The Rumor

1 Corinthians 5

¹It is reported commonly [everywhere] that there is <u>fornication</u> among you, and such fornication as is not so much as [not however, no not never] named among the Gentiles [non-Jewish], that one should have his father's wife.

Fornication – NT:4202 πορνεία - porneia (por-ni'-ah); from NT:4203; harlotry (including adultery and incest); figuratively, idolatry: KJV - fornication.

Matthew 15

¹⁹ For out of the heart proceed evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, <u>fornications</u>, thefts, false witness, blasphemies:

Fornications – NT:4202 πορνεία **porneia** (por-ni'-ah); from NT:4203; harlotry (including adultery and incest); figuratively, idolatry: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - fornication.

for·ni·ca·tion

-noun

- 1. voluntary sexual intercourse between two unmarried persons or two persons not married to each other.
- 2. Bible. idolatry.

i-dol-a-try

- -noun, plural-tries.
- 1. the religious worship of idols.
- 2. excessive or blind adoration, reverence, devotion, etc.

Mark 7

- ²⁰ And he said, That which cometh out of the man, that defileth the man.
- ²¹ For from within, **out of the heart of men**, proceed evil thoughts, adulteries, fornications, murders,
- ²² Thefts, covetousness, wickedness, deceit, lasciviousness, an evil eye, blasphemy, pride, foolishness:

Romans 1

- ²⁷ And likewise also the men, leaving the natural use of the woman, burned in their lust one toward another; men with men working that which is unseemly, and receiving in themselves that recompence of their error which was meet.
- And even as they did not like to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a reprobate mind, to do those things which are not convenient;
- Being filled with all unrighteousness, fornication, wickedness, covetousness, maliciousness; full of envy, murder, debate, deceit, malignity; whisperers,
- ³⁰Backbiters, haters of God, despiteful, proud, boasters, inventors of evil things, disobedient to parents,
- Without understanding, covenantbreakers, without natural affection, implacable, unmerciful:
- ³² Who knowing the judgment of God, that they which commit such things are worthy of death, not only do the same, but have pleasure in them that do them.

The Record

1 Corinthians 5

² And ye are <u>puffed up</u>, and have not rather <u>mourned</u>, that he that hath done this deed <u>might be taken</u> <u>away</u> from among you.

Puffed up – NT:5448 φυσιόω **phusioo** (foo-see-o'-o); from NT:5449 in the primary sense of blowing; to inflate, i.e. (figuratively) make proud (haughty): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - puff up.

Mourned – NT:3996 πενθέω **pentheo** (pen-theh'-o); from NT:3997; to grieve (the feeling or the act): KJV - mourn, (be-) wail.

might be taken away – NT:142 αίρω **airo** (ah'-ee-ro); a primary root; to lift up; by implication, to take up or away; figuratively, to raise (the voice), keep in suspense (the mind), specially, to sail away (i.e. weigh anchor); by Hebraism [compare OT:5375] to expiate sin:

KJV - away with, bear (up), carry, lift up, loose, make to doubt, put away, remove, take (away, up).

Matthew 5

⁴ Blessed are they that mourn: for they shall be comforted.

Isaiah 6

⁷ And he laid it upon my mouth, and said, Lo, this hath touched thy lips; and thine **iniquity is taken away**, and thy **sin purged**.

The Review

1 Corinthians 5

³ For I verily, as <u>absent</u> in body, but <u>present</u> in spirit, have <u>judged already</u>, as though I were present, concerning him that hath so <u>done</u> this deed [that thing],

Absent – NT:548 ἄπειμι **apeimi** (ap'-i-mee); from NT:575 and NT:1510; to be away: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - be absent. Compare NT:549.

<u>Present</u> – <u>NT:3918</u> πάρειμι **pareimi** (par'-i-mee); from <u>NT:3844</u> and <u>NT:1510</u> (including its various forms); to be near, i.e. at hand; neuter present participle (singular) time being, or (plural) property:

KJV - come, ^x have, be here, + lack, (be here) present.

<u>Judged</u> – <u>NT:2919</u> κρίνω **krino** (kree'-no); properly, to distinguish, i.e. decide (mentally or judicially); by implication, to try, condemn, punish:

KJV - avenge, conclude, condemn, damn, decree, determine, esteem, judge, go to (sue at the) law, ordain, call in question, sentence to, think.

Already – NT:2235 ήδη **ede** (ay'-day); apparently from NT:2228 (or possibly NT:2229) and NT:1211; even now: **KJV** - already, (even) now (already), by this time. Done – NT:2716 κατεργάζομαι **katergazomai** (kat-er-gad'-zom-ahee); from NT:2596 and NT:2038; do work fully, i.e. accomplish; by implication, to finish, fashion: **KJV** - cause, to (deed), perform, work (out).

The Responsibility

1 Corinthians 5

⁴ In the <u>name</u> of our Lord Jesus Christ, when ye are <u>gathered together</u>, and my spirit, with the <u>power</u> of our Lord Jesus Christ,

Name – NT:3686 ὄνομα **onoma** (on'-om-ah); from a presumed derivative of the base of NT:1097 (compare NT:3685); a "name" (literally or figuratively) [authority, character]: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - called, (+sur-) name (-d).

Gathered together – NT:4863 συνάγω **sunago** (soon-ag'-o); from NT:4862 and NT:71; to lead together, i.e. collect or convene; specifically, to entertain (hospitably): **KJV** - + accompany, assemble (selves, together), bestow, come together, gather

(selves together, up, together), lead into, resort, take in.

Power – NT:1411 δύναμις **dunamis** (doo'-nam-is); from NT:1410; force (literally or figuratively); specially, miraculous power (usually by implication, a miracle itself): **KJV** - ability, abundance, meaning, might (-ily, -y, -y deed), (worker of) miracle (-s), power, strength, violence, mighty (wonderful) work.

The Ruling

1 Corinthians 5

⁵ To <u>deliver such an one</u> unto <u>Satan</u> for the <u>destruction</u> of the flesh, that the spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord Jesus.

<u>Deliver</u> – <u>NT:3860</u> παραδίδωμι **paradidomi** (par-ad-id'-o-mee); from <u>NT:3844</u> and <u>NT:1325</u>; to surrender, i.e yield up, intrust, transmit:

KJV - betray, bring forth, cast, commit, deliver (up), give (over, up), hazard, put in prison, recommend.

Such an one – NT:5108 TOLOÛTOÇ **toioutos** (toy-oo'-tos); (including the other inflections); from NT:5104 and NT:3778; truly this, i.e. of this sort (to denote character or individuality): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - like, such (an one).

Satan – NT:4567 Σατανᾶς **Satanas** (sat-an-as'); of Aramaic origin corresponding to NT:4566 (with the definite affix); the accuser, i.e. the devil: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - Satan.

<u>Destruction</u> – <u>NT:3639</u> \mathring{o} λεθρος **olethros** (ol'-eth-ros); from a primary ollumi (to destroy; a prolonged form); ruin, i.e. death, punishment: *KJV* - destruction.

1 Timothy 1

¹⁵ This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners; of whom I am chief.

¹⁶ Howbeit for this cause I obtained mercy, that in me first Jesus Christ might shew forth all longsuffering, for a pattern to them which should hereafter believe on him to life everlasting.

¹⁷ Now unto the King eternal, immortal, invisible, the only wise God, be honour and glory for ever and ever. Amen.

¹⁸ This charge I commit unto thee, son Timothy, according to the prophecies which went before on thee, that thou by them mightest war a good warfare;

¹⁹ Holding faith, and a good conscience; which some having put away concerning faith have made shipwreck:

²⁰ Of whom is Hymenaeus and Alexander; whom **I have delivered unto Satan**, that they may **learn not to blaspheme**.

The Reminder

1 Corinthians 5

⁶ Your glorying is not good. Know ye not that a little leaven leaveneth the whole lump?

Glorying – NT:2745 καύχημα **kauchema** (kow'-khay-mah); from NT:2744; a boast (properly, the object; by implication, the act) in a good or a bad sense: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - boasting, (whereof) to glory (of), glorying, rejoice (-ing).

 $\underline{\text{Good}}$ – NT:2570 καλός **kalos** (kal-os'); of uncertain affinity; properly, beautiful, but chiefly (figuratively) good (literally or morally), i.e. valuable or virtuous (for appearance or use, and thus distinguished from NT:18, which is properly intrinsic): **KJV** - X better, fair, good (-ly), honest, meet, well, worthy.

<u>Leaven</u> – <u>NT:2219</u> ζύμη **zume** (dzoo'-may); probably from <u>NT:2204</u>; ferment (as if boiling up): **KJV** - leaven.

<u>Lump</u> – <u>NT:5445</u> φύραμα **phurama** (foo'-ram-ah); from a prolonged form of phuro (to mix a liquid with a solid; perhaps akin to <u>NT:5453</u> through the idea of swelling in bulk), mean to knead; a mass of dough: **KJV** - lump.

Galatians 5

- ⁶ For in Jesus Christ neither circumcision availeth any thing, nor uncircumcision; but faith which worketh by love.
- ⁷ Ye did run well; who did hinder you that ye should not obey the truth?
- ⁸ This persuasion cometh not of him that calleth you.
- ⁹ A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump.
- ¹⁰ I have confidence in you through the Lord, that ye will be none otherwise minded: but he that troubleth you shall bear his judgment, whosoever he be.

The Removal

1 Corinthians 5

⁷ <u>Purge out</u> therefore the <u>old</u> leaven, that ye may be a new lump, as ye are <u>unleavened</u>. For even Christ our passover is sacrificed for us:

Purge out – NT:1571 ἐκκαθαίρω **ekkathairo** (ek-kath-ah'-ee-ro); from NT:1537 and NT:2508; to cleanse thoroughly: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - purge (out).

Old - NT:3820 παλαιός **palaios** (pal-ah-yos'); from NT:3819; antique, i.e. not recent, worn out: **KJV** - old.

<u>Unleavened</u> – <u>NT:106</u> ἄζυμος **azumos** (ad'-zoo-mos); from <u>NT:1</u> (as a negative particle) and <u>NT:2219</u>; unleavened, i.e. (figuratively) uncorrupted; (in the neutral plural) specially (by implication) the Passover week: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - unleavened (bread).

Passover – NT:3957 πάσχα **pascha** (pas'-khah); of Aramaic origin [compare OT:6453]; the Passover (the meal, the day, the festival or the special sacrifices connected with it): **KJV** - Easter, Passover.

<u>Sacrificed</u> – <u>NT:2380</u> $\theta \acute{\omega} \omega$ **thuo** (thoo'-o); a primary verb; properly, to rush (breathe hard, blow, smoke), i.e. (by implication) to sacrifice (properly, by fire, but genitive case); by extension to immolate (slaughter for any purpose): **KJV** - kill, (do) sacrifice, slay.

The Removal (cont)

1 Corinthians 5 (cont)

⁷ <u>Purge out</u> therefore the <u>old</u> leaven, that ye may be a new lump, as ye are <u>unleavened</u>. For even Christ our <u>passover</u> is <u>sacrificed</u> for us:

Exodus 12

¹⁵ Seven days shall ye eat unleavened bread; even the first day ye shall put away leaven out of your houses: for whosoever eateth leavened bread from the first day until the seventh day, that soul shall be cut off from Israel. ¹⁶ And in the first day there shall be an holy convocation, and in the seventh day there shall be an holy convocation to you; no manner of work shall be done in them, save that which every man must eat, that only may be done of you.

And ye shall observe the feast of unleavened bread; for in this selfsame day have I brought your armies out of the land of Egypt: therefore shall ye observe this day in your generations by an ordinance for ever.

¹⁸ In the first month, on the fourteenth day of the month at even, ye shall eat unleavened bread, until the one and twentieth day of the month at even.

Exodus 13

⁶ Seven days thou shalt eat **unleavened** bread, and in the seventh day shall be a **feast** to the LORD.

Ezekiel 20

³⁸ And **I will purge out from among you the rebels**, and them that transgress against me: I will bring them forth out of the country where they sojourn, and they shall not enter into the land of Israel: and ye shall know that I am the LORD.

1 Thessalonians 5

¹⁴ Now we exhort you, brethren, warn them that are unruly, comfort the feebleminded, support the weak, be patient toward all men.

Titus 1

⁹Holding fast the faithful word as he hath been taught, that he may be able by sound doctrine both to exhort and to convince the gainsayers.

¹⁰ For there are many unruly and vain talkers and deceivers, specially they of the circumcision:

¹¹ Whose mouths must be stopped, who subvert whole houses, teaching things which they ought not, for filthy lucre's sake.

The Rehearsal

1 Corinthians 5

⁸ Therefore let us **keep the <u>feast</u>**, not with **old leaven**, neither with the **leaven of <u>malice</u> and <u>wickedness</u>**; but with the unleavened bread of <u>sincerity</u> and <u>truth</u>.

<u>Feast</u> – <u>NT:1858</u> ἑορτάζω **heortazo** (heh-or-tad'-zo); from <u>NT:1859</u>; to observe a festival: **KJV** - keep the feast.

<u>Malice</u> – <u>NT:2549</u> κακία **kakia** (kak-ee'-ah); from <u>NT:2556</u>; <u>badness</u>, i.e. (subjectively) depravity, or (actively) malignity, or (passively) trouble:

KJV - evil, malice (-iousness), naughtiness, wickedness.

<u>Wickedness</u> – <u>NT:4189</u> πονηρία **poneria** (pon-ay-ree'-ah); from <u>NT:4190</u>; <u>depravity</u>, i.e. (specifically) malice; plural (concretely) plots, <u>sins</u>: **KJV** - iniquity, wickedness. <u>Sincerity</u> – <u>NT:1505</u> είλικρίνεια **eilikrineia** (i-lik-ree'-ni-ah); from <u>NT:1506</u>; <u>clearness</u>, i.e. (by implication) <u>purity</u> (figuratively): **KJV** - sincerity.

...from – NT:1506 είλικρινής **eilikrines** (i-lik-ree-nace'); from **heile** (the sun's ray) and NT:2919; judged by sunlight, i.e. tested as genuine (figuratively): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - pure, sincere.

<u>Truth</u> – <u>NT:225</u> ἀλήθεια **aletheia** (al-ay'-thi-a); from <u>NT:227</u>; <u>truth</u>:

KJV - true, ^x truly, truth, verity.

2 Chronicles 35

And the children of Israel that **were present** kept the passover at that time, and the **feast** of unleavened bread seven days.

Exodus 34

²⁵ Thou shalt not offer the blood of my sacrifice with leaven; neither shall the sacrifice of the feast of the passover be left unto the morning.

Ephesians 4

³¹ Let all bitterness, and wrath, and anger, and clamour, and evil speaking, be **put away from you**, with all malice:

The Rules

1 Corinthians 5

⁹I wrote unto you in an epistle not to company with fornicators:

Company – NT:4874 συναναμίγνυμι **sunanamignumi** (soon-an-am-ig'-noo-mee); from NT:4862 and a compound of NT:303 and NT:3396; to mix up together, i.e. (figurative) associate with: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - (have, keep) company (with). Fornicators – NT:4205 πόρνος **pornos** (por'-nos); from pernemi (to sell; akin to the base of NT:4097); a (male) prostitute (as venal), i.e. (by analogy) a debauchee (libertine): $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - fornicator, whoremonger.

de-bauch-er-y

- 1. excessive indulgence in sensual pleasures; intemperance.
- 2. Archaic. seduction from duty, allegiance, or virtue.

2 Thessalonians 3

¹³ But ye, brethren, be not weary in well doing.

¹⁴ And if any man obey not our word by this epistle, note that man, and **have no company** with him, that he may be ashamed.

¹⁵ Yet count him not as an enemy, but admonish him as a brother.

2 Timothy 2

¹⁶ But **shun** profane and vain babblings: for they will increase unto more ungodliness.

Psalm 25

³ Yea, let none that wait on thee be ashamed: **let them be ashamed which transgress without cause**.

Titus 3

¹⁰ A man that is an **heretick** after the first and second admonition **reject**;

The Requirement

1 Corinthians 5

¹⁰ Yet not <u>altogether</u> with the fornicators of this world, or with the <u>covetous</u>, or <u>extortioners</u>, or with <u>idolaters</u>; for then must ye <u>needs go</u> out of the world.

Altogether – NT:3843 πάντως **pantos** (pan'-toce); adverb from NT:3956; entirely; specifically, at all events, (with negative, following) in no event:

KJV - by all means, altogether, at all, needs, no doubt, in [no] wise, surely. <u>Covetous</u> – <u>NT:4123</u> πλεονέκτης **pleonektes** (pleh-on-ek'-tace); from <u>NT:4119</u> and NT:2192; holding (desiring) more, i.e. eager for gain (avaricious, hence a

defrauder): **KJV** - covetous.

Extortioners – NT:727 ἄρπαχ **harpax** (har'-pax); from NT:726; rapacious: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - extortion, ravening.

<u>Idolaters</u> – <u>NT:1496</u> εἰδωλολάτρης **eidololatres** (i-do-lol-at'-race); from <u>NT:1497</u> and the base of <u>NT:3000</u>; an image- servant or) worshipper (literally or figuratively): **KJV** - idolater.

Needs – NT:3784 ὀφείλω **opheilo** (of-i'-lo); or (in certain tenses) its prolonged form opheileo (of-i-leh'-o); probably from the base of NT:3786 (through the idea of accruing); to owe (pecuniarily); figuratively, to be under obligation (ought, must, should); morally, to fail in duty:

KJV - behove, be bound, (be) debt (-or), (be) due (-ty), be guilty (indebted), (must) need (-s), ought, owe, should. See also NT:3785.

<u>Go</u> – <u>NT:1831</u> $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξέρχομαι **exerchomai** (ex-er'-khom-ahee); from <u>NT:1537</u> and <u>NT:2064</u>; to issue (literally or figuratively):

KJV - come (forth, out), depart (out of), escape, get out, go (abroad, away, forth, out, thence), proceed (forth), spread abroad.

1 Corinthians 5

¹¹ But now I have written unto you not to <u>keep company</u>, if any man that is called a brother be a fornicator, or covetous, or an idolator, or a <u>railer</u>, or a <u>drunkard</u>, or an extortioner; with such an one no not <u>to eat</u>.

<u>Keep company</u> – <u>NT:4874</u> συναναμίγνυμι **sunanamignumi** (soon-an-am-ig'-noo-mee); from <u>NT:4862</u> and a compound of <u>NT:303</u> and <u>NT:3396</u>; to mix up together, i.e. (figurative) associate with: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - (have, keep) company (with).

Railer – NT:3060 λ οίδορος **loidoros** (loy'-dor-os); from loidos (mischief); abusive, i.e. a blackguard: *KJV* - railer, reviler.

<u>Drunkard</u> – <u>NT:3183</u> μέθυσος **methusos** (meth'-oo-sos); from <u>NT:3184</u>; tipsy, i.e. (as noun) a sot: *KJV* - drunkard.

<u>To eat</u> – NT:4906 συνεσθίω **sunesthio** (soon-es-thee'-o); from <u>NT:4862</u> and <u>NT:2068</u> (including its alternate); to take food in company with: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - eat with.

The Remedy

1 Corinthians 5

¹² For what have I to do to <u>judge</u> them also that are without [outside]? do not ye <u>judge</u> them that are within [inside]?

<u>Judge</u> – <u>NT:2919</u> κρίνω **krino** (kree'-no); properly, to distinguish, i.e. decide (mentally or judicially); by implication, to try, condemn, punish:

KJV - avenge, conclude, condemn, damn, decree, determine, esteem, judge, go to (sue at the) law, ordain, call in question, sentence to, think.

1 Corinthians 5

¹³ But them that are without **God judgeth**. Therefore <u>put away</u> from among yourselves that <u>wicked</u> <u>person</u>.

Put away – NT:1808 έξαίρω **exairo** (ex-ah'-ee-ro); from NT:1537 and NT:142; to remove: $\textbf{\textit{KJV}}$ - put (take) away.

<u>Wicked person</u> – <u>NT:4190</u> πονηρός **poneros** (pon-ay-ros'); from a derivative of <u>NT:4192</u>; hurtful, i.e. evil (properly, in effect or influence, and thus differing from <u>NT:2556</u>, which refers rather to essential character, as well as from <u>NT:4550</u>, which indicates degeneracy from original virtue); figuratively, calamitous; also (passively) ill, i.e. diseased; but especially (morally) culpable, i.e. derelict, vicious, facinorous; neuter (singular) mischief, malice, or (plural) guilt; masculine (singular) the devil, or (plural) sinners:

KJV - bad, evil, grievous, harm, lewd, malicious, wicked (-ness). See also NT:4191.

Isaiah 1

¹⁶ Wash you, make you clean; **put away the evil of your doings** from before mine eyes; **cease to do evil**;

Romans 3

³¹ Do we then make **void the law through faith**? God forbid: yea, **we establish the law**.

Romans 3

¹⁹ Now we **know that what things soever the law saith**, it saith **to them who are under the law: that every mouth may be stopped**, and all the world may become guilty before God.

1 Timothy 1

⁸ But we know that the law is good, if a man use it lawfully;

Ephesians 1

⁴ According as he hath chosen us in him before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and without blame before him in love:

2 Peter 3

¹⁴ Wherefore, beloved, seeing that ye look for such things, **be diligent that ye may be found of him in peace, without spot, and blameless.**

Philippians 2

¹⁴ Do all things without murmurings and disputings:

¹⁵ That ye may **be blameless and harmless**, the sons of God, **without rebuke**, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world;

¹⁶ Holding forth the **word of life**; that I may rejoice in the day of Christ, that I have not run in vain, neither laboured in vain.