

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REPUBLIC

Continental Congress Assembled



PUBLIC LAW 111-18

Amended: 6 November 2016

TO ESTABLISH LAWS FOR BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

Pursuant to the United States of America Republic Constitution Amendment 19, Section 2, Clause 2, wherein it states; *“The United States of America Republic shall make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States of America Republic, or any Department or Officer thereof”*, there shall hereby be designated “Biological Weapons” provisions to serve this purpose. This amendment shall go into immediate force.

Introduced as **Senate Joint Resolution 18**, with 23 co-sponsors and as **House Joint Resolution 18** with 23 co-sponsors, a request was delivered before the Continental Congress to honor and therefore establish laws to prevent the unlawful biological weaponry.

The resolution suffered no exclusions, no demands that it became law. The amendments made are as follows:

Section 70(c) “UNREGISTERED FOR POSSESSION” under “SELECT AGENTS.” wherein it stated: “...imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both”...now states: “ 10 years” or both; and

Section 70(c) “UNREGISTERED FOR POSSESSION” under “CERTAIN OTHER BIOLOGICAL AGENTS AND TOXINS”... wherein it stated: “imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.” Now reads: “20 years”, or both.

The 1st Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic publicly declared 2009 the national "Year of the United States of America Republic". The document known as Public Law **111-18** was signed and enacted into law on **6 November 2016** by the **SIGNATORIES to this Legislative Act in Attendance;**



General Congress Assembled, United States of America Republic

1. *President - C.Cannon: Bey*
2. *Acting Speaker - Sharon-Green: El*
3. *Secretary of State - Ross Woody Jr.: Bey*
4. *Attorney General - K.Charles: Bey*
5. *Treasurer - Kimberly-Ware: Bey*
6. *Gov. No. Carolina - Nasir Ma'at El*
7. *Gov. Ohio- Jerry King: Bey*
8. *Gov. Virginia - Darnell Brown: Bey*
9. *Gov. Missouri - Floyd-Harris: Bey*
10. *Gov. California - G. Riller: El*
11. *Gov. of Georgia - Mandell-Williams: El*
12. *Senator, Illinois - Saadiq: Bey*
13. *Senator, Georgia - Ronnell-Gray: Bey*
14. *Senator, Michigan - George-Bond: Bey*
15. *Senator, Colorado - Kakuyon: El*
16. *Senator, North Carolina - Hope Ma'at El*
17. *Representative, California - Demeitric-Mason: El*
18. *Representative, Colorado - Ajoa Nash-Conner: Bey*
19. *Chief Justice - Romulus Dorsey: El, Illinois*
20. *Public Minister - Linda Ann-Bashful: El , Missouri*
21. *Public Minister - Maurice-Reynolds: Bey (Rasheed)*
22. *Vicegerent, Michigan - Damon-Lewis: El*
23. *Vicegerent Commissioner - Leslie-Atkins: El*



It reads as follows:

PUBLIC LAW 111-18, on 6 November 2016

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing and requesting the President

to proclaim and establish provisions in accordance with the Laws and Constitution of the **United States of America Republic.**

WHEREAS the Moorish American People have made a unique contribution in shaping the United States of America Republic as a distinctive and blessed nation of people and citizens;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People are a People of deeply-held religious convictions springing from the Holy Scriptures of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America and the Learning, Teachings and Truth of the Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali. The Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali led his People back to the Principles and standards of their ancient forefathers' Free National Principles and Standards.

WHEREAS the Principles of Love, Truth, Peace, Freedom and Justice inspired concepts of civil government that are contained in our Declaration of Independence and Constitution of the United States of America Republic;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People, are now in great comprehension that, as a Nation of People being Nationwide in scope to achieve peace as well as unity as a single harmonious Nation, there must be uniform Laws for the Nation. The Laws and Constitution of the **United States of America Republic** are "*the Rock on which our Republic rests*";

WHEREAS the history of our Nation clearly illustrates the value of a Nation to be able to create and pass its own Laws are beneficial to a Society to Enforce the Laws of the Nation. This is not to remove or change the **Moorish American People** from voluntarily applying or extending the learning, teachings and truth of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America in the lives of individuals, families, or in our society as a nation of People;

WHEREAS this Nation now faces great challenges that will test this Nation as it has never been tested before; and

WHEREAS that renewing our knowledge of Law, Divine and National and having faith in Our Universal Creator through Holy Scriptures of the Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America, the Holy Bible and the Great Qu'ran of Mohammed as we honor all the divine Prophets Jesus, Mohammed, Buddha and Confucius. Therefore, the **Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic** and knowledge of the aforementioned Holy Scriptures can only strengthen our nation. I, President Christopher H- Cannon: Bey, therefore establish with the consent of the Continental Congress the provisions as the **Laws of the United States of America Republic:**

NOW, THEREFORE, be it Resolved by the Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic in Continental Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to designate the administration of said laws.



LEGISLATIVE HISTORY-**PL.111 Res.:18**
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. #(2016):

6 November 2016
considered and passed by the
Continental Congress.



TITLE I
CRIMINAL CODE
CHAPTER 7
BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

<u>Section No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
68.	Prohibitions with respect to biological weapons.
69.	Requests for military assistance to enforce prohibition in certain emergencies.
70.	Select agents; certain other agents.
71.	Variola virus.
72.	Seizure, forfeiture, and destruction.
73.	Injunctions.
74.	Definitions.



TITLE I - CRIMINAL CODE

CHAPTER 7

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

SECTION 68. Prohibitions with respect to biological weapons

IN GENERAL.—Whoever knowingly develops, produces, stockpiles, transfers, acquires, retains, or possesses any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system for use as a weapon, or knowingly assists a foreign state or any organization to do so, or attempts, threatens, or conspires to do the same, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for life or any term of years, or both. There is extraterritorial Province jurisdiction over an offense under this section committed by or against a national of the United States of America Republic.

ADDITIONAL OFFENSE.—Whoever knowingly possesses any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system of a type or in a quantity that, under the circumstances, is not reasonably justified by a prophylactic, protective, bona fide research, or other peaceful purpose, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both. In this subsection, the terms “biological agent” and “toxin” do not encompass any biological agent or toxin that is in its naturally occurring environment, if the biological agent or toxin has not been cultivated, collected, or otherwise extracted from its natural source.

DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term “for use as a weapon” includes the development, production, transfer, acquisition, retention, or possession of any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system for other than prophylactic, protective, bona fide research, or other peaceful purposes.

SECTION 69. Requests for military assistance to enforce prohibition in certain emergencies

The Attorney General may request the Secretary of Defense to provide assistance in support of Department of Justice activities relating to the enforcement of section 175 of this title in an emergency situation involving a biological weapon of mass destruction. The authority to make such a request may be exercised by another official of the Department of Justice in accordance with Law.

SECTION 70. Possession by restricted persons

(a)(1) No restricted person shall ship or transport in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, or possess in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, any biological agent or toxin, or receive any biological agent or toxin that has been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, if the biological agent or toxin is listed as a non-overlap or overlap select biological agent or toxin. A biological toxin is any biological agent that can kill. And is not openly purchased over the counter to the public. This does not include pesticides unless there is a malicious intent or negligence with a pure disregard for the instructions or directions for the use on humans.



(2) Whoever knowingly violates this section shall be fined as provided in this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both, but the prohibition contained in this section shall not apply with respect to any duly authorized United States of America Republic governmental activity.

(b) TRANSFER TO UNREGISTERED PERSON.—

SELECT AGENTS.—Whoever transfers a select agent to a person who the transferor knows or has reasonable cause to believe is not registered as required by regulations. shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

CERTAIN OTHER BIOLOGICAL AGENTS AND TOXINS.—Whoever transfers a biological agent or toxin to a person who the transferor knows or has reasonable cause to believe is not registered as required by regulations under subsection (b) or (c) of section 212 of such Act shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

List of bio-agents of military importance]

The following pathogens and toxins were weaponized by one nation or another at some time. NATO [abbreviations](#) are included where applicable.

Bacterial bio-agents

Disease	Causative Agent (Military Symbol)	Comments
Anthrax	Bacillus anthracis (N or TR)	
Brucellosis (bovine)	Brucella abortus	
Brucellosis (caprine)	Brucella melitensis (AM or BX)	
Brucellosis (porcine)	Brucella suis (US, AB or NX)	
Cholera	Vibrio cholerae (HO)	
Diphtheria	Corynebacterium diphtheriae (DK)	
Dysentery (bacterial)	Shigella dysenteriae , some species of Escherichia coli (Y)	
Glanders	Burkholderia mallei (LA)	



Disease	Causative Agent (Military Symbol)	Comments
Listeriosis	Listeria monocytogenes (TQ)	
Meliodosis	Burkholderia pseudomallei (HI)	
Plague	Yersinia pestis (LE)	
Tularemia	Francisella tularensis (SR or JT)	

Chlamydial bio-agents [\[edit\]](#)

Disease	Causative Agent (Military Symbol)	Comments
Psittacosis	Chlamydophila psittaci (SI)	

Rickettsial bio-agents [\[edit\]](#)

Disease	Causative Agent (Military Symbol)	Comments
Q fever	Coxiella burnetii (OU)	
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	Rickettsia rickettsii (RI or UY)	
Typhus (human)	Rickettsia prowazekii (YE)	
Typhus (murine)	Rickettsia typhi (AV)	

Viral bio-agents

Disease	Causative Agent (Military Symbol)	Comments
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Disease	Causative Agent (<u>Military Symbol</u>)	Comments
Equine Encephalitis (Eastern)	Eastern equine encephalitis virus (ZX)	
Equine Encephalitis (Venezuelan)	Venezuelan Equine Encephalomyelitis virus (FX)	
Equine Encephalitis (Western)	Western equine encephalitis virus (EV)	
Japanese B encephalitis	Japanese encephalitis virus (AN)	
Rift Valley fever	Rift Valley fever virus (FA)	
Smallpox	Variola virus (ZL)	
Yellow fever	Yellow fever virus (OJ or LU)	

- Additionally, the Soviet Union is known to have weaponized [Marburg virus](#) (MARV) in the 1970s and '80s.^[5]

Mycotic bio-agents

Disease	Causative Agent (<u>Military Symbol</u>)	Comments
Coccidiomycosis	Coccidioides immitis (OC)	

Biological toxins

Toxin	Source of Toxin (<u>Military Symbol</u>)	Comments
Abrin	Rosary pea (<i>Abrus precatorius</i>)	



Toxin	Source of Toxin (<u>Military Symbol</u>)	Comments
Botulinum toxins (A through G)	<i>Clostridium botulinum</i> bacteria or spores, and several other Clostridial species. (X or XR)	
Ricin	Castor bean (<i>Ricinus communis</i>) (W or WA)	
Saxitoxin	Various marine and brackish cyanobacteria, such as Anabaena , Aphanizomenon , Lyngbya , and Cylindrospermopsis (TZ)	
Staphylococcal enterotoxin B	Staphylococcus aureus (UC or PG)	
Tetrodotoxin	Various marine bacteria, including Vibrio alginolyticus , Pseudoalteromonas tetraodonis (PP)	
Trichothecenemycotoxins	Various species of fungi, including Fusarium , Trichoderma , and Stachybotrys	

Biological vectors

Vector (<u>Military Symbol</u>)	Disease	Comments
Mosquito (<i>Aedes aegypti</i>) (AP)	Malaria , Dengue fever , Chikungunya , Yellow fever , other Arboviruses	
Oriental rat flea (<i>Xenopsylla cheopis</i>)	Plague , Murine typhus	

Simulants

- MR - molasis residium
- BG - [Bacillus globigii](#)
- BS - *Bacillus globigii*
- U - *Bacillus globigii*



- SM - *Serratia marcescens*
- P - *Serratia marcescens*
- AF - *Aspergillus fumigatus* mutant C-2
- EC - *E. coli*
- BT - *Bacillus thuringiensis*
- EH - *Erwinia hebricola*
- FP - fluorescent particle

(c) UNREGISTERED FOR POSSESSION.—

SELECT AGENTS.—Whoever knowingly possesses a biological agent or toxin where such agent or toxin is a select agent for which such person has not obtained a registration required by regulations shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.

CERTAIN OTHER BIOLOGICAL AGENTS AND TOXINS.—Whoever knowingly possesses a biological agent or toxin where such agent or toxin is a biological agent or toxin listed. shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(d) In this section:

(1) The term “select agent” means a biological agent or toxin to which subsection (a) applies. Such term (including for purposes of subsection (b)) does not include any such biological agent or toxin that is in its naturally-occurring environment, if the biological agent or toxin has not been cultivated, collected, or otherwise extracted from its natural source.

(2) The term “restricted person” means an individual who—is under indictment for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year;

has been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year;

is a fugitive from justice;

is an unlawful user of any controlled substance;

is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States of America Republic;

has been adjudicated as a mental defective or has been committed to any mental institution;

(G)(i) is an alien (other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence) who is a national of a country as to which the Secretary of State has made a determination (that remains in effect) that such country has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism, or (ii) acts for or on behalf of, or operates subject to the direction or control of, a government or official of a country described in this subparagraph;

has been discharged from the Armed Services of the United States of America Republic under dishonorable conditions; or

is a member of, acts for or on behalf of, or operates subject to the direction or control of, a terrorist organization determined by the Attorney General as defined in the terrorist watch act.

(3) The term “alien” has the same meaning as in section 101(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (title U.S.R.C. 1101(a)(3)).

(4) The term “lawfully admitted for permanent residence” has the same meaning as in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act U.S.R.C. 1101(a)(20).

SECTION 71. Variola virus

(a) UNLAWFUL CONDUCT.—

IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), it shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly produce, engineer, synthesize, acquire, transfer directly or indirectly, receive, possess, import, export, or use, or possess and threaten to use, variola virus.

EXCEPTION.—This subsection does not apply to conduct by, or under the authority of, the Secretary of Health and Human Services.



(b) JURISDICTION.—Conduct prohibited by subsection (a) is within the jurisdiction of the United States of America Republic if—
 the offense occurs in or affects interstate or foreign commerce;
 the offense occurs outside of the United States of America Republic and is committed by a citizen or National of the United States of America Republic;
 the offense is committed against a citizen or National of the United States of America Republic while the citizen or National is outside the United States of America Republic;
 the offense is committed against any property that is owned, leased, or used by the United States of America Republic or by any department or agency of the United States of America Republic, whether the property is within or outside the United States of America Republic; or
 an offender aids or abets any person over whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection in committing an offense under this section or conspires with any person over whom jurisdiction exists under this subsection to commit an offense under this section.

(c) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—

IN GENERAL.—Any person who violates, or attempts or conspires to violate, subsection (a) shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not less than 25 years or to imprisonment for life.

OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—Any person who, in the course of a violation of subsection (a), uses, attempts or conspires to use, or possesses and threatens to use, any item or items described in subsection (a), shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and imprisoned for not less than 30 years or imprisoned for life.

SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—If the death of another results from a person's violation of subsection (a), the person shall be fined not more than \$2,000,000 and punished by imprisonment for life.

(d) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term “variola virus” means a virus that can cause human smallpox or any derivative of the variola major virus that contains more than 85 percent of the gene sequence of the variola major virus or the variola minor virus.

SECTION 72. Seizure, forfeiture, and destruction

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Attorney General may request the issuance, in the same manner as provided for a search warrant, of a warrant authorizing the seizure of any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system that—
 pertains to conduct prohibited under section 175 of this title; or
 is of a type or in a quantity that under the circumstances has no apparent justification for prophylactic, protective, or other peaceful purposes.

(2) In exigent circumstances, seizure and destruction of any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) may be made upon probable cause without the necessity for a warrant.

PROCEDURE.—Property seized pursuant to subsection (a) shall be forfeited to the United States of America Republic after notice to potential claimants and an opportunity for a hearing. At such hearing, the Government shall bear the burden of persuasion by a preponderance of the evidence. Except as inconsistent herewith, the same procedures and provisions of law relating to a forfeiture under the customs laws shall extend to a seizure or forfeiture under this section. The Attorney General may provide for the destruction or other appropriate disposition of any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system seized and forfeited pursuant to this section.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It is an affirmative defense against a forfeiture under subsection (a)(1)(B) of this section that—
 such biological agent, toxin, or delivery system is for a prophylactic, protective, or other peaceful purpose; and



such biological agent, toxin, or delivery system, is of a type and quantity reasonable for that purpose.

SECTION 73. Injunctions

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The United States of America Republic may obtain in a civil action an injunction against—

the conduct prohibited under section 175 of this title;

the preparation, solicitation, attempt, threat, or conspiracy to engage in conduct prohibited under section 175 of this title; or

the development, production, stockpiling, transferring, acquisition, retention, or possession, or the attempted development, production, stockpiling, transferring, acquisition, retention, or possession of any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system of a type or in a quantity that under the circumstances has no apparent justification for prophylactic, protective, or other peaceful purposes.

(b) **AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.**—It is an affirmative defense against an injunction under subsection (a)(3) of this section that—

the conduct sought to be enjoined is for a prophylactic, protective, or other peaceful purpose; and

such biological agent, toxin, or delivery system is of a type and quantity reasonable for that purpose.

SECTION 74. Definitions

As used in this chapter—

(1) the term “biological agent” means any microorganism (including, but not limited to, bacteria, viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), or infectious substance, or any naturally occurring, bioengineered or synthesized component of any such microorganism or infectious substance, capable of causing—

death, disease, or other biological malfunction in a human, an animal, a plant, or another living organism;

deterioration of food, water, equipment, supplies, or material of any kind; or

deleterious alteration of the environment;

(2) the term “toxin” means the toxic material or product of plants, animals, microorganisms (including, but not limited to, bacteria, viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), or infectious substances, or a recombinant or synthesized molecule, whatever their origin and method of production, and includes—

any poisonous substance or biological product that may be engineered as a result of biotechnology produced by a living organism; or

any poisonous isomer or biological product, homolog, or derivative of such a substance;

(3) the term “delivery system” means—

any apparatus, equipment, device, or means of delivery specifically designed to deliver or disseminate a biological agent, toxin, or vector; or

any vector;

(4) the term “vector” means a living organism, or molecule, including a recombinant or synthesized molecule, capable of carrying a biological agent or toxin to a host; and

(5) the term “national of the United States of America Republic” has the meaning prescribed in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).



[End of Resolution]

