



- ✓ AC/DC current monitoring
- ✓ Multifunction
- ✓ Supply voltage 24-240 V AC/DC
- ✓ Built-in current transformer
- ✓ 2 change-over contacts
- ✓ Width 45 mm

### Control elements

- ✓ Start-up suppression
- ✓ Maximum threshold
- ✓ Minimum threshold
- ✓ Function selector
- ✓ Tripping delay

### Status indication

- ✓ LED U/t: Supply voltage
- ✓ LED Max: Overcurrent
- ✓ LED Min: Undercurrent
- ✓ LED Rel1: Relay status Rel1
- ✓ LED Rel2: Relay status Rel2



## TECHNICAL DATA

### SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Terminals	A1-A2	
Supply voltage	24 ... 240 V AC/DC	
Supply voltage tolerance	AC	-15 / +10 %
	DC	-30 / +30 %
Rated frequency	16,6 ... 400 Hz or DC	
Rated frequency tolerance	16,0 ... 420 Hz	
Rated consumption	230 V AC	typ. 0,5 W / 0,9 VA
	24 V DC	typ. 0,4 W / 0,45 VA
Duty-cycle	100 %	
Backup power time	< 20 ms	
Recovery time	> 500 ms	
Drop-out voltage	≥ 6 V	

### MEASURING CIRCUIT

Terminals	Built-in current transformer	
Measurand	current 1-phase	
Measuring method	True RMS	
Monitoring functions	undercurrent (U), overcurrent (O), window (W), under- and over-current with separate relay outputs (MM); fault latch selectable (+L)	
Measuring range	100 A AC/DC	
Frequency	sinus	16,6 ... 400 Hz
	non-sinusoidal values	50 / 60 Hz (arbitrary waveform)



### MEASURING CIRCUIT

Thresholds	Max	10 ... 100 %
	Min	5 ... 95 %
Hysteresis		1 %

### TIMING CIRCUIT

Start-up delay	fixed	ca. 200 ms
Tripping delay	adjustable	0,1 ... 10 s
Start-up suppression	adjustable	0 ... 10 s

### RANGE OF FUNCTIONS

Functions	8	O, U, W, MM, O+L, U+L, W+L, MM+L
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### STATUS INDICATION

Supply voltage	LED U/t (green) on	supply voltage applied
Relay status	LED Rel1 (yellow) on	output relay 1 energized
	LED Rel2 (yellow) on	output relay 2 energized
Current monitor	LED Max (red) on	indication of overcurrent
	LED Max (red) flashes	indication of tripping delay for overcurrent
	LED Min (red) on	indication of undercurrent
	LED Min (red) flashes	indication of tripping delay for undercurrent

### OUTPUT CIRCUIT

Terminals		15-16-18; 25-26-28
Kind of output		Relay
Number of contacts	change-over contact	2
Kontakt material		AgNi
Rated voltage (IEC 60947-1)		250 V
Maximum switching voltage		400 V AC
Minimum switching voltage / switching current		12 V / 10 mA
Rated current (IEC 60947-5-1)	AC-1	8 A / 250 V
	AC-15	1,5 A / 240 V (B300)
	DC-12	8 A / 24 V



### OUTPUT CIRCUIT

Endurance	mechanical	30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
	electrical (AC-1)	100 x 10 <sup>3</sup> switching cycles
Rated frequency of operation	with load	6/min
	without load	1200/min
Fuse rating		8 A fast acting

### ACCURACY

Base accuracy	DC, AC Sinus 50/60 Hz	< 2 %
	AC Sinus 16,6 ... 400 Hz	< 2,5 %
	CF < 2,8 @ 50 Hz I peak max = 175A	< 5 %
Setting accuracy		< 5 % (of full scale)
Repeat accuracy		< 1 %
Temperature influence		< 0,04 % / °C
Voltage influence		-
Frequency influence		-
Damp influence	> 85 % rel. humidity	+3 % of base accuracy

### ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Ambient temperature	operation	-25 ... +60°C
	storage	-40 ... +70°C
Relative humidity		5 ... 95 %
Vibration	EN 60947-1	2 ... 13,2 Hz: 1 mm; 13,2 ... 100 Hz: 7 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Shock	EN 60947-1	150 m/s <sup>2</sup> 11 ms

### GENERAL DATA

Dimensions	W × H × D	45 x 67 x 76 mm
	Ø Built-in current transformer	14,5 mm
Mounting		DIN rail (EN60715)
Mounting position		any
Housing material		PA 66, self-extinguishing plastic, class V-0
Degree of protection	housing	IP40
	terminals	IP20
Electrical connection	V4IM...20	Screw terminal
Wire size	flexible with wire end ferrule	0,5 ... 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 AWG ... 13 AWG)
	flexible without wire end ferrule	0,5 ... 4 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 AWG ... 12 AWG)
	rigid	0,5 ... 4 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 AWG ... 12 AWG)



### GENERAL DATA

Stripping length	8 mm	
Tightening torque	max. 1Nm	
Electrical connection	V4IM...20P	Push-in terminal
Wire size	flexible with wire end ferrule	0,25 ... 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 AWG ... 16 AWG)
	flexible with plastic ferrule	0,25 ... 0,75 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 AWG ... 19 AWG)
	flexible without wire end ferrule	0,2 ... 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 AWG ... 16 AWG)
	rigid	0,2 ... 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 AWG ... 16 AWG)
Stripping length	8 mm	
MTTF	-	
Weight	160 g	

### ISOLATION DATA

Pollution degree (IEC 60947-5-1)	2	
Overvoltage category (IEC 60947-5-1)	III	
Rated insulation voltage (IEC 60947-1)	supply circuit / output circuit	300 V
	measuring circuit / output circuit	550 V
	supply circuit / measuring circuit	550 V
Rated impulse withstanding voltage (IEC 60947-1)	supply circuit / output circuit	6 kV
	measuring circuit / output circuit	6 kV
	supply circuit / measuring circuit	6 kV
Insulation test voltage (IEC 60947-1)	supply circuit / output circuit	3780 V
	measuring circuit / output circuit	3780 V
	supply circuit / measuring circuit	3780 V
Degree of protection	supply circuit / output circuit	protective separation
	measuring circuit / output circuit	protective separation
	supply circuit / measuring circuit	protective separation

### STANDARDS

Product standard	IEC 60947-5-1
Interference immunity	IEC 61000-6-2
Interference emission	IEC 61000-6-4
Approvals	

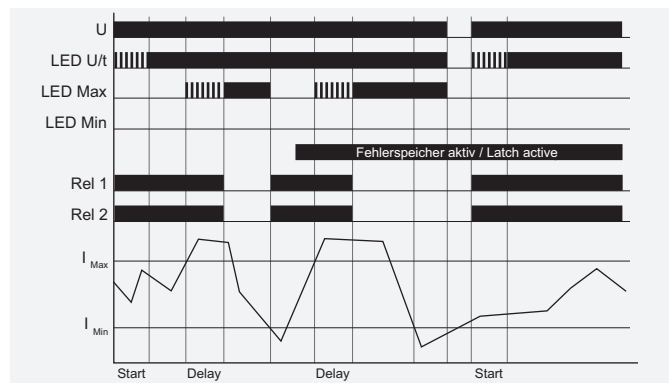


## FUNCTIONS

When the supply voltage  $U$  is applied, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position and the set interval of the start-up suppression (START) begins. Changes of the measured current during this period do not affect the state of the output relays Rel1 and Rel2.

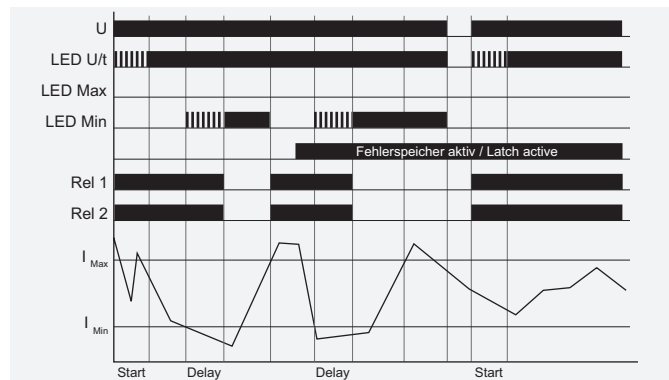
### Overcurrent monitoring (O)

The adjusted maximum threshold  $I_{Max}$  must be greater than the adjusted minimum threshold  $I_{Min}$ . When the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins. After the interval has expired, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into off-position. The output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position again, when the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ .



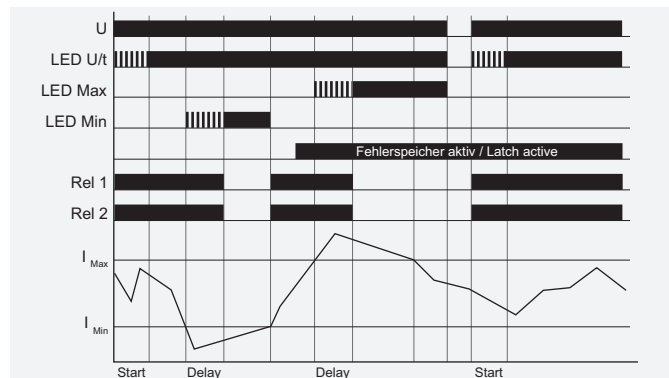
### Undercurrent monitoring (U)

The adjusted maximum threshold  $I_{Max}$  must be greater than the adjusted minimum threshold  $I_{Min}$ . When the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins. After the interval has expired, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into off-position. The output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position again after the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ .



### Windowfunktion (W)

The adjusted maximum threshold  $I_{Max}$  must be greater than the adjusted minimum threshold  $I_{Min}$ . When the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins. After the interval has expired, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into off-position. The output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position again, as soon as the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ . When the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins again. After the interval has expired, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into off-position. The output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position again, as soon as the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ .





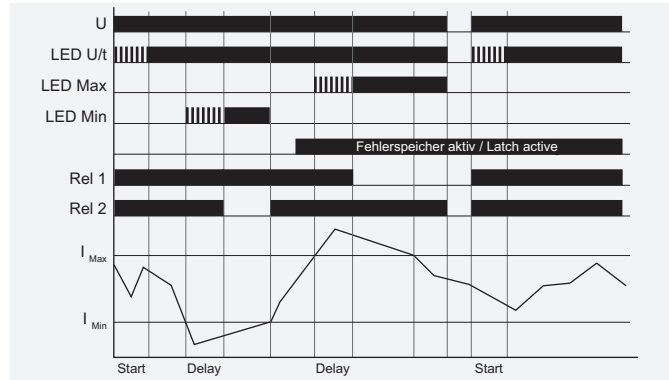
## FUNCTIONS

### Maximum and minimum monitoring (MM)

The adjusted maximum threshold  $I_{Max}$  must be greater than the adjusted minimum threshold  $I_{Min}$ . When the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins. After the interval has expired, the output relay Rel1 switches into off-position. The output relay Rel1 switches into on-position again, as soon as the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Max}$ . When the measured current falls below the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ , the set interval of the tripping delay (DELAY) begins. After the interval has expired, the output relay Rel2 switches into off-position. The output relay Rel2 switches into on-position again, as soon as the measured current exceeds the adjusted threshold  $I_{Min}$ .

### Fault latch

If the fault latch is activated and a failure has occurred, this failure is stored. The failure can only be reset by interrupting the supply voltage. After resetting the failure and re-applying the supply voltage, the output relays Rel1 and Rel2 switch into on-position and the measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).





# VEO

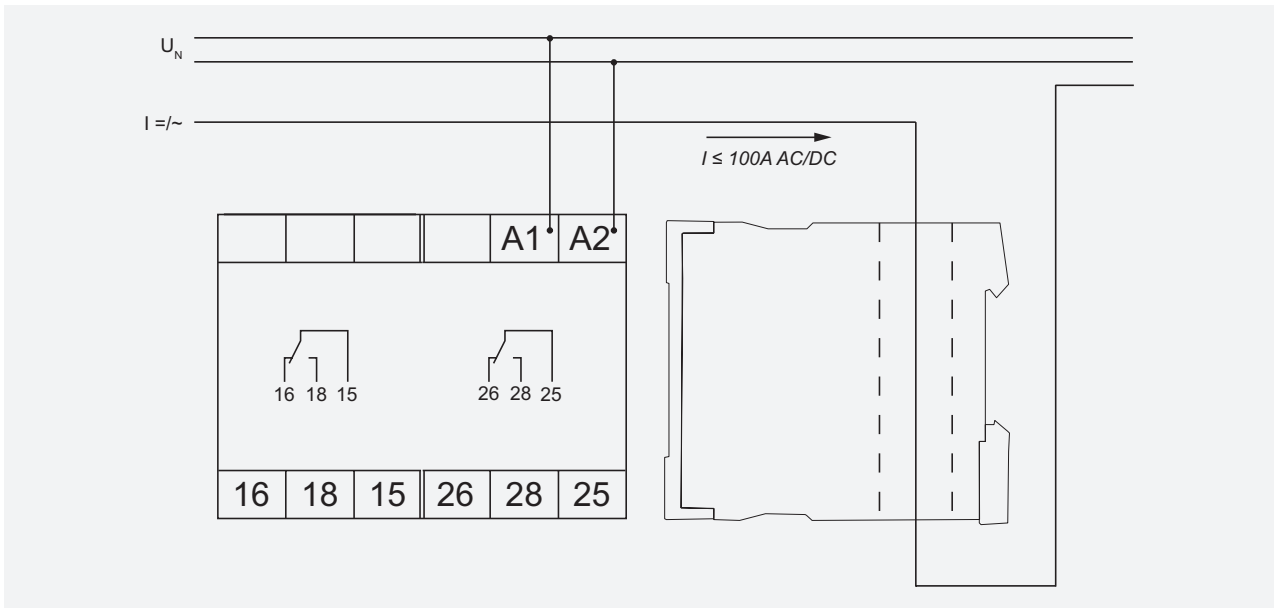
MONITORING RELAY / 1-PHASE CURRENT

## V4IM100AL20

Art.Nr.: 2104400



## CONNECTIONS





# VEO

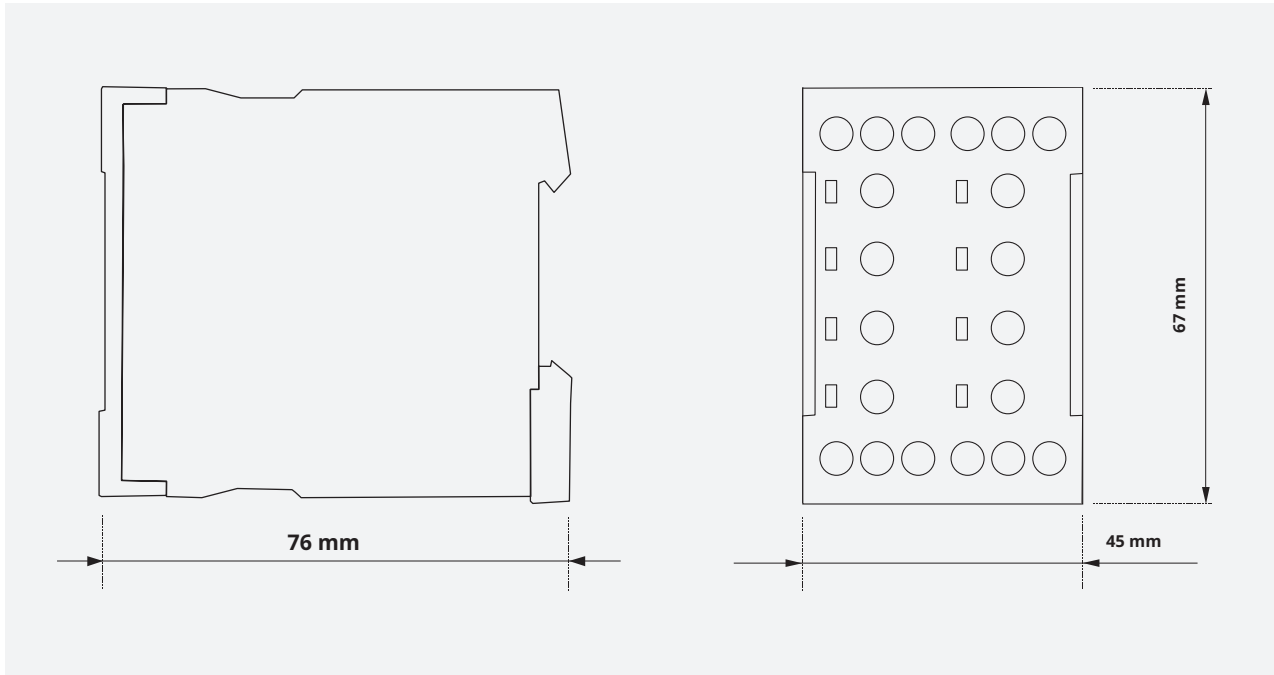
MONITORING RELAY / 1-PHASE CURRENT

## V4IM100AL20

Art.Nr.: 2104400



## DIMENSIONS



## CONTACT



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