A. Legal Facts

There are many aspects to a bedsore or pressure sore lawsuit. The following information will help you get an understanding of some of the expectations of the care you are entitled to receive from a hospital, nursing home, or home care provider and the basic rights you have if you unfortunately become a victim of these sores while under the care of others.

A. Bedsores: Expectation of Care

- Federal and local laws are in place to protect patients at hospitals, nursing homes and medical facilities. If there is a deviation from the standard of practice there can be liability on behalf of the facility.

- Nurses, doctors, aides, and physical therapists must provide adequate care for all patients and have procedures in place to prevent, reduce cause, and use effective means to treat bedsores and prevent them from advancing to further stages.

- Health care providers must do a risk assessment of upon admission and reassess the risk level if conditions change. This is especially important with elderly patients.

- An immobile patient must be frequently and regularly reposition to avoid sustained pressure to the same part of the body for an extended period of time.

- Facilities must provide adequate nutrition to keep patients condition from being more susceptible to skin breakdown and pressure sores.
Facts Regarding Your Legal Rights

- A bedsore victim or family of a victim may pursue a lawsuit regardless of what the healthcare facility or administrators say is the cause.
- Lawsuits may result from institutional or individual malpractice, abuse or negligence.
- Lawsuits may be filed by the family for loved ones who have died.
- You may be able to sue for and recover a monetary award from new injuries and infections, and the aggravation of old issues caused by bedsores.
- The defendants insurance company may ask you for a recorded statement describing the appearance of bedsores and treatment. Remember you have no legal obligation to give them such a statement, nor is it wise to do so. The defendant’s insurance company may ask you for authorizations to obtain medical records. Let your qualified bedsore attorney release records only after he or she has reviewed them. It’s best not to offer information by yourself.

"The patient is very old, sick and bedsores are common"

These comments by hospital or nursing home staff may be intended to blame the patient and keep you from suing for their wrongdoing.
Facts Regarding Your Legal Rights

- If you are persuaded by a hospital or nursing home and settle a case on your own, only to find out 6 months later you have more serious conditions than first thought, you will have forfeited your rights to recover additional money. That is why it is so important to contact an experienced bedsore attorney before you sign anything.

- Not every case will go to trial, nor should every case. But some do if the defendants refuse to pay. We evaluate each claim on its merits, inform the plaintiff and together decide the monetary settlement goal and the best route to get there. This is based on our over 25 years of experience in litigation and settling cases, the extent of the injuries and suffering, the venue of the lawsuit, and the needs and justice deserved by our clients.

- Some insurance companies will offer you money to settle the case before you contact an attorney. This indicates the insurance company knows they’ll have to pay out money and they hope to settle the claim for less with you. They know if you have an experienced attorney he can negotiate and demand a higher amount and perhaps sue for additional damages.

Fact: Bedsores are not the fault of the patient.

The patient is the victim and should be financially compensated.
Facts Regarding Your Legal Rights

- If an insurance company is offering you money always consult an experienced bedsore attorney.
  By doing so you will in all likelihood increase your net recovery even after taking out the attorney fee.
  There is NO FEE for you to sue. *We only receive a portion of your proceeds upon winning your lawsuit or settling out of court if you prefer.

Our team of legal and medical experts are on your side from the beginning and until you get justice for your pain & suffering.

- Even if you have a lawyer, if you are not 100% satisfied, or not getting the aggressive representation you deserve, it is your right to change attorneys without any additional fees. We can even easily handle the transfer of the case for you.

- Once a bedsore case is settled and the defendant is released, the money you received cannot be taken away, it is your money...income tax free.

**Fact:**

There is no fee for you to sue for a bedsore, pressure sore or decubitus ulcer injury.*

**Contact us to see if you have a valuable lawsuit.**

**Millions have been awarded to victims.**

The Law Offices of
Brian A. Raphan, P.C
7 Penn Plaza (31st/7th Ave)
New York, NY 10001

Free, no obligation consultations:
By telephone, online, or in person.
Call 212-268-8200 or 888-81-Hotline

email Bedsores@BedsoreHotline.com for more information.
B. Medical Facts

There are serious major medical and life threatening issues surrounding bedsores.

Bedsores or Pressure sores, also known as decubitis ulcers, are areas of damage to the skin and underlying tissue caused by constant pressure or friction.

This type of skin damage can develop quickly in anyone, with reduced mobility, such as the elderly or those confined to a bed in the hospital, nursing home or even in their own home or wheelchair. The sores can be difficult to treat and can lead to serious health complications. The skin over bony areas such as the heels, elbows, the back of the head, hips, lower back (sacrum), spine, and the tailbone are particularly at risk. Lack of adequate blood flow from the pressure of skin against a bone area can cause the affected tissue to die.

If left untreated, additional serious medical problems, infections, abscess, sepsis--bacteria entering the bloodstream, and necrosis can quickly occur in a matter of days. Intense pain and suffering of the patient increases. Daily wound care, surgeries, even amputation may be needed and advanced life long medical complications and unfortunately death may occur.
**Understanding the stages of Bedsores**

*Note: Stages can progress very quickly, especially in elders and patients with reduced mobility confined to a bed or wheelchair. The sores can be difficult to treat and can lead to serious complications. The death rate amongst victims is highest at Stage 4.*

Seek medical treatment from a doctor or wound care specialist as soon as you notice bedsores.

---

**Bedsore Hotline**

Bedsores, Pressure Sores, Decubitus Ulcers sores are graded to four levels, including:

- **Stage 1** – skin discoloration, usually red, blue, purple or black. Pain may be experienced without breaks or tears.
- **Stage 2** – some skin loss or damage involving the top-most skin layers. Ulcer develops and wound may break open.
- **Stage 3** – necrosis (death) or damage to the skin patch, limited to the skin layers. A deeper more painful crater develops.
- **Stage 4** – necrosis (death) or damage to the skin patch and much deeper hole through to tendon, joint and even bone. Exposed bone can also be seen at this stage.
Medical Facts continued.

Although these risk factors may increase the chance of bedsores or pressure sores, they should not happen while in the care of medical professionals, nurses, or any aide whose duty it is to care for a patient. Proper attention and care such as regularly turning the patient in frequent intervals is their duty and your legal right.

When a person is bedridden or in a wheelchair bedsores can occur in a number of areas. They are most likely to develop on parts of the body where there is constant pressure against skin and bone.

If visiting an elderly loved one in a hospital or nursing home, check their skin in these areas. Especially if they are immobile or do not have the ability to communicate. Do not rely on staff to have the concern that you as a family member may have.

**Risk factors:**
- Restricted to either sitting or lying down
- Immobility and paralysis
- Malnutrition
- Obesity
- Urinary and fecal incontinence
- Poor physical condition
- Advanced age

**Locations of sores:**
- Lower back/sacrum
- Tailbone
- Buttocks
- Shoulders
- Hips
- Knees
- Heels
- Elbows
- Back of head
- Spine
- Rims of ear

*(Any location where skin quality is compromised and there is increased constant pressure against bone)*
C. Treatment & Prevention

Hospitals, nursing homes and home aides are required by law to provide proper care for patients. Unfortunately this is not always the case. In many circumstances the patients may be immobile and have a medical affliction where they can not even speak for themselves to ensure they are getting the proper treatment they deserve.

To prevent skin damage, you need to relieve the pressure, reduce the time that pressure is applied and improve skin quality. A plan must be developed by those in charge and every caregiver must follow. This plan will include position changes, supportive devices, daily skin care, removable of feces and urine against the skin, a nutritious diet and methods to reduce infection and the spread of the disease. A routine and ongoing nursing assessment is also required for those at high risk of pressure sores.

Daily skin care strategies for preventing pressure sores include:

- Checking the skin at least daily for redness, tears, swelling or signs of discoloration.
- Keeping the skin at the right moisture level, as damage is more likely to occur if skin is either too dry or too moist.
- Use moisturizing products to keep skin supple and prevent dryness.
- Never massage bony areas because the skin is too delicate.
- Pillows may be used as soft buffers between the skin and the bed or chair.
Proper care often takes a team approach. Depending on the severity of the sore, members may include:

- A physician who oversees the treatment plan.
- A physician or specialist specializing in wound care.
- Nurses or medical assistants who provide both care, risk assessment and information for managing wounds.
- A social worker who helps you or your family access resources and addresses concerns related to current an long-term recovery.
- A physical therapist who helps with improving mobility.
- A dietitian who monitors the nutritional needs.
- A neurosurgeon, orthopedic surgeon or plastic surgeon, depending on whether you need surgery and what type.

There are a variety of methods available to manage bedsores and promote healing, depending on the severity wound.

These include:
- Regular position changes
- Special mattresses and beds and boots that reduce pressure
- Dressings to keep the sore moist and to also keep the surrounding skin dry
- Light packing of any empty skin spaces with dressings to help prevent infection and aid in healing
- Regular cleaning with appropriate solutions
- Specific drugs and chemicals applied to the area, if an infection persists
- Surgery to remove the damaged tissue
- Debridement either surgically or with enzymes
- Operations to close the wound, using skin grafts if necessary
1. It is important for a claimant to be represented by bedsore attorneys experienced in handling hospital and nursing home corporations, their legal counsel and insurance companies.

2. Using experienced bedsore attorneys will increase the claimant's chances of recovering a large monetary award.

3. Our bedsore lawyers are meticulous, responsive, and aggressive while operating at the highest professional level.

4. Our resources and legal team approach of medical professionals and expert witnesses work in tandem and have a track record of success in bedsore and pressure sore lawsuits.

5. There is no fee to sue. We work on contingency and only receive a portion of the proceeds upon winning your lawsuit or settling out of court if you prefer.

“It is simply not acceptable that bedsores should happen and loved ones suffer, get sicker, or die while in the care of medical professionals.”

“Free, no obligation consultations:
By telephone, online, or in person.”

Call 212-268-8200 or 888-81-Hotline

The Law Offices of Brian A. Raphan, P.C
7 Penn Plaza (31st/7th Ave)
New York, NY 10001
email Bedsores@BedsoreHotline.com for more information.