Best Practices

The following best practices are optional guidelines for increasing the quality of meals served in your program beyond the meal pattern requirements.





Vegetables and Fruits

- o Make at least one of the two required components of snack a vegetable or a fruit.
- Serve a variety of fruits and choose whole fruits (fresh, canned, frozen, or dried) more often than juice.
- o Provide at least one serving from each vegetable subgroup per week. The subgroups of vegetables are: dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, beans and peas (also known as legumes), starchy vegetables, and other vegetables.

Grains

o Provide 2 servings of whole grain foods per day.

Meat & Meat Alternates

- o Serve only lean meats, nuts, and legumes.
- Limit serving processed meats, such as hot dogs and deli meat, to no more than one serving per week.
- o Serve only natural cheeses, and choose low-fat or reduced-fat varieties.



Milk

O Serve only unflavored milk to all participants. If flavored milk is served to children 6 years old and older, use the Nutrition Facts Label to select and serve flavored milk that contains no more than 22 grams of sugar per 8 fluid ounces, or the flavored milk with the lowest amount of sugar if flavored milk within the sugar limit is not available.



Pre-Fried Food

o Limit serving purchased pre-fried foods (such as chicken nuggets, fish sticks) to no more than one serving per week.



Added Sugar

Avoid serving non-creditable foods that are sources of added sugars, such as sweet toppings like honey, jam, or syrup; mix-in ingredients sold with yogurt like honey, candy, or cookie pieces; and sugar sweetened beverages including sport or fruit drinks or sodas.



Local Foods

 Incorporate seasonal and locally produced foods into meals. This best practice helps children learn where food comes from, and helps improve the quality of the meal.