 26)

22. What did Pharaoh say after the plague of hail? “I have sinned this time; the LORD is the righteous one, and I and my people are the wicked ones.”

23. Pharaoh also asked Moses to make supplication to the LORD for what to happen? For the thunder and hail to stop (vs. 28)

24. What did Pharaoh say he would allow if the LORD stopped the hail? He said he would let the sons of Israel go (vs. 28)

25. When did Moses say the hail would stop? As soon as Moses left the city and spread out his hands to the LORD (vs. 29)

26. What did Moses say about Pharaoh and his servants? He said he knew they did not yet fear the LORD God (vs. 30)

27. Which crops were ruined in the hail? The flax and barley (vs. 31)

28. What crops were not ruined and why? The wheat and the spelt because they ripen late (vs. 32)

29. Did Pharaoh let the people go after the hail stopped? No, he hardened his heart (vs. 34)
Chapter 10

1. Who did the LORD say Moses would tell about how the LORD dealt harshly with the Egyptians by bring the plagues upon them? Moses’ son and grandson (vs. 2)

2. What plague was after the plague of the hail? Locusts (vs. 4)

3. Moses and Aaron told Pharaoh that the LORD has said, “For if you refuse to let your people go, behold, tomorrow I will bring the locusts into your territory.” (vs. 4)

4. What three things did Moses and Aaron say the locusts would do? Cover the land so they could not see it, eat what the hail had not destroyed (vs. 5), and fill the houses of all the Egyptians (vs. 6)

5. What did Pharaoh’s servants say to Pharaoh after Moses and Aaron left? “How long will this man be a snare to us? Let the men go, that they may serve the LORD their God. Do you not realize that Egypt is destroyed?” (vs. 7)

6. Who did Moses ask to be permitted to leave Egypt to serve the LORD so that the plague of locusts would not come? Their young and old, their sons and daughters, and their flocks and herds (vs. 9)

7. Pharaoh told Moses that who would be permitted to leave Egypt to serve the LORD instead of who Moses had requested? Just the men (vs. 11)

8. Did Moses agree to Pharaoh’s offer? No (vs. 12)

9. Wind from what direction brought in the locusts? From the east (vs. 13)

10. How long did the east wind blow until the locusts came? All that day and night and when it was morning the locusts came (vs. 13)

11. The locust covered the surface of the whole land, so that the land was what? Darkened (vs. 15)

12. After the locusts came, nothing green was left on tree or plant of the field through all the land of Egypt. (vs. 15)

13. What did Pharaoh ask of Aaron and Moses after the plague of locusts? To forgive his sin and make supplication to the LORD to remove this death from him (vs. 17)

14. How did the LORD remove the locusts from the land of Egypt? He shifted the wind to a strong west wind which took the locusts and drove them into the Red Sea (vs. 19)

15. What plague came after the locusts? Darkness (vs. 21)

16. The darkness would be so dark it could be what? Felt (vs. 21)

17. How long did the darkness last? Three days (vs. 22)

18. After the plague of darkness, Pharaoh said the Israelites could go serve the LORD except they must leave what behind? Their flocks and herds (vs. 24)

19. What reason did Moses give for requesting to take the flocks and herds with them? They needed them for sacrifices and burnt offerings and would not know which livestock they would use until they got there (vs. 25-26)
20. Pharaoh’s response to Moses’ request to take the livestock was, “Get away from me! Beware do not see my face again, for in the day you see my face you shall die!” (vs. 28)

21. Moses’ response to Pharaoh was, “You are right; I shall never see your face again!” (vs. 29)
Chapter 11

1. How many plagues would there be after the plague of darkness? One (vs. 1)
2. What did the LORD command the Israelites to request from their neighbors before the final plague? Articles of silver and gold (vs. 2)
3. How was Moses regarded at this time in the land of Egypt both in the sight of Pharaoh’s servants and in the sight of the people? He was greatly esteemed (vs. 3)
4. At what time were the first-born in the land of Egypt to die? Midnight (vs. 4)
5. As Moses stated that the firstborn shall die in the land of Egypt, he specifically mentions three examples of the first-born of whom? Pharaoh, the slave girl, and the cattle (vs. 5)
6. Moses said that after the death of the first-born, “there shall be a great cry in the land of Egypt, such as there has not been before and such as shall never be again.” (vs. 6)
7. In contrast to the cry from the Egyptians, the LORD said not even what would happen among the Israelites so they would understand how the LORD would make a distinction between Egypt and Israel? A dog shall not even bark (vs. 7)
8. The LORD said through Moses that who would bow before Moses and ask them to leave Egypt? Pharaoh’s servants (vs. 8)
9. After Moses told Pharaoh about the final plague, he left him in what state? In hot anger (vs. 8)
10. The LORD said to Moses that Pharaoh would not listen to Moses for what reason? So the LORD’s wonders would be multiplied in the land of Egypt (vs. 9)
11. Moses and Aaron performed all these wonders before Pharaoh, yet the LORD did what and Pharaoh did not let the sons of Israel go out of his land? Hardened Pharaoh’s heart (vs. 10)
Chapter 12

1. The LORD said to Aaron and Moses, “This month shall be the beginning of months for you; it is to be the first month of the year to you.” (vs. 2)

2. On what day of the month were the sons of Israel told to take a lamb for each household? The 10th (vs. 3)

3. If a household was too small for the lamb, they were to do what with the lamb? He and his neighbor were to divide the lamb according to the number of persons in each house (vs. 4)

4. What type of lamb were they to choose? An unblemished male a year old taken from the sheep or goats (vs. 5)

5. They were to keep the lamb until what day of the same month? The fourteenth (vs. 6)

6. The assembly of the congregation was to kill the lamb at what time? Twilight (vs. 6)

7. What were they to do with some of the blood of the lamb? Put it on the two doorposts and on the lintel of the houses in which they eat the lamb (vs. 7)

8. When and how were they to eat the lamb? They were to eat it that same night, roasted with fire with unleavened bread and bitter herbs (vs. 8)

9. How were they not to eat the lamb? They were not to eat any of the lamb raw or boiled with water, and they were to burn with fire any left over the next morning (vs. 9-10)

10. What were they to wear when they ate the lamb? Their loins were to be girded, their sandals should be on their feet, and their staff was to be in hand (vs. 11)

11. What was this meal? The LORD’s Passover (vs. 11)

12. What would be happening the night they ate the LORD’s Passover? The LORD would be going through the land of Egypt striking down all the first-born in the land (vs. 12)

13. What would the LORD do when he saw the blood on their houses? He would pass over them, and no plague would befall them (vs. 13)

14. This Passover was to be a memorial to them, and they were to celebrate it as a feast to the LORD and a what? A permanent ordinance (vs. 14)

15. For seven days they were to eat unleavened bread, and if anyone ate it, what would happen? That person shall be cut off from Israel (vs. 15)

16. Which days were they to have a holy assembly? On the first and seventh day (vs. 16)

17. What other feast were they to observe? The Feast of Unleavened Bread (vs. 17)

18. What days of the first month were they to eat the unleavened bread? The 14th through the 21st day at evening (vs. 18)
19. Who did Moses call for to take and slay the Passover lamb? All the elders of Israel (vs. 21)

20. What were they to take and dip in the blood in the basin? A bunch of hyssop (vs. 22)

21. How long were they to observe that event as an ordinance? Forever (vs. 24)

22. When their children ask, “What does this rite mean to you?” what were they to answer? “It is a Passover sacrifice to the LORD who passed over the houses of the sons of Israel in Egypt when He smote the Egyptians, but spared our homes.” (vs. 27)

23. What time of night was it when the LORD struck all the land of Egypt? Midnight (vs. 29)

24. Why was there a great cry in Egypt? Because there was no home where there was not someone dead (vs. 30)

25. Pharaoh called for Moses and Aaron at night and told them to “Rise up, get out from among my people”. (vs. 31)

26. What did the sons of Israel take with them as they left Egypt? Their dough before it was leavened with their kneading bowls bound up in the clothes on their shoulders and the articles of gold and silver and clothing they got from their Egyptian neighbors (vs. 34-35)

27. Where did the sons of Israel journey? From Rameses to Succoth (vs. 37)

28. How many men took this journey? Six hundred thousand (vs. 37)

29. How long had the sons of Israel lived in Egypt? 430 years (vs. 41)

30. Who was not to eat of the Passover? Any foreigner (vs. 43), a sojourner (unless he and his males are circumcised (vs. 48), or a hired servant (vs. 45), or any uncircumcised person (vs. 48)

31. A slave could eat of the Passover if what? He had been purchased with money and circumcised (vs. 44)

32. The flesh of the prepared lamb was not to be taken outside of the house, nor were they to break any what? Bone (vs. 46)

33. The same law applies both to the native and stranger who sojourned among them. (vs. 49)
Chapter 13

1. Who did the LORD ask Moses to sanctify to the LORD? Every first-born, the first offspring of every womb among the sons of Israel, both man and beast (vs. 2)

2. The children of Israel left Egypt in what month? Abib (vs. 4)

3. The land of the Canaanite, Hittite, Amorite, Hivite, and Jebusite was described as a land flowing with what? Milk and honey (vs. 5)

4. How many days were they to eat unleavened bread? Seven days (vs. 6)

5. What were they to do on the seventh day? Have a feast to the LORD (vs. 6)

6. What were the sons of Israel to tell their son about the feast of unleavened bread? “It is because of what the LORD did for me, when I came out of Egypt.” (vs. 8)

7. What two places on their body was it to be a sign and reminder that the law of the LORD may be in their mouth and that the powerful hand of the LORD brought them out of Egypt? Their hand and forehead (vs. 9)

8. Every first offspring of a donkey, they were to redeem with what? A lamb (vs. 13)

9. If they did not redeem the first offspring of the donkey, what were they to do? Break its neck (vs. 13)

10. When their sons asked about why they were to redeem all the firstborns, what were they to say? “With a powerful hand the LORD brought us out of Egypt, from the house of slavery” and that the LORD killed the firstborn of all the Egyptians, so the sons of Israel were to redeem their firstborn. (vs. 14-15)

11. Why did God not lead the people by the land of the Philistines, even though it was near? “Lest the people change their minds when they see war, and they return to Egypt.” (vs. 17)

12. God led the people around by the way of the wilderness to what? The Red Sea (vs. 18)

13. Whose bones did Moses take with them out of Egypt? Joseph’s bones (vs. 19)

14. After leaving Succoth, where did the sons of Israel camp? Etham, on the edge of the wilderness (vs. 20)

15. How was the Lord guiding the sons of Israel on their journey? In a pillar of cloud by day and in a pillar of fire by night to give them light (vs. 21)
Chapter 14

1. The LORD told Moses to tell the people to turn back and camp before where, which was between Migdol and the sea? Pihahiroth (vs. 2)

2. The LORD also told Moses to tell the people to camp in front of where, opposite it, by the sea? Baal-Zephon (vs. 2)

3. What did the LORD say Pharaoh would say about how the sons of Israel were traveling? “They are wandering aimlessly in the land; the wilderness has shut them in.” (vs. 3)

4. The LORD said he would harden Pharaoh’s heart, and Pharaoh would do what? Chase after the sons of Israel with his army (vs. 4)

5. When Pharaoh decided to chase after the sons of Israel, how many select chariots did he take with him? 600 (vs. 7)

6. As Pharaoh drew near, the sons of Israel looked, and behold, the Egyptians were marching after them, and they became very frightened. (vs. 10)

7. What did the sons of Israel ask when the Egyptians found them? “Is it because there were no graves in Egypt that you have taken us away to die in the wilderness?” (vs. 11)

8. The sons of Israel said it would have been better for them to serve the Egyptians than to what? Die in the wilderness (vs. 12)

9. Moses replied to the sons of Israel not to fear because they would see what? The salvation of the LORD (vs. 13)

10. Moses said to the sons of Israel in Exodus 14:14, “The LORD will fight for you while you keep silent.”

11. The LORD told Moses to lift up his staff and stretch out his hand over the sea to do what to the sea? Divide it so the sons of Israel could go through on dry ground. (vs. 16)

12. What two things went between the sons of Israel and the camp of the Egyptians? The angel of God and the pillar of cloud (vs. 19)

13. When the sons of Israel went through the Red Sea on dry ground, what were the waters like? A wall on their right and on their left (vs. 22)

14. What did the LORD do to the chariots as they were chasing the sons of Israel? Caused the chariot wheels to swerve and made them drive with difficulty (vs. 25)

15. Who perished when Moses stretched out his hand and the waters of the Red Sea returned to normal? The chariots and horsemen and Pharaoh’s entire army that had gone after the sons of Israel (vs. 28)

16. Where did Israel see the Egyptians dead? On the seashore (vs. 30)

17. When Israel saw the great power which the LORD had used against the Egyptians, the people what? Feared the LORD and believed in the LORD and in his servant, Moses (vs. 31)
Chapter 15

1. Moses and the sons of Israel sang a song to whom? The LORD (vs. 1)

2. “The horse and its rider He has hurled into the sea.” Exodus 15:1

3. “The LORD is a warrior; The LORD is His name.” Exodus 15:3

4. In the song of Moses and Israel, what two things are said about the right hand of the LORD? It is majestic in power, and it shatters the enemy (vs. 6)

5. In the song of Moses and Israel, what happened at the blast of the LORD’s nostrils? The waters were piled up (vs. 8)

6. In the song of Moses and Israel, the enemy said “I will” to what four things? I will pursue, I will overtake, I will divide the spoil, I will draw out my sword (vs. 9)

7. In Exodus 15:10 they likened their sinking to what in the mighty waters? Lead

8. Exodus 15:13 says, “In Thy lovingkindness Thou has led the people whom Thou has redeemed; In Thy strength Thou hast guided them to Thy holy habitation.”

9. In the song of Moses and Israel, what had gripped the inhabitants of Philistia? Anguish (vs. 14)

10. In the song of Moses and Israel, the chiefs of Edom were what? Dismayed (vs. 15)

11. In the song of Moses and Israel, who did trembling grip? The leaders of Moab (vs. 15)

12. In the song of Moses and Israel, what happened to the inhabitants of Canaan? They have melted away (vs. 15)

13. Who was Aaron’s sister? Miriam (vs. 20)

14. Miriam was referred to as what in Exodus 15:20? A prophetess

15. Miriam took a timbrel in her hand, went out with the other women and danced while saying what? “Sing to the LORD, for He is highly exalted; the horse and his rider He has hurled into the sea.” (vs. 20-21)

16. After Moses lead them from the Red Sea, they went to the wilderness of what? Shur (vs. 22)

17. Where were the waters bitter? At Marah (vs. 23)

18. What did the LORD have Moses do to make the waters of Marah sweet? Throw a tree into the water (vs. 25)

19. At the waters of Marah, the LORD said if the people gave earnest heed to the voice of the LORD, and did what was right in His sight, and gave ear to His commandments, and kept all His statutes, the LORD would not do what? Give them any of the diseases on which he had put on the Egyptians (vs. 26)

20. After they left Marah, they camped where? Elim (vs. 27)

21. What was at Elim? 12 springs and 70 date palms (vs. 27)
Chapter 16

1. After Elim, the sons of Israel came to the wilderness of Sin on the 15th day of what month after their departure from Egypt? The second month (vs. 1)

2. What did the sons of Israel grumble about at the wilderness of Sin? How hungry they were (vs. 3)

3. The sons of Israel said they would have rather been in Egypt with what than to die in the wilderness of hunger? Their pots of meat and bread (vs. 3)

4. How did the LORD say he would provide food? He would rain bread from heaven (vs. 4)

5. How much bread could they gather each day? A day’s portion (vs. 4)

6. On the 6th day, when they prepared what they brought in, how much bread would they have? Twice as much as they gathered daily (vs. 5)

7. When would the bread come? In the morning (vs. 8)

8. When would the meat come? In the evening (vs. 8)

9. What was the meat that the LORD provided in the evening? Quail (vs. 13)

10. When the LORD sent the quail, what did it do? Covered the camp (vs. 13)

11. What covered the ground the next morning? A layer of dew (vs. 13)

12. When the dew evaporated, what did it become? A fine flake-like thing, fine as the frost on the ground (vs. 14)

13. Did the sons of Israel know what the white flakes were? No (vs. 15)

14. Who told the sons of Israel what the white flakes were? Moses (vs. 15)

15. How much of the bread did Moses tell them to gather? An omer apiece for the number of persons each had in their tent (vs. 16)

16. Some gathered much and some gathered little, but when they measured it, what happened? He who gathered much had no excess, and he who gathered little had no lack (vs. 18)

17. Moses commanded them to leave none of what they had gathered for the next what? Morning (vs. 19)

18. Did they all listen and obey Moses? No (vs. 20)

19. What happened to the bread that some saved for the next morning? It bred worms and became foul (vs. 20)

20. When the sun grew hot, what would happen to the bread? It would melt (vs. 21)

21. Why were they to gather twice as much bread on the sixth day? So they would have enough for the Sabbath (vs. 22-25)

22. What were they to do on the Sabbath day? Rest (vs. 30)

23. What did the sons of Israel name the bread? Manna (vs. 31)
24. How did they describe the manna? It was like coriander seed, white; and its taste was like wafers with honey (vs. 31)

25. What did the LORD command to be done with an omerful of the manna? Keep it throughout their generations so they would remember how the LORD fed them in the wilderness (vs. 32)

26. How did they store the omerful of the manna? In a jar, which was kept before the Testimony (vs. 33-34)

27. How many years did they eat the manna? 40 years (vs. 35)

28. How much is an omer? A tenth of an ephah (vs. 36)
Chapter 17

1. After the sons of Israel left the wilderness of Sin, where did they camp? Rephidim (vs. 1)

2. What problem did they have at Rephidim? There was no water for them to drink (vs. 1)

3. What did the people say to Moses as they grumbled to him about having no water? “Why, now, have you brought us up from Egypt, to kill us and our children and our livestock with thirst?” (vs. 3)

4. What did Moses tell the LORD the people might do to him? Stone him (vs. 4)

5. What did the LORD tell Moses to do? Pass before the people with some of the elders of Israel and strike the rock at Horeb with his staff (vs. 5-6)

6. Where did the LORD say He would be when Moses would strike the rock? He said He would stand before Moses on the rock (vs. 6)

7. What happened when Moses struck the rock? Water came out of it (vs. 6)

8. What did Moses name the place where the water came out of the rock? Massah and Meribah (vs. 7)

9. Why did Moses name the place Massah and Meribah? Because of the quarrel of the sons of Israel, and because they tested the LORD, saying, “Is the LORD among us, or not?” (vs. 7)

10. Who came and fought against Israel at Rephidim? Amalek (vs. 8)

11. Who did Moses tell to choose men and go out to fight against Amalek? Joshua (vs. 9)

12. Where did Moses say he would station himself while they were fighting against Amalek? On top of the hill with the staff of God in his hand (vs. 9)

13. Who went with Moses to the top of the hill? Aaron and Hur (vs. 10)

14. When did Israel prevail, and when did Amalek prevail? When Moses held his hand up, Israel prevailed, and when Moses let his hand down, Amalek prevailed (vs. 11)

15. What did Aaron and Hur do to help Moses because his hands were heavy? Took a stone and put it under him for him to sit on, and they each supported his hands, one on each side of him (vs. 12)

16. How long did Aaron and Hur assist Moses in keeping his arms up? Until the sun set (vs. 12)

17. What did the LORD say to Moses about their victory over Amalek? “Write this in a book as a memorial, and recite it to Joshua, that I will utterly blot out the memory of Amalek from under heaven.” (vs. 14)

18. After the victory over Amalek, Moses built an alter and named it what? The Lord is My Banner (vs. 15)

19. The LORD will have war against Amalek from generation to generation. (vs. 16)
Chapter 18

1. Jethro was the priest of what? Midian (vs. 1)

2. What are Moses’ two sons’ names, and what do their names mean? Gershom, which means, I have been a sojourner in a foreign land, and Eliezer, which means, The God of my father was my help, and delivered me from the sword of Pharaoh (vs. 3-4)

3. Where did Jethro take Moses’ wife and sons to meet him? In the wilderness where he was camped at the mount of God (vs. 5)

4. After Moses and Jethro met again, Moses told Jethro about what the LORD had done to Pharaoh, their hardships on their journey, and how the LORD had delivered them. (vs. 8)

5. Jethro rejoiced over all the goodness which the LORD had done to Israel. (vs. 9)

6. Who came with all the elders of Israel to eat a meal with Moses’ father-in-law before God? Aaron (vs. 12)

7. The next day, Moses sat to do what from morning until the evening? Judge the people (vs. 13)

8. Jethro asked Moses, “Why do you alone sit as judge?” (vs. 14)

9. Why did Jethro say it was not good that he was alone judging the people? Because Moses would wear out, the task was too heavy for one person (vs. 18)

10. Jethro gave Moses advice to choose men with what three qualities to be leaders of thousands, of hundreds, of fifties, and of tens? Men who fear God, men of truth, and those who hate dishonest gain (vs. 21)

11. What types of disputes did Jethro say these men should judge? Every minor dispute (vs. 22)

12. What types of disputes did Jethro say Moses should judge? Every major dispute (vs. 22)

13. What did Jethro say would happen if Moses did what he suggested? Moses would be able to endure, and all the people would go to their place in peace (vs. 23)

14. Did Moses take Jethro’s advice? Yes, he did all that he had said (vs. 24)

15. Then Moses bade his father-in-law farewell, and he went his way into his own land. (vs. 27)
Chapter 19

1. When did the sons of Israel come to the wilderness of Sinai? In the third month after coming out of Egypt (vs. 1)

2. The LORD told Moses He had bore the sons of Israel on what type of wings? Eagles’ (vs. 4)

3. The LORD told Moses that if they obey the LORD and keep his covenant, they would be a kingdom of what and a holy what? Kingdom of priests, and a holy nation (vs. 6)

4. What did the people say when Moses told them what the LORD had said? “All that the LORD has spoken we will do!” (vs. 8)

5. The LORD said he would come to Moses in a thick cloud so the people would hear when He speaks to them and believe in Moses. (vs. 9)

6. The LORD also said to Moses, “Go to the people and consecrate them today and tomorrow, and let them wash their garments.” (vs. 10)

7. On what day did the LORD say He would come down on Mount Sinai in the sight of all the people? The third day (vs. 11)

8. What did the LORD say would happen to any of the people who went up on the mountain or touched the border of it? They would be put to death, either stoned or shot through (vs. 12-13)

9. What happened at the mountain on the third day? There were thunder and lightning flashes, a thick cloud upon the mountain and a very loud trumpet sound (vs. 16)

10. What did the people do when they saw and heard all of this? They trembled (vs. 16)

11. Now Mount Sinai was all in smoke because the LORD descended upon it in fire. (vs. 18)

12. The smoke ascended from the mountain like the smoke of what? A furnace (vs. 18)

13. When the sound of the trumpet grew louder and louder, Moses spoke and God answered him with what? Thunder (vs. 19)

14. The LORD spoke to Moses, “Go down, warn the people, lest they break through to the LORD to gaze, and many of them perish.” (vs. 21)

15. The priests who came near to the LORD were to do what? Consecrate themselves (vs. 22)

16. Who did the LORD allow to come up on the mountain with Moses? Aaron (vs. 24)
Chapter 20 (vs. 1-17)

God spoke to the people and gave them the following commandments:

1. You shall have no other gods before Me. (vs. 3)

2. You shall not make for yourself an idol, or any likeness of what is in heaven above or on the earth beneath or in the water under the earth. (vs. 4)
   - You shall not worship them or serve them; for I, the LORD your God, am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers on the children, on the third and fourth generations of those who hate Me (vs. 5)

3. You shall not take the name of the LORD your God in vain, for the LORD will not leave him unpunished who takes His name in vain. (vs. 7)

4. Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. (vs. 8)
   - For in six days the LORD made the heavens and the earth, the sea and all that is in them, and rested on the seventh day; therefore the LORD blessed the Sabbath day and made it holy. (vs. 11)

5. Honor your father and your mother, that your days may be prolonged in the land which the LORD your God gives you. (vs. 12)

6. You shall not murder. (vs. 13)

7. You shall not commit adultery. (vs. 14)

8. You shall not steal. (vs. 15)

9. You shall not bear false witness against your neighbor. (vs. 16)

10. You shall not covet your neighbor’s house; you shall not covet your neighbor’s wife or his male servant or his female servant or his ox or his donkey or anything that belongs to your neighbor. (vs. 17)
Chapter 20 (vs. 18-26)

1. After God spoke these words, all the people perceived the thunder and the lightning flashes and the sound of the trumpet and the mountain smoking; and when the people saw it, they trembled and stood at a distance. (vs. 18)

2. The people told Moses to speak to them himself and they would listen, but they did not want God to speak to them for what reason? Lest they die (vs. 19)

3. Moses told the people not to be afraid because God had come for what two reasons? To test them and so the fear of Him may remain with them so they would not sin (vs. 20)

4. Where was God when Moses then approached Him? In the thick cloud (vs. 21)

5. The LORD told Moses they should not make other gods made of what? Silver and gold (vs. 23)

6. What did God tell Moses to make for Him? An alter of earth to sacrifice burnt offerings and peace offerings (vs. 24)

7. The LORD said if Moses made an altar of stone, it could not be built with what? Cut stones (vs. 25)

8. Why did the LORD say the altar could not be made with cut stones? If he would wield a tool on it, he would profane it (vs. 25)
Exodus 32

1. What did the people ask Aaron to do when Moses was delayed in coming down from the mountain? Make them a god (vs. 1)

2. Why did the people ask Aaron to make them a god? Because they did not know what happened to Moses (vs. 1)

3. What did Aaron tell the people to do? Tear off the gold rings from the ears of their wives, sons, and daughters, and bring them to Aaron (vs. 2)

4. What did Aaron do with all the gold when the people brought it to him? Fashioned it with a graving tool and made it into a molten calf (vs. 4)

5. What did they say the molten calf was? The god that brought them out of Egypt (vs. 4)

6. What did Aaron build before the molten calf? An altar (vs. 5)

7. What proclamation did Aaron make after he built the altar? “Tomorrow shall be a feast to the LORD.” (vs. 5)

8. What did the people do the next morning? Rose early, offered burnt offerings, brought peace offerings, sat down to eat and drink, and then rose up to play (vs. 6)

9. What did the LORD say to Moses about what the people were doing? “Go down at once, for your people, whom you brought up from the land of Egypt, have corrupted themselves.” (vs. 7)

10. The LORD said He was so angry about what the people had done that He may what? He might destroy the people and make a great nation from Moses (vs. 10)

11. As Moses tried to persuade the LORD not to destroy the people, what did he say about the Egyptians? “Why should the Egyptians speak, saying, ‘With evil intent He brought them out to kill them in the mountains and to destroy them from the face of the earth’?” (vs. 12)

12. As Moses tried to persuade the LORD not to destroy the people, who did he tell the LORD to remember? Abraham, Isaac, and Israel and the promise He made to them (vs. 13)

13. Was Moses able to persuade the LORD not to destroy the people? Yes (vs. 14)

14. When Moses went down from the mountain after speaking to the LORD, what did he have with him? The two tablets of testimony in his hand (vs. 15)

15. How many sides of the tablets were written on? Both sides (vs. 15)

16. Who wrote on the tablets? God (vs. 16)

17. What did Joshua say to Moses when he heard the sound of the people in the camp? “There is a sound of war in the camp.” (vs. 17)

18. What did Moses say the sound was? It was the sound of singing (vs. 18)

19. What did Moses do when he saw the calf and the dancing? He threw the tablets from his hands and shattered them at the foot of the mountain (vs. 19)
20. What did Moses do with the calf? Burned it with fire and ground it to powder, scattered it over the surface of the water and made the sons of Israel drink it. (vs. 20)

21. What did Moses ask Aaron? “What did this people do to you, that you have brought such great sin upon them?” (vs. 21)

22. How did Aaron say the people got the calf? He said he asked them to bring their gold, he threw it into the fire and out came the calf. (vs. 24)

23. Who did Moses tell to come to him? All the people who were for the LORD. (vs. 26)

24. Who came to Moses? All the sons of Levi (vs. 26)

25. What did Moses tell the sons of Levi to do? Go back and forth from gate to gate and kill with the sword every man and his brother, friend, and neighbor (vs. 27)

26. How many men did the sons of Levi kill? About 3,000 (vs. 28)

27. What did Moses then tell the people to do? Dedicate themselves to the LORD (vs. 29)

28. The next day, why did Moses tell the people he was going to the LORD? To see if he could make atonement for their great sin (vs. 30)

29. What did Moses ask the LORD to do if He would not forgive the people? Blot Moses out from the LORD’s book (vs. 32)

30. The LORD responded to Moses that, “Whoever has sinned against Me, I will blot him out of My book.” (vs. 33)

31. Exodus 32:35 says, “Then the LORD smote the people, because of what they did with the calf which Aaron had made.”
Chapter 33

1. The LORD told the people to go up to the land flowing with milk and honey but said that He would not do what? Go up in their midst (vs. 3)

2. Why did the LORD say He would not go up in their midst? Because the people were obstinate, and He might destroy them along the way (vs. 3)

3. What did the people do when they heard this sad word from the LORD? They went into mourning (vs. 4)

4. What did the LORD tell the people to put off? Their ornaments (vs. 5)

5. At what place did the people take off their ornaments? Mount Horeb (vs. 6)

6. What did Moses call the tent he pitched a good distance from the camp? The tent of meeting (vs. 7)

7. Who would go out to the tent of meeting? Everyone who sought the LORD (vs. 7)

8. What would the people do when Moses went to the tent of meeting? They would rise and stand, each at the entrance of his tent, and gaze after Moses until he entered the tent (vs. 8)

9. What would happen when Moses entered the tent of meeting? The pillar of cloud would descend and stand at the entrance of the tent, and the LORD would speak to Moses (vs. 9)

10. What would the people do when they saw the pillar of cloud at the entrance of the tent? They would arise and worship, each at the entrance of his tent (vs. 10)

11. The LORD used to speak to Moses face to face, just as a man speaks to what? His friend (vs. 11)

12. When Moses returned to the camp, who was Moses’ servant who would not depart from the tent? Joshua, son of Nun (vs. 11)

13. Moses said to the LORD, “If Thy presence does not go with us, do not lead us up from here. (vs. 15)

14. What was it that Moses told the LORD that distinguished them from all the other people who were on the face of the earth? The LORD going with them (vs. 16)

15. Why did the LORD say He would do what Moses had asked? Because Moses found favor in His sight (vs. 17)

16. In Exodus 33:18, Moses said, “I pray Thee, show me Thy glory!”

17. The LORD replied to Moses that no one could see His face and what? Live (vs. 20)

18. Where did the LORD tell Moses to stand as His glory passed by? On the rock (vs. 21)

19. What did the LORD say He would cover Moses with until He passed by? His hand (vs. 22)

20. What did the LORD say Moses would see when He took His hand away? His back (vs. 23)
Chapter 34

1. The LORD told Moses to cut out two what? Stone tablets (vs. 1)

2. What did the LORD say He would do to these two stone tablets? Write on the tablets the words that were on the former tablets which Moses shattered (vs. 1)

3. Where did the LORD tell Moses to present himself the next morning? Mount Sinai (vs. 2)

4. Who was to be with Moses when he came to Mount Sinai? No one, not even the flocks and herds were to graze in front of the mountain (vs. 3)

5. When the LORD passed in front of Moses at Mount Sinai, how did He describe Himself? Compassionate and gracious, slow to anger, and abounding in lovingkindness and truth (vs. 6)

6. What did Moses do as the LORD passed in front of him? Bowed low toward the earth and worshipped (vs. 8)

7. What did Moses ask the LORD? To go with them in their midst, to pardon their iniquities, and to take them as the LORD’s possession (vs. 9)

8. The LORD said he would make a covenant with His people and would perform what which had not been produced in all the earth? Miracles (vs. 10)

9. The LORD told the sons of Israel not to make any what with the inhabitants of the land they were going into? Covenant (vs. 12)

10. What did the LORD tell the sons of Israel to do to the people of the land they were going into? Tear down their altars, smash their sacred pillars, and cut down their Asherim (vs. 13)

11. What did the LORD say His name was when He told the sons of Israel not to worship any other god? Jealous (vs. 14)

12. The LORD told the sons of Israel they shall work six days and rest on the seventh day even during what times of year? Plowing and harvest (vs. 21)

13. What feasts did the LORD tell the sons of Israel to celebrate in chapter 34? Feast of Unleavened Bread, Feast of Weeks, Feast of Passover, and Feast of Ingathering (vs. 18, 22, 25)

14. How many times a year were the males to appear before the LORD? Three (vs. 23)

15. How many days was Moses with the LORD the second time he was on the mountain? Forty days and forty nights (vs. 28)

16. Moses did not do what two things while he was with the LORD? Eat or drink (vs. 28)

17. What was unusual about Moses’ face when he came down from Mount Sinai? His face shone because he had been speaking to the LORD (vs. 29)

18. When Moses spoke to all the sons of Israel after speaking with the LORD, what did he command them to do? Everything the LORD had spoken to him on Mount Sinai (vs. 32)
19. What did Moses put over his face after speaking with the sons of Israel? A veil (vs. 33)

20. When would Moses take the veil off? Whenever he went in to speak to the LORD (vs. 34)