No One Has the Advantage

Romans 3 ...not the Jews

¹ What <u>advantage</u> then hath the **Jew**? or what <u>profit</u> is there of **circumcision**?

Advantage – NT:4053 περισσός **perissos** (per-is-sos'); from NT:4012 (in the sense of beyond); superabundant (in quantity) or superior (in quality); by implication, excessive; adverbially (with NT:1537) violently; neuter (as noun) preeminence: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - exceeding abundantly above, more abundantly, advantage, exceedingly, very highly, beyond measure, more, superfluous, vehement [-ly].

Profit – NT:5622 ώφέλεια **opheleia** (o-fel'-i-ah); from a derivative of the base of NT:5624; usefulness, i.e. benefit: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - advantage, profit.

...from – $\underline{\text{NT:5624}}$ ώφέλιμος **ophelimos** (o-fel'-ee-mos); from a form of $\underline{\text{NT:3786}}$; helpful or serviceable, i.e. advantageous: *KJV* - profit (-able).

...from – NT:3786 ὄφελος **ophelos** (of-el-os); from ophello (to heap up, i.e. accumulate or benefit); gain: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - advantageth, profit.

Luke 9

²⁴ For whosoever will save his life shall lose it: but whosoever will lose his life for my sake, the same shall save it.

²⁵ For what is a man advantaged, if he gain the whole world, and lose himself, or be cast away?

²⁶ For whosoever shall be ashamed of me and of my words, of him shall the Son of man be ashamed, when he shall come in his own glory, and in his Father's, and of the holy angels.

Job 32

¹ So these three men ceased to answer Job, because **he was righteous in his own eves**.

Job 35

¹Elihu [in his wrath] spake moreover, and said,

² Thinkest thou this to be right, that thou saidst, My righteousness is more than God's?

³ For thou saidst, What advantage will it be unto thee? and, What profit shall I have, if I be cleansed from my sin?

Romans 2 ...not the Gentiles

²⁵ For **circumcision verily profiteth**, **if thou keep the law**: but if thou be a **breaker of the law**, thy **circumcision is made uncircumcision**.

Deuteronomy 7

6 For thou art an holy **people** unto the LORD thy God: the LORD thy God hath **chosen thee to be a Special people** unto himself, above all **people** that are upon the face of the earth.

Deuteronomy 14

2 For thou art an **holy people** unto the LORD thy God, and the LORD hath **chosen** thee to be a **peculiar people** unto himself, above all the nations that are upon the earth.

No One Has the Advantage (cont)

Galatians 5 ...not those of the Circumcism

- ¹Stand fast therefore in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made us free, and be not entangled again with the yoke of bondage.
- ² Behold, I Paul say unto you, that **if ye be circumcised**, **Christ shall profit you nothing**.
- ³ For I testify again to **every man that is circumcised**, that **he is a debtor to do the whole law**.
- ⁴Christ is become of no effect unto you, whosoever of you are justified by the law; ye are fallen from grace.
- ⁵ For we through the Spirit wait for the **hope of righteousness by faith**.
- ⁶ For in Jesus Christ neither circumcision availeth any thing, nor uncircumcision; but faith which worketh by love [of God].
- ⁷ Ye did run well; who did hinder you that ye should not obey the truth?
- ⁸This persuasion cometh not of him that calleth you.
- ⁹ A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump.

Not those to whom the Scriptures were entrusted

Romans 3

² Much every way: chiefly, because that unto them were **committed** the **oracles** of God.

Committed – NT:4100 πιστεύω **pisteuo** (pist-yoo'-o); from NT:4102; to have faith (in, upon, or with respect to, a person or thing), i.e. credit; by implication, to entrust (especially one's spiritual well-being to Christ):

KJV - believe (-r), commit (to trust), put in trust with.

<u>Oracles</u> – <u>NT:3051</u> λόγιον **logion** (log'-ee-on); neuter of <u>NT:3052</u>; an <u>utterance (of God</u>): **KJV** - oracle.

1 Peter 4 ...importance

¹¹ If any man <u>speak</u>, let him **speak as the <u>oracles</u> of God**; if any man minister, let him do it as of the **ability which God giveth**: **that God in all things may be glorified** through Jesus Christ, to whom be praise and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.

<u>Speak</u> – <u>NT:2980</u> λαλέω **laleo** (lal-eh'-o); a prolonged form of an otherwise obsolete verb; to talk, i.e. utter words:

KJV - preach, say, speak (after), talk, tell, utter. Compare NT:3004.

<u>Oracles</u> – <u>NT:3051</u> λόγιον **logion** (log'-ee-on); neuter of <u>NT:3052</u>; an utterance (of God): KJV - oracle.

...from – NT:3052 λόγιος **logios** (log'-ee-os); from NT:3056; fluent, i.e. an orator: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - eloquent.

2 Corinthians 5

¹⁹ To wit, that God was in Christ, **reconciling the world unto himself**, not **imputing their trespasses** unto them; and hath committed unto us the **word of reconciliation**.

Not the faithful in themselves

Romans 3

³ For what if some did not believe? shall their unbelief make the <u>faith</u> of God <u>without effect</u>? <u>Faith</u> – <u>NT:4102</u> πίστις **pistis** (pis'-tis); from <u>NT:3982</u>; persuasion, i.e. credence; moral conviction (of religious truth, or the <u>truthfulness of God</u> or a religious teacher), especially reliance upon Christ for salvation; abstractly, constancy in such profession; by extension, the system of religious (Gospel) truth itself: **KJV** - assurance, belief, believe, faith, fidelity.

<u>Without effect</u> – <u>NT:2673</u> καταργέω **katargeo** (kat-arg-eh'-o); from <u>NT:2596</u> and <u>NT:691</u>; to be (render) entirely idle (<u>useless</u>), literally or figuratively:

KJV - abolish, cease, cumber, deliver, destroy, do away, become (make) of no (none, without) effect, fail, loose, bring (come) to nought, put away (down), vanish away, make void.

Hebrews 3

- ¹⁶ For some, when they had heard, did provoke: howbeit not all that came out of Egypt by Moses.
- ¹⁷ But with whom was he grieved forty years? was it not with them that had sinned, whose carcases fell in the wilderness? [603548 20 years of age and older died in the wilderness]
- ¹⁸ And to whom sware he that they should not enter into his rest, but to them that believed not?
- ¹⁹ So we see that they could not enter in because of unbelief.

2 Timothy 3

- ¹ This know also, that in the last days **perilous times shall come**.
- ² For men shall be lovers of their own selves, covetous, boasters, proud, blasphemers, disobedient to parents, unthankful, unholy,
- ³Without natural affection, trucebreakers, false accusers, incontinent, fierce, despisers of those that are good,
- ⁴Traitors, heady, highminded, lovers of pleasures more than lovers of God;
- ⁵ Having a form of godliness, but denying the power thereof: from such turn away.
- ⁶ For of this sort are they which **creep into houses**, and **lead captive silly women** laden with sins, **led away** with divers lusts,
- ⁷ Ever learning, and never able to come to the knowledge of the truth.
- ⁸ Now as Jannes and Jambres withstood Moses, so do these also resist the truth: men of corrupt minds, reprobate concerning the faith.
- ⁹But they shall proceed no further: for **their folly shall be manifest** unto all men, as their's also was.
- ¹⁰But thou hast fully known my doctrine, manner of life, purpose, faith, longsuffering, charity, patience,
- ¹¹ **Persecutions**, afflictions, which came unto me at Antioch, at Iconium, at Lystra; what **persecutions** I **endured**: but out of them all **the Lord delivered me**.
- ¹² Yea, and all that will **live godly** in Christ Jesus **shall suffer persecution**.
- ¹³ But evil men and seducers shall wax worse and worse, deceiving, and being deceived.

Not the faithful in themselves (cont) Romans 11

²⁵ For I would not, brethren, that ye should be ignorant of this mystery, lest ye should be wise in your own conceits; that blindness in part is happened to Israel, **until** the <u>fulness</u> of the Gentiles be come in.

Fulness – NT:4138 πλήρωμα **pleroma** (play'-ro-mah); from NT:4137; repletion or completion, i.e. (subjectively) what fills (as contents, supplement, copiousness, multitude), or (objectively) what is filled (as container, performance, period): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - which is put in to fill up, piece that filled up, fulfilling, full, fulness.

Not evil liars

Romans 3

⁴God forbid: yea, let God be true, but every man a liar; as it is written, That thou mightest be justified in thy sayings, and mightest overcome when thou art judged.

<u>Justified</u> – NT:1344 δικαιόω **dikaioo** (dik-ah-yo'-o); from NT:1342; to render (i.e. show or regard as) just or innocent: **KJV** - free, justify (-ier), be righteous.

<u>Sayings</u> – <u>NT:3056</u> λόγος **logos** (log'-os); from <u>NT:3004</u>; something said (including the thought); by implication a topic (subject of discourse), also reasoning (the mental faculty) or motive; by extension, a computation; specifically (with the article in John) the Divine Expression (i.e. Christ):

KJV - account, cause, communication, ^X concerning, doctrine, fame, ^X have to do, intent, matter, mouth, preaching, question, reason, ⁺ reckon, remove, say (-ing), shew, ^X speaker, speech, talk, thing, ⁺ none of these things move me, tidings, treatise, utterance, word, work.

Overcome – NT:3528 Vικάω **nikao** (nik-ah'-o); from NT:3529; to subdue (literally or figuratively): **KJV** - conquer, overcome, prevail, get the victory.

Romans 12

Romans 1

²⁵ Who **changed the truth of God into a lie**, and **worshipped** and **served** the **creature** more than the Creator, who is blessed for ever. Amen.

Titus 1

¹Paul, a servant of God, and an apostle of Jesus Christ, according to the faith of God's elect, and the acknowledging of the truth which is after godliness;

² In hope of eternal life, which **God, that cannot lie**, promised before the world began;

Hehrews 6

¹⁸ That by **two immutable things**, in which it was **impossible for God to lie**, we might have a **strong consolation**, who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the **hope set before us**:

²¹ Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good.

Not evil liars (cont)

Psalm 33

⁴ For the word of the LORD is right; and all his works are done in truth.

<u>Judged</u> – <u>NT:2919</u> κρίνω **krino** (kree'-no); properly, to distinguish, i.e. decide (mentally or judicially); by implication, <u>to try</u>, condemn, punish: **KJV** - avenge, conclude, condemn, damn, decree, determine, esteem, judge, go to (sue at the) law, ordain, call in question, sentence to, think.

Hebrews 4

¹² For the Word of God is quick, and powerful, and sharper than any twoedged sword, piercing even to the dividing asunder of soul and spirit, and of the joints and marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart.

2 Peter 2

¹⁸ For when they speak great **swelling words** of vanity, they **allure** through the lusts of the flesh, through much wantonness, **those that were clean escaped** from them **who live in error**.

¹⁹ While they **promise them liberty**, they themselves are the **servants of corruption**: for of whom a man is **overcome**, of the same is he **brought in bondage**.

²⁰ For if after they have **escaped the pollutions** of the world through the knowledge of the Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, they are **again entangled** therein, and overcome, the **latter end is worse** with them **than the beginning**.

Proverbs 30

⁵ Every word of God is pure: he is a shield unto them that put their trust in him.

Profession of Faith without righteousness

Romans 3 ... Paul speaking as a man:

⁵ But if our unrighteousness <u>commend</u> the righteousness of God, what shall we say? Is God unrighteous who taketh <u>vengeance</u>? (I speak as a man)

1 John 5

¹⁷ **All unrighteousness is sin**: and there is a sin not unto death.

1 Corinthians 15

³⁴ Awake to righteousness, and sin not; for some have not the knowledge of God: I speak this to your shame.

Isaiah 64

⁶ But we are all as an unclean thing, and all our righteousnesses are as filthy rags; and we all do fade as a leaf; and our iniquities, like the wind, have taken us away.

<u>Commend</u> – <u>NT:4921</u> συνιστάω **sunistao** (soon-is-tah'-o); or (strengthened) sunistano (soon-is-tan'- o); or **sunistemi** (soon-is'-tay-mee); from <u>NT:4862</u> and <u>NT:2476</u> (including its collat. forms); to set together, i.e. (by implication) to introduce (favorably), or (figuratively) to exhibit; intransitively, to stand near, or (figuratively) to constitute: **KJV** - approve, commend, consist, make, stand (with).

<u>Vengeance</u> – <u>NT:3709</u> ὀργή **orge** (or-gay'); from <u>NT:3713</u>; properly, desire (as a reaching forth or excitement of the mind), i.e. (by analogy,) violent passion (ire, or [justifiable] abhorrence); by implication punishment:

KJV - anger, indignation, vengeance, wrath.

...from – NT:3713 ὀρέγομαι **oregomai** (or-eg'-om-ahee); middle voice of apparently a prolonged form of an obsolete primary [compare NT:3735]; to stretch oneself, i.e. reach out after (long for): **KJV** - covet after, desire.

Romans 10

⁹ That if thou shalt **confess with thy mouth** the Lord Jesus, and shalt **believe in thine heart** that God hath raised him from the dead, **thou shalt be saved**.

¹⁰ For with the **heart man believeth unto righteousness**; and with the **mouth confession is made unto salvation**.

¹¹ For the scripture saith, Whosoever believeth on him shall not be ashamed.

Profession of Faith without righteousness (cont)

Acts 15

¹¹ But we believe that through the **grace** of the LORD Jesus Christ we shall be **saved**, even as they.

Ephesians 2

⁵ Even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ, (by grace ye are saved;)

Ephesians 2

⁸ For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God:

2 Corinthians 10

¹² For we dare not make ourselves of the number, or compare ourselves with some that commend themselves: but they measuring themselves by themselves, and comparing themselves among themselves, are not wise.

Affected Worldwide

Romans 3

⁶ God forbid: for then how shall God judge the world?

<u>Judge</u> – <u>NT:2919</u> κρίνω **krino** (kree'-no); properly, to distinguish, i.e. decide (mentally or judicially); by implication, to try, condemn, punish:

KJV - avenge, conclude, condemn, damn, decree, determine, esteem, judge, go to (sue at the) law, ordain, call in question, sentence to, think.

<u>World</u> – <u>NT:2889</u> κόσμος **kosmos** (kos'-mos); probably from the base of <u>NT:2865</u>; orderly arrangement, i.e. decoration; by implication, the world (in a wide or narrow sense, including its inhabitants, literally or figuratively [morally]):

KJV - adorning, world.

Affected wherever there is sin...Truth spoken

Romans 3

⁷ For if the truth of God hath more abounded through my lie unto his glory; why yet am I also judged as a sinner?

Romans 5

²⁰ Moreover the law entered, that the offence might abound. But where sin abounded, grace did much more abound:

If I say my lie shows the righteousness of God...then am I yet still a sinner having revealed God's righteousness? Then must I be judge in my sinfulness. This would be a faulty plan. But, in fact, the righteousness of God is not dependent upon what I do. I am a sinner saved by grace unto the Glory of God...

Affected wherever Slanderous report spoken

Romans 3

⁸ And not rather, (as we be <u>slanderously reported</u>, and as some affirm that we say,) **Let us do <u>evil</u>, that good may come?** whose <u>damnation</u> is just.

Slanderously reported – NT:987 βλασφημέω **blasphemeo** (blas-fay-meh'-o); from NT:989; to vilify; specially, to speak impiously:

KJV - (speak) blaspheme (-er, -mously, -my), defame, rail on, revile, speak evil.

<u>Evil</u> – <u>NT:2556</u> κακός **kakos** (kak-os'); apparently a primary word; worthless (intrinsically, such; whereas <u>NT:4190</u> properly refers to effects), i.e. (subjectively) deprayed, or (objectively) injurious: **KJV** - bad, evil, harm, ill, noisome, wicked.

<u>Damnation</u> – <u>NT:2917</u> κρίμα **krima** (kree'-mah); from <u>NT:2919</u>; a decision (the function or the effect, for or against ["crime"]):

KJV - avenge, condemned, condemnation, damnation, † go to law, judgment.

Jeremiah 9

³ And they bend their **tongues** like their **bow for lies**: but **they are not valiant for the truth** upon the earth; for **they proceed from evil to evil**, and **they know not me**, saith the LORD.

⁴Take ye heed every one of his neighbour, and **trust ye not in any brother**: for every brother **will utterly supplant**, and every **neighbour will walk with slanders**.

⁵ And they will deceive every one his neighbour, and will not speak the truth: they have taught their tongue to speak lies [sham, fraud], and weary themselves to commit iniquity.

Psalm 34

¹⁴ Depart from evil, and do good; seek peace, and pursue it.

Psalm 38

²⁰ They also that **render evil for good** are mine adversaries; **because I follow the thing that good is.**

Isaiah 5

Woe unto them that call evil good, and good evil; that put darkness for light, and light for darkness; that put bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter!

Jeremiah 4

²² For **my people** is foolish, they have not known me; they are sottish children, and they have none understanding: they are **wise to do evil**, but **to do good they have no knowledge**.

Malachi 2

¹⁷ Ye have wearied the LORD with your words. Yet ye say, Wherein have we wearied him? When ye say, **Every one that doeth evil is good in the sight of the LORD**, and he delighteth in them; or, Where is the God of judgment?

None good

Romans 3

¹⁸ There is no <u>fear</u> of God before their eyes.

<u>Fear</u> – <u>NT:5401</u> ϕ όβος **phobos** (fob'-os); from a primary phebomai (to be put in fear); alarm or fright:

KJV - be afraid, + exceedingly, fear, terror.

Ecclesiastes 8

- ¹¹Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily, therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil.
- ¹² Though a sinner **do evil an hundred times**, and his **days be prolonged**, yet surely I know that it shall be **well with them that fear God**, which **fear before him**:
- ¹³ But it shall not be well with the wicked, neither shall he prolong his days, which are as a shadow: because he feareth not before God.

Ecclesiastes 12

¹³ Let us hear **the conclusion** of the whole matter: **Fear God**, and **keep his commandments**: for this is the **whole duty of man**.

1 Peter 2

¹⁷ **Honour** all men. **Love** the brotherhood. **Fear God**. **Honour** the king.

Jews and Non-Jewish

Romans 3

⁹What then? **are we better** than they? **No**, in no wise: for we have before proved both Jews and Gentiles [Greek Speakers], that they are [exist] **all under sin**;

Galatians 3

- ²¹ Is the law then against the promises of God? [No] God forbid: for if there had been a law given which could have given life, verily righteousness should have been by the law.
- ²² But the **Scripture hath concluded all under sin**, that the promise by faith of Jesus Christ might be given to them that believe.

Concluded – NT:4788 συγκλείω **sugkleio** (soong-kli'-o); from NT:4862 and NT:2808; to shut together, i.e. include or (figuratively) embrace in a common subjection to:

KJV - conclude, inclose, shut up.

²³ But **before faith came**, we were **kept under the law**, shut up unto **the faith which should afterwards be revealed.**

None good (cont)

Romans 3

¹⁰ As it is written, **There is none righteous, no, not one**:

Ecclesiastes 7

²⁰ For there is not a just man upon earth, that doeth good, and sinneth not.

Romans 3

¹¹ There is **none that <u>understandeth</u>**, there is **none that seeketh after God**.

<u>Understandeth</u> – <u>NT:4920</u> συνίημι **suniemi** (soon-ee'-ay-mee); from <u>NT:4862</u> and hiemi (to send); to put together, i.e. (mentally) to comprehend; by implication, to act piously: **KJV** - consider, understand, be wise.

Psalm 27

⁴ One thing have I desired of the LORD, that will I seek after; that I may dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of my life, to behold the beauty of the LORD, and to enquire in his temple.

Romans 3

¹² They are all gone <u>out of the way</u>, they are together become <u>unprofitable</u>; there is **none that doeth good, no, not one**.

Out of the way – NT:1578 ἐκκλίνω **ekklino** (ek-klee'-no); from NT:1537 and NT:2827; to deviate, i.e. (absolutely) to shun (literally or figuratively), or (relatively) to decline (from piety): **KJV** - avoid, eschew, go out of the way.

...from – NT:2827 $\kappa\lambda$ í $\nu\omega$ **klino** (klee'-no); a primary verb; to slant or slope, i.e. incline or recline (literally or figuratively):

KJV - bow (down), be far spent, lay, turn to flight, wear away.

<u>Unprofitable NT:889</u> ἀχρειόω **achreioo** (akh-ri-o'-o); from <u>NT:888</u>; to render useless, i.e. spoil: **KJV** - become unprofitable.

Psalm 14

¹The fool hath said in his heart, There is no God. They are corrupt, they have done abominable works, there is none that doeth good.

²The LORD looked down from heaven upon the children of men, to see if there were **any that did understand**, and **seek God**.

³ They are all gone aside, they are all together become filthy: there is none that doeth good, no, not one.

Psalm 53

¹The fool hath said in his heart, There is no God. Corrupt are they, and have done abominable iniquity: there is none that doeth good.

²God looked down from heaven upon the children of men, to see if there were any that did understand, that did seek God.

³Every one of them is gone back: they are altogether become filthy; there is none that doeth good, no, not one.

None good (cont)

Romans 3

¹³ Their throat is an open sepulchre [grave]; with their tongues they have used <u>deceit</u>; the <u>poison</u> of <u>asps</u> is under their lips:

Deceit – NT:1387 δολιόω **dolioo** (dol-ee-o'-o); from NT:1386; to be guileful:

KJV - use deceit.

...from – NT:1386 δόλιος **dolios** (dol'-ee-os); from NT:1388; guileful: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - deceitful.

...from – NT:1388 δόλος **dolos** (dol'-os); from an obsolete primary verb, **dello** (probably meant to decoy; compare NT:1185); a trick (bait), i.e. (figuratively) wile: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - craft, deceit, guile, subtilty.

Poison – NT:2447 ἰός **ios** (ee-os'); perhaps from eimi (to go) or hiemi (to send); rust (as if emitted by metals); also venom (as emitted by serpents): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - poison, rust.

Asps – NT:785 ἀσπίς **aspis** (as-pece'); of uncertain derivation; a buckler (or round shield); used of a serpent (as coiling itself), probably the "asp": **KJV** - asp.

Be careful to receive gifts, be careful to receive flattery....

Psalm 5

⁸Lead me, O LORD, in thy righteousness because of mine enemies; make thy way straight before my face.

⁹ For there is no faithfulness in their mouth; their inward part is very wickedness; their throat is an open sepulchre; they flatter with their tongue.

¹⁰ Destroy thou them, O God; let them fall by their own counsels; cast them out in the multitude of their transgressions; for **they have rebelled against thee**.

None good (cont)

Romans 3 ...as Balaam blessed openly and curse privately...

¹⁴ Whose mouth is full of <u>cursing</u> and <u>bitterness</u>:

<u>Cursing</u> – <u>NT:685</u> $\dot{\alpha}\rho\dot{\alpha}$ **ara** (ar-ah'); probably from <u>NT:142</u>; properly, prayer (as lifted to Heaven), i.e. (by implication) imprecation: **KJV** - curse. (prayerfully)

...from – NT:142 $\alpha \tilde{i} \rho \omega$ **airo** (ah'-ee-ro); a primary root; to lift up; by implication, to take up or away; figuratively, to raise (the voice), keep in suspense (the mind), specially, to sail away (i.e. weigh anchor); by Hebraism [compare OT:5375] to expiate sin:

KJV - away with, bear (up), carry, lift up, loose, make to doubt, put away, remove, take (away, up).

...from – OT:5375 (naw-saw'); or **nacah** (Ps 4:6 [OT:7]) (naw-saw'); a primitive root; to lift, in a great variety of applications, literal and figurative, absol. and rel. (as follows):

KJV - accept, advance, arise, (able to, [armor], suffer to) bear (-er, up), bring (forth), burn, carry (away), cast, contain, desire, ease, exact, exalt (self), extol, fetch, forgive, furnish, further, give, go on, help, high, hold up, honorable (+man), lade, lay, lift (self) up, lofty, marry, magnify, ^x needs, obtain, pardon, raise (up), receive, regard, respect, set (up), spare, stir up, ⁺ swear, take (away, up), ^x utterly, wear, yield.

Bitterness – NT:4088 πικρία **pikria** (pik-ree'-ah); from NT:4089; acridity (especially poison), literally or figuratively: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - bitterness.

Matthew 15

¹⁷Do not ye yet understand, that whatsoever entereth in at the mouth goeth into the belly, and is cast out into the draught?

¹⁸ But those things which proceed out of the mouth come forth from the heart; and they defile the man.

¹⁹ For out of the heart proceed evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, <u>false</u> <u>witness</u>, <u>blasphemies</u>:

False witness – NT:5577 ψευδομαρτυρία **pseudomarturia** (psyoo-dom-ar-too-ree'-ah); from NT:5575; untrue testimony: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - false witness.

Blasphemies – NT:988 βλασφημία **blasphemia** (blas-fay-me'-ah); from NT:989; vilification (especially against God): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - blasphemy, evil speaking, railing.

...all these proceed out of a defiled and evil heart against all that is good...

Jeremiah 17

⁹ The **heart is deceitful** above all things, and **desperately wicked**: who can know it?

None good (cont)

Romans 3

¹⁵ Their feet are <u>swift</u> to shed [pour forth] blood [impl bloodshed]:

Swift – NT:3691 ὀξύς **oxus** (oz-oos'); probably akin to the base of NT:188 ["acid"]; keen; by analogy, rapid: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - sharp, swift.

...from – NT:188 $\dot{\alpha}$ K $\mu\dot{\eta}$ V **akmen** (ak-mane'); accusative case of a noun ("acme") akin to ake (a point) and meaning the same; adverbially, just now, i.e. still: **KJV** - yet.

Romans 7

¹⁷ Now then it is no more I that do it, but sin that dwelleth in me.

Romans 3

Destruction and misery are in **their ways** [road, progress]:

Destruction – NT:4938 σύντριμμα **suntrimma** (soon-trim'-mah); from NT:4937; concussion or utter fracture (properly, concretely), i.e. complete ruin: **KJV** - destruction.

...from – NT:4937 συντρίβω **suntribo** (soon-tree'-bo); from NT:4862 and the base of NT:5147; to crush completely, i.e. to shatter (literally or figuratively): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - break (in pieces), broken to shivers (+-hearted), bruise.

<u>Misery</u> – <u>NT:5004</u> ταλαιπωρία **talaiporia** (tal-ahee-po-ree'-ah); from <u>NT:5005</u>; wretchedness, i.e. calamity: **KJV** - misery.

Proverbs 14

¹² There is a way which seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof are the ways of death.

Proverbs 16

²⁵ There is a way that seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof are the Ways of death.

¹⁸ For I know that in me (that is, in my flesh,) dwelleth no good thing: for to will is present with me; but how to perform that which is good I find not.

¹⁹ For the good that I would I do not: but the evil which I would not, that I do.

Not the peace mongers

Romans 3

¹⁷ And the **way of peace** have they **not known**:

Isaiah 59

⁸ The **way of peace** they know not; and there is no judgment in their goings: they have made them crooked paths: whosoever goeth therein shall not know peace.

Luke 1

⁷⁹ To give light to them that sit in darkness and in the shadow of death, to guide our feet into the way of peace.

Isaiah 48

²² There is **no peace**, saith the LORD, unto the wicked.

Ezekiel 13

¹⁶ To wit, the prophets of Israel which prophesy concerning Jerusalem, and which see visions of peace for her, and there is **no peace**, saith the Lord GOD.

The Law Speaks

Romans 3

¹⁹ Now we know that what things soever the law saith, it saith **to them who are under the law**: that **every mouth may be <u>stopped</u>**, and **all the world** may become <u>guilty</u> before God.

<u>Stopped</u> – <u>NT:5420</u> φράσσω **phrasso** (fras'-so); apparently a strengthening form of the base of <u>NT:5424</u>; to fence or inclose, i.e. (specifically) to block up (figuratively, to silence): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - stop.

...from – NT:5424 $\phi\rho\dot{\eta}\nu$ **phren** (frane); probably from an obsolete phrao (to rein in or curb; compare NT:5420); the midrif (as a partition of the body), i.e. (figuratively and by implication, of sympathy) the feelings (or sensitive nature; by extension [also in the plural] the mind or cognitive faculties): **KJV** - understanding.

Guilty – NT:5267 ὑπόδικος **hupodikos** (hoop-od'-ee-kos); from NT:5259 and NT:1349; under sentence, i.e. (by implication) condemned: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - guilty.

Flesh is not Justified

Romans 3

²⁰ Therefore by the deeds of the law there shall no flesh be <u>justified</u> in his sight: for **by the law is the knowledge of sin**. ..then how *See Romans 3:26*

<u>Justified</u> – <u>NT:1344</u> δικαιόω **dikaioo** (dik-ah-yo'-o); from <u>NT:1342</u>; to render (i.e. show or regard as) just or innocent: **KJV** - free, justify (-ier), be righteous.

<u>Knowledge</u> – <u>NT:1922</u> ἐπίγνωσις **epignosis** (ep-ig'-no-sis); from <u>NT:1921</u>; recognition, i.e. (by implication) full discernment, acknowledgement: **KJV** - (ac-) knowledge (-ing, -ment).

Galatians 3

- ²⁴ Wherefore **the law was our schoolmaster** to bring us unto Christ, that we might be **justified by faith**.
- ²⁵ But after that faith is come, we are no longer under a schoolmaster.
- ²⁶ For ye are all the **children of God by faith in [which is in] Christ Jesus**.

Romans 3

²⁶ To declare, I say, at this time his righteousness: that he might be just, and the justifier of him which believeth in Jesus.

...therefore we preach to many who should not enter in...
...and we preach to many who should enter in ...only as God Himself has determined...

God has exempted All Under Sin whom He alone has chosen....the saints!