





Importance of collecting and using data

- Limited data nationally regarding the efficacy of family peer support – we need evidence!
- Data can:
 - help us identify and connect families with appropriate services for better outcomes
 - highlight the positive outcomes of youth and family support
 - Access new and increased funding

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State and agency specific requirements

State agencies, Medicaid entities, and funders will have minimum requirements for documentation and data collection

- States have statutes, laws and administrative codes
- Agencies have a specific format for documenting progress and planning, usually driven by funding sources

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Data is part of sustainability at ALL levels

- CQI organizational and programmatic
- Attracting and maintaining funding
- Build capacity to increase access and availability of support

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Examine:

- 1) What do your funders ask you to collect?
- 2) What do you need to collect for CQI/QA?
- 3) What do you need to collect to show effectiveness (outcome and cost)?

Define:

- 1) Services
- 2) Indicators what are you measuring?
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FRO Service types defined

Family Peer Support-

- · Info. and referral
- · System navigation
- Intensive family support
- Targeted programs for early childhood, transition-age youth, juv. justice/family court, spec. educ., child welfare, substance use disorders, ID/DD, military families
- Support groups

Youth Support -

- Peer support
- Youth-led program
- Training-youth
- Social/recreational events
- Evaluation or Research

Training – families, professionals and community members, parenting education classes, webinar, annual conference

Community Outreach – community events/resource fairs, newsletter, website, social media

Public Policy – public policy participation, legislative advocacy

Other programs/activities -

- Screening/brief assessment (child/youth, adult/family)
- Social/recreational events
- Respite services
- Professional consultation
- Evaluation
- Research



- Several articles, papers and guides on indicators of family support and involvement
- SOC evaluation, SOC local evaluation, SFN TRAC indicators – Westat, SAMHSA
- Other potential resources:
 - Dec. 2013 Faces of Medicaid Data Brief Identifying Opportunities to Improve Children's Behavioral Health Care
 - GuideStar "Common Results Catalog" 800 sample metrics with definitions







Considerations...

- Collecting the data:
 - Tools for data collection
 - Staff training
 - "Housing" the data
- Using the data
 - Analysis
 - CQI process
 - Plan for use (social marketing, advocacy, funding)

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Collecting the data

- Tools
 - Cost
 - Ease of use and analysis
 - Standardized or develop own tool
- Staff training
 - Who can collect data? Is there a required certification?
 - Time and frequency of training
 - Monitoring input (phase of CQI/QA)
- Where does the data live?





National Data Collection Tool

- **1. Number served** total fiscal year, receiving parent to parent peer support, participating in training
- 2. Services provided Yes/No for non-billable and billable family peer support, youth support, training, public policy, community outreach, screening or brief assessment, social/recreational events, respite services, evaluation, research
- **3. System Involvement** check types of systems in which families served were involved, were most families involved in 1, 2-3 or 4+ systems
- **4. Family Satisfaction %** satisfied/neutral/dissatisfied, list tool used to collect satisfaction data, optional item to list outcome data and tool(s) used to collect outcome data
- **5. Accomplishments -** optional list biggest accomplishment in fiscal year as an organization





Other tools used by FROs

- Parent Empowerment Scale
- FANS, CANS
- Caregiver Strain Questionnaire
- CAFAS
- Ages and Stages Questionnaire
- Developmental Assets
- ACES
- Protective Factors Survey

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Using the data

- Analysis
 - How will the data be analyzed and by whom?
- CQI process
 - Using what you've learned to improve programming, inform staff training
- Plan for use (social marketing, advocacy, funding)
 - Identifying all of the ways in which you want to use your data, medium for relaying data, audiences

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"...we are at the critical point now where ethical data sharing can provide empirical evidence to inform day-to-day practice as well as expanding knowledge and research....The era of *Big Data* is upon us, and, it is worthwhile to embrace the possibilities."

- SAMHSA brief: Big Data in Human Services, May 2016



