## Polk County Hazard Mitigation Plan Update Kick-Off Meeting

December 13, 2017 Megan Clark, Planner Southwest Missouri Council of Governments



#### Outline

- ► Introduction to Hazard Mitigation
- ► The Planning Process
- ► Participation Requirements
- ► Future Meeting Dates

# What is Hazard Mitigation and why is it important?

- ► <u>Mitigation</u> taking action now to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to human life and property from hazard events.
  - ► Examples FEMA tornado shelters, low water crossing improvements, policies limiting construction in flood plain areas, river bank improvements
- ► <u>Mitigation Planning</u> process for communities to...
  - ▶ Identify hazards to which they are at risk
  - ► Assess the potential impact
  - ▶ Develop goals, objectives, and actions to reduce impacts; and
  - ► Prioritize and implement mitigation actions

# What is Hazard Mitigation and why is it important?

- ► Costs rising from natural disasters
  - ► Increased development more exposure
  - ► Increased cost to the federal government
  - ► Increased frequency of natural disasters:
    - ▶ 1980s 286
    - ▶ 1990s 737
    - ▶ 2000s 1,265
    - ▶ 2010-Present 949

### Polk County Disaster Declarations 1990-Present (14)

Disaster	Description	Declaration	Incident Period	Individual Assistance (IA)	
Number		Date		Public Assistance (PA)	
4250	Severe Storms, Tornadoes, Straight-Line Winds, Flooding	January 21, 2016	December 23, 2015- January 9, 2016	Public Assistance	
4238	Severe Storms, Tornadoes, Straight-Line Winds, Flooding	August 7, 2015	May 15 - July 27, 2015	Public Assistance	
1980	Severe Storms, Tornadoes, and Flooding	May 9, 2011	April 19 - June 6, 2011	Public Assistance	
1961	Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm	March 23, 2011	January 31 - February 5, 2011	Public Assistance	
1847	Severe Storms, Tornadoes, Flooding	June 19, 2009	May 8 - May 16, 2009	Public Assistance	
1773	Severe Storms and Flooding	June 25, 2008	June 1 - August 13, 2008	Individual and Public Assistance	
1749	Severe Storms & Flooding	March 19, 2008	March 17 - May 9, 2008	Individual and Public Assistance	
1728	Severe Storms and Flooding	September 21, 2007	August 19 - August 21, 2007	Public Assistance	
1676	Severe Winter Storms and Flooding	January 15, 2007	January 12 - January 22, 2007	Public Assistance	
1524	Severe Storms, Tornadoes, and Flooding	June 11, 2004	May 18 - May 31, 2004	Individual Assistance	
1463	Severe Storms Tornadoes, and Flooding	May 6, 2003	May 4 - May 30, 2003	Individual & Public Assistance	
1412	Severe storms, Tornadoes, and Flooding	May 6, 2002	April 24 - June 10, 2002	Individual & Public Assistance	
1253	Severe storms, Flooding, and Tornadoes	October 14, 1998	October 4 - October 11, 1998	Individual & Public Assistance	
995	Severe storms and Flooding	July 9, 1993	June 10 - October 25, 1993	Individual & Public Assistance	

### The Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000

- ► Required by law for local governments to develop a hazard mitigation plan in order to receive funding for mitigation projects.
  - ► Funds available 75/25
    - ► Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) assists in funding of mitigation projects during the reconstruction period after the declaration of a presidential disaster.
    - ▶ Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM)- provides funds on an annual basis for mitigation planning and the implementation of mitigation projects.
    - ► Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)- provides funds on an annual basis to reduce or eliminate risk of flood damage to buildings insured under the NFIP; repetitive and severe repetitive loss.
- Mitigation plans must be updated every five years to be eligible for mitigation funding

## The Planning Process

### 9 Tasks in the Planning Process

- ► Task 1: Determine the Planning Area and Resources → Completed
- ► Task 2: Build the Planning Team- Completed → YOU ARE THE TEAM!
- ► Task 3: Create an Outreach Strategy → Today
- ► Task 4: Review Community Capabilities → Questionnaire
- ► Task 5: Conduct a Risk Assessment → Meeting #2
- ► Task 6: Develop a Mitigation Strategy → Meetings #3 and #4
- ► Task 7: Review and Adopt the Plan → Meeting #5 and on your own
- ► Task 8: Keep the Plan Current → That's YOU!
- ► Task 9: Create a Safe and Resilient Community → That's YOU!

#### Risk Assessment

#### **Natural Hazards**

- Drought
- Dam Failure
- Earthquake
- ▶ Flood
- Heatwave
- Severe Land Subsidence (Sinkholes)
- Severe Thunderstorm
- Severe Winter Weather
- Wildfire
- ▶ Tornado

#### **Hazard Profile**

- Hazard Description
- ► Geographic Location
- Severity/Magnitude/Extent
- Previous Occurrences
- Probability of Future Occurrences

#### **Vulnerability Assessment**

- Vulnerability Overview
- Potential Losses to Existing Development
- Impact of Previous and Future Development
- Hazard Summary by Jurisdiction

#### **Problem Statement**

### Develop Mitigation Strategies

Goals



Mitigation Strategy -Actions

- ► Reference completed questionnaires
- ► Risk Assessment
- ► Current needs of community
- Identify strengths and weaknesses

### Review & Prioritize Mitigation Strategies

► STAPLEE score

- Social
- ▶ Technical
- Administrative
- ▶ Political
- ► Legal
- ► Economic Environmental
- Prioritizes and determines feasibility

LOCAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN    Jurisdiction:	
Jurisdiction:	
Jurisdiction:	
Score 3	
ng Score	
points based on t lives would be	
points based on tion of disaster	

SHOW-ME COUNTY

### Adoption of Hazard Mitigation Plan

- ► Each participating jurisdiction is required to adopt hazard plan
  - ► Signed by a certified official
- ► Mail, email, or fax will be acceptable

Resolution # 9/5/6

#### ADOPTING THE BARRY COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL NATURAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN (UPDATED 2016)

Whereas, The Barry County Commission recognizes the threat that natural hazards pose to people and property within our community; and

Whereas, undertaking hazard mitigation actions will reduce the potential for harm to people and property from future hazard occurrences; and

Whereas, the U.S. Congress passed the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 ("Disaster Mitigation Act") emphasizing the need for pre-disaster mitigation of potential hazards;

Whereas, the Disaster Mitigation Act made available hazard mitigation grants to state and local governments; and

Whereas, an adopted Local Hazard Mitigation Plan is required as a condition of future funding for mitigation projects under multiple FEMA pre- and post-disaster mitigation grant programs; and

Whereas, Barry County fully participated in the hazard mitigation planning process to prepare this Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan; and

Whereas, the Missouri State Emergency Management Agency and the Federal Emergency Management Agency Region VII officials will review the "Barry County Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan," and approved it as to form and content; and

Whereas, the Barry County Commission desires to comply with the requirements of the Disaster Mitigation Act and to augment its emergency planning efforts by formally adopting the Barry County Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan; and

Whereas, adoption by the governing body of Barry County demonstrates the jurisdictions' commitment to fulfilling the mitigation goals outlined in this Multi- Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan; and

Whereas, adoption of this legitimizes the plan and authorizes responsible agencies to carry out responsibilities under the plan;

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that the Barry County Commission has adopted the "Barry County Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan" as an official plan.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Certifying Official:

# Keep the Plan Current & Create Safe Community

► FEMA requires a formal plan maintenance process to ensure that the mitigation plan remains an active and relevant document

► Your jurisdiction and County Emergency Management Officials

Review plan and strategies annually

## Participation Requirements

### **Participation**

- ► In order to officially "participate" a jurisdiction must:
  - ► Complete Capabilities Assessment Questionnaire
  - ► A representative must be in attendance at a minimum of two meetings
  - ► Record in-kind time and complete timesheets
  - ► Adopt the Hazard Mitigation Plan
- ► Participation of your jurisdictions gives you access to grant funds provided by FEMA.

### Mitigation Plan Funding

► SEMA covers 75% of the cost

- ► Grants require a 25% non-federal match
  - ► Local cash match
  - ► In-kind time and effort

#### Time and Effort Rates

- ► Hourly rate for volunteer time in Missouri:
  - **▶** \$21.57
- ► Federal mileage rate
  - ▶ 54¢ per mile

#### Time Sheets

- ► Fill out accurately
- ► Keep track of hours and mileage
  - ► Round up
- ► Elected officials MAY NOT count their time

#### IN-KIND DOCUMENTATION Barry County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan 2016 Reporting Month: Month Year **LABOR** Mileage Service Performed (Roundtrip) Date Hours Total Organization: **Employee Name: Employee Title: Hourly Rate:** Total Labor Charge: Total Mileage Charge: Comments: Employee Signature Supervisor Signature

### **Future Meetings**

- Meeting 2: January 17, 1:00 p.m. ► Meeting 4: March 14, 1:00 p.m.
  - ► Facilitated Risk Assessment Discussion
  - Questions
- Meeting 3: February 28, 1:00 p.m.
  - ► Review Goals, Objectives & Mitigation Strategies
  - Questions

- ► STAPLEE Scoring of Mitigation Strategies
- Questions
- ► Meeting 5: April 18, 1:00 p.m.
  - ► Final Wrap-Up
  - ▶ Plan Maintenance

Draft Plan Submitted to SEMA: May 2, 2018 Final Plan Approval By: September 27, 2018

Thank you for your time!

Any questions?

#### **Contact Information**

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For more information, visit our website www.smcog.org